Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India on STATE FINANCES

for the year ended March 2012

Government of Bihar Report No. 1 of the Year 2012

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Preface

- 1. This Report has been prepared for submission to the Governor of Bihar under Article 151 of the Constitution of India.
- 2. Chapters 1 and 2 of this Report contain audit observations on matters arising from the examination of the Finance Accounts and Appropriation Accounts respectively, of the State Government, for the year ended 31 March 2012. Information has been obtained from the Government of Bihar, wherever necessary.
- 3. Chapter 3 on 'Financial Reporting' provides an overview and status of the State Government's compliance with various financial rules, procedures and directives during the current year.

Executive Summary

Background

This Report on the finances of the Government of Bihar intends to objectively assess the financial performance of the State during 2011-12 and to provide the State Legislature with proper inputs based on audit analysis of financial data. In order to put this analysis in a proper perspective, a broad comparison of targets envisaged by the Bihar Fiscal Responsibilities and Budget Management (Amendment) Act, 2010, the Thirteenth Finance Commission (ThFC) Report and the Budget Estimates of 2011-12 has been attempted.

The Report

Based on the audited accounts of the Government of Bihar for the year ended March 2012, this Report provides an analytical review of the Annual Accounts of the Government. The Report is structured in three Chapters.

Chapter-1 is based on the audit of the Finance Accounts and makes an assessment of the Bihar Government's fiscal position as on 31 March 2012. It analyses the significant changes in major fiscal aggregates as compared to the previous year. It also provides an insight into trends in expenditure on interest payments, salaries and wages, pensions, subsidies and repayment of debt and borrowing patterns besides giving a brief account of Central funds transferred directly to State implementing agencies through the off-budget route.

Chapter-2 is based on the audit of Appropriation Accounts and gives grant-wise description of appropriations and the manner in which the allocated resources were managed by the service delivery departments. It also contains detailed review of two grants namely Grant No. 3 "Building Construction Department" and Grant No. 16 "Panchayati Raj Department". It seeks to ascertain whether the expenditure actually incurred under the various grants is within the authorization given under the Appropriation Act.

Chapter-3 is an inventory of the Bihar Government's compliance with various reporting requirements and financial rules. The report also compiles the data collected from various Government departments/organisations in support of the findings.

Audit findings and recommendations

Chapter 1

Revenue receipts: Revenue receipts during the year increased by 15.24 *per cent* (₹ 6787.85 crore). The increase was mainly due to increase in own tax revenue by 27.78 *per cent* (₹ 2742.25 crore) and State's share of Union taxes and duties by 16.50 *per cent* (₹ 3956.85 crore).

Tax revenues: State's own tax revenue exceeded the Budget estimate (₹ 12582.90 crore) and ThFC assessment (₹ 9302.67 crore) by 0.23 per cent (₹ 29.20 crore) and 35.58 per cent (₹ 3309.43 crore) respectively.

Non- tax revenue: Non-tax revenue, however, declined by 9.71 *per cent* during the year primarily due to recovery of Debt waiver of ₹ 384.93 crore and non-payment of pension liabilities of the pre-reorganisation period by the Government of Jharkhand (₹ 7808.45 crore).

Revenue expenditure: Revenue expenditure during the year increased by 21.68 *per cent* (₹ 8283.57 crore). However, Revenue expenditure during the year was 6.88 *per cent* (₹ 3434.07 crore) less than the budget estimates (₹ 49933.56 crore).

Non-Plan and Plan expenditure: The Non-Plan expenditure (revenue and capital) increased by 24.45 *per cent* (₹ 6690.15 crore) and the Plan expenditure increased by 6.23 *per cent* (₹ 1249.49 crore) over the previous year.

Funds transferred directly from Government of India to the State Implementing Agencies: The Government of India directly transferred ₹ 8958 crore in 2011-12 to the State implementing agencies. These funds are not routed through the State budget/State treasury system and therefore the annual finance accounts do not capture the flow of these funds and to that extent, the State's receipts and expenditure as well as other fiscal variables/ parameters derived from them do not take these funds into account.

Financial Assistance by State Government to local bodies: The financial assistance during 2011-12 increased to ₹ 14444 crore from ₹ 4622 crore in 2010-11. The increase of ₹ 9822 crore (213 *per cent)* over the previous year was mainly due to increase in assistance to educational institutions (₹ 3641 crore), ZPs and PRIs (₹ 1019 crore), Development agencies (₹ 2636 crore) and other institutions (₹ 2688 crore).

Developmental expenditure: Development expenditure comprising revenue expenditure, Capital expenditure and loans and advances on socio-economic services increased from ₹ 20452 crore in 2007-08 to ₹ 38900 crore in 2011-12.

Incomplete projects: Altogether, 380 schemes/projects (estimated cost ₹ 3395.35 crore) were due for completion up to March 2012, but remained incomplete resulting in blocking of ₹ 1579.46 crore.

