Glossary and Abbreviations



Glossary

S. No.	Item	Details
1.	Crude Distillation Unit (CDU)	Distil and separate valuable distillates (LPG, Naphtha, Kerosene, Diesel etc) and bottom from the crude at normal
	(626)	atmospheric pressure. Various fractions are further processed
		in other units.
2.	Continuous Catalytic	It convert lower octane value naphtha into higher octane
	Reformer Unit (CCR)	products.
3.	Delayed Coker Unit	Converts low value residue into valuable products (Naphtha,
	(DCU)	Diesel and Coker gas oil) and Pet Coke.
4.	Diesel Hydro	The unit removes Sulphur, Nitrogen and metal impurities of
	Desulphurisation Treating	the feed received from different units.
_	Unit (DHDT)	
5.	Fuel & Loss	Fuel & Loss refers to the cost that refineries incur due to the
		fuel consumed to run the refineries and the fuel lost in the
	Car Oil Hadra Da	system while processing crude into petroleum products.
6.	Gas Oil Hydro De-	Removes Sulphur from Light Gas Oil (LGO), Heavy Gas Oil
	Sulphurisation (GOHDS) Unit	(HGO), and Vacuum Gas Oil (VGO) which is converted into
	Omt	ultra-low sulfur diesel to meet the sulfur specification of diesel.
7.	Gross Refinery Margin	The Gross Refinery Margin (GRM) is the difference between
	(GRM)	the total value of petroleum products coming out of an oil
		refinery (output) and the price of the crude used for producing
		the petroleum products. GRM is typically expressed in US
		dollars per barrel.
8.	Heavy Coker Gas Oil	This unit is a feed preparation unit for downstream PFCCU. It
	Hydrotreating Unit	produces feed stock of low sulfur, low nitrogen feed hydro
	(CHTU)	treated Heavy Coker Gas Oil feed stock for downstream
		PFCC unit.
9.	Hydrocracker Unit (HCU)	Unit in which heavier fractions of VGO from the VDU and
		Vis-breaker units are cracked into lighter, more valuable
		middle distillates using hydrogen
10.	Hydrogen Generation Unit	Produces hydrogen by steam reforming of Naphtha
	(HGU)	

11.	Light or Heavy Crude	Crude with High API (American Petroleum Index) is light
		crude and crude with low API is heavy crude
12.	Lump Sum Turn Key	In LSTK contract, the contractor is entrusted with the
	(LSTK)	work/services at a fixed cost along with all associated risks till
		the handing over of the project/asset.
13.	Open Book Execution	In an OBE contract, the buyer and seller of work/services
	(OBE)	agree on remunerable cost and margin that the supplier can
		add to these costs. The project is invoiced to the customer
		based on the actual cost plus the agreed margin.
14.	Petrochemical Fluidized	Produces fuel gas, LPG, polymer grade Propylene, Naphtha
	Catalytic Cracking Unit	and light cycle oil from unconverted bottoms from HCU,
	(PFCCU)	hydro-treated heavy Coker gas oil from CHTU and low
		Sulphur VGO from CDU/VDU.
15.	Poly Propylene Unit (PPU)	Petrochemical unit for production of Poly Propylene from
		Propylene, output of PFCCU.
16.	Sulphur Recovery Unit	Unit recovers Sulphur from the feed.
17.	Sweet or Sour Crude	Crude containing low sulphur content is termed as sweet
		crude and crude with high sulphur content is termed as sour
		crude.
18.	Throughput	The total tonnage of crude oil fed into an oil refinery is its
		throughput.
19.	Vacuum Distillation Unit	Distills the residue crude from the bottom of the CDU to
	(VDU)	valuable gas oils.
20.	Vis-breaker Unit (VBU)	Upgrades short residues coming from the bottom of vacuum
		distillation column by thermally cracking into lighter, reduced
		viscosity products.