Government Investment: The average return on Government investments was 0.26 *per cent* in last five years while the Government paid average interest rate of 6.96 *per cent* on its borrowings during 2007-12. There was meagre return of ₹ 1.40 crore against the investment of ₹ 920.82 crore during 2011-12.

In eight government companies/corporations, there was loss of ₹ 1366.56 crore against the investment of ₹ 967.74 crore in equities (₹ 153.82 crore) and loans (₹ 813.92 crore). Similarly in 15 government companies/corporations with the investment of ₹ 243.79 crore, there was loss of ₹ 215.19 crore.

As per ThFC recommendations, all states were required to draw up a road map for winding up of non-working PSUs by March 2011. However, no detailed plans in this regard were communicated by the departments concerned.

Loans and advances by the State Government: Out of ₹ 1906.08 crore advanced during the year, ₹ 935.54 crore was for power projects. Further, of the total outstanding loans of ₹ 18525.76 crore, ₹ 14730.25 crore were of the power sector.

Cash Balances: Cash balances decreased from ₹ 2735.44 crore to ₹ 1509.45 crore during the year. Test check of records of Co-operative department headquarters, five District Planning Offices, Principal, Srikrishna Medical College, Muzaffarpur and 12 Corporations, Councils, Undertakings and Societies revealed that Government funds to the tune of ₹ 2413.57 crore were lying in 66 Commercial Bank accounts, Fixed Deposit etc. of these institutions/organizations as indicated in foot note no. 5 of Statement 1 of Finance Accounts.

Fiscal Liabilities: Fiscal liabilities of the State increased by ₹ 50989.18 crore in 2007-08 to ₹ 67811.84 crore in 2011-12.

Chapter 2

Advance drawal of funds: Funds amounting to ₹ 919.87 crore and ₹ 547.72 crore drawn on Revenue and Capital expenditure heads respectively were parked in bank accounts/ PD accounts of PSUs/ Departments.

Financial Accountability and Budget Management: Slow progress in implementing various social and development programmes in the State left overall savings of ₹ 15595.72 crore. There were instances of unnecessary or excessive re-appropriations of funds. Rush of expenditure at the end of the financial year was another chronic feature noticed. In many cases, the anticipated savings were either not surrendered or were belatedly surrendered, leaving no scope for utilizing these funds for other developmental purposes.

Expenditure of ₹ 49618.13 crore was not reconciled. Further, out of total receipt of ₹ 51320.17 crore, ₹ 13074 crore (25.48 per cent) was not reconciled. The department should submit realistic budget estimates, keeping in view the trends in expenditure and the actual requirement of funds. The controlling officers should closely monitor the expenditure against the allocations to avoid excess expenditure over the grants.

Government sanctioned 191 withdrawals from Contingency Fund amounting to ₹ 1242.99 crore in 2011-12. Of this, 91 withdrawals amounting to ₹ 1225.53 crore (98.60 *per cent*) were for routine expenditure such as purchase of motor vehicles, office expenditure, pay and allowances etc.

Further, review of Grant No. 3 "Building Construction Department" revealed that the department was ill equipped to absorb, spend or utilize the fund as evident from the fact of huge savings of 63 *per cent* of the provisions (₹ 434.25 crore) made to it by other service departments. This includes hundred *per cent* non-utilisation of ₹ 118.30 crore in respect of seven service departments. Similarly, there were cases of hundred *per cent* savings of ₹ 250 crore in case of Grant No. 16 "Panchayati Raj Department".

Chapter 3

Financial Reporting: The existing system of drawal and submission of AC/DC bills and GIA bills was reviewed with a view to see the compliance with various reporting requirements and financial rules.

Abstract Contingent (AC) bills of high magnitude (valuing more than ₹ one lakh in each case) constituted 99.76 *per cent* of total AC bills drawn during 2009-12.

As on 31 August 2012, 66847 DC bills for an amount of ₹ 18797.90 crore were pending for submission to the AG (A&E).

Against the Grants-in-aid of ₹ 15333.60 crore drawn during 2009-10 and 2010-11, utilization certificates for ₹ 7837.69 crore were outstanding for submission as on 31 March 2012.

Chapter 1

Finances of the State Government

1. Profile of Bihar

Bihar is a landlocked State, bounded by West Bengal in the east, Uttar Pradesh in the west, Jharkhand in the south and a long international border with Nepal in the north. It is the twelfth largest State in India in terms of geographical size (94163 sq. km) and the third largest by population. The State of Bihar has 38 districts.

Economy of Bihar is primarily agrarian and the State does not possess any significant mineral wealth. As indicated in *Appendix 1.1*, the density of population has increased from 881 persons per sq. km (2001) to 1102 persons per sq. km (2011). Bihar has higher poverty levels as compared to the all-India average. However, the State has shown higher economic growth for the period 2002-03 to 2011-12 as the compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of its Gross State Domestic Product has been 14.97 *per cent* as compared to 14.46 *per cent* amongst the General Category States¹. During this period, its population also grew by 17.89 *per cent* (highest among general category states) against the average growth² of 13.90 *per cent* in General Category States. The per capita income CAGR for the period 2002-03 to 2011-12 in Bihar (13.10 *per cent*) has been slightly higher than that of the General Category States (13.09 *per cent*).

1.1 Introduction

This chapter provides a broad perspective of the finances of the Government of Bihar during the current year. It analyses the significant changes in the major fiscal aggregates relative to the previous year keeping in view the overall trends during the last five years. The structure and form of Government accounts have been explained in *Appendix 1.2 Part A* and the layout of the Finance Accounts is depicted in *Appendix 1.2 Part B*. This analysis has been made based on the Finance Accounts of the State and information obtained from the State Government. In order to comply with the recommendation of the Thirteenth Finance Commission (ThFC), the State Government enacted the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (Amendment) Act, 2010 as given in *Appendix 1.3 Part A*. The methodology adopted for assessment of the fiscal position and norms/ceilings prescribed by the FRBM (Amendment) Act, 2010 are given in *Appendix 1.3 Part B*.

1.1.1 Summary of current year's fiscal transactions

Table 1.1 presents the summary of the State Government's fiscal transactions during the current year (2011-12) *vis-à-vis* the previous year. The details of receipts and disbursements and the overall fiscal position during the current year are annexed at *Appendix 1.4*.

tes other than 11 states termed as Specia

States other than 11 states termed as Special Category States (Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura and Uttarakhand).

The all India average of General Category States has been calculated on the basis of figures provided by 16 General Category States (excluding Delhi, Goa and Puducherry).

Table 1.1: Summary of Current Year's Fiscal Transactions

(₹ in crore)

Receipts	2010-11	2011-12	Disbursements	2010-11	2011-12		
Section-A: Revenue					Non-Plan	Plan	Total
Revenue Receipts	44532.32	51320.17	Revenue Expenditure	38215.92	34012.66	12486.83	46499.49
Tax revenue	9869.85	12612.10	General services	15286.97	17569.44	160.28	17729.72
Non-tax revenue	985.53	889.86	Social services	15089.42	9523.52	9205.26	18728.78
Share of Union Taxes/Duties	23978.38	27935.23	Economic services	7836.28	6916.53	3121.29	10037.82
Grants from Government of India	9698.56	9882.98	Grants-in-aid and Contributions	3.25	3.17	-	3.17
Section-B: Capital							
Misc. Capital Receipts	0.00	0.00	Capital Expenditure	9195.94	39.59	8812.42	8852.01
Recoveries of Loans and Advances	11.86	22.51	Loans and Advances disbursed	1102.63	220.72	1685.36	1906.08
Public debt receipts*	6032.42	6627.96	Repayment of Public Debt*	2190.03	-	-	2922.46
Inter State Settlement Receipts	0.00	75.41	Inter State Settlement Payments	0.00	-	-	1.39
Contingency Fund	1150.00	800.00	Contingency Fund	1150.00	-	-	800.00
Public Account receipts	17321.25	22302.61	Public Account disbursements	16749.02	-	-	21393.22
Opening Cash Balance	2291.13	2735.44	Closing Cash Balance	2735.44	-	1	1509.45
Total	71338.98	83884.10	Total	71338.98			83884.10

^{*}Excluding net transactions under ways and means advances and overdraft. (Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

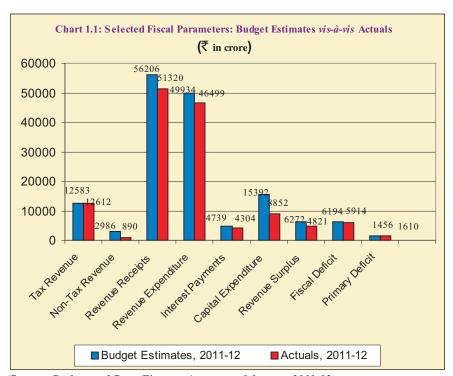
The significant changes during 2011-12 over the previous year are given below:

- Revenue receipts during the year increased by 15.24 *per cent* (₹ 6787.85 crore). The increase was mainly due to increase in own tax revenue by 27.78 *per cent* (₹ 2742.25 crore) and State's share of Union taxes and duties by 16.50 *per cent* (₹ 3956.85 crore).
- State's own tax revenue exceeded the Budget estimate (₹ 12582.90 crore) and ThFC assessment (₹ 9302.67 crore) by 0.23 per cent (₹ 29.20 crore) and 35.58 per cent (₹ 3309.43 crore) respectively.
- Non-tax revenue decreased by 9.71 *per cent* (₹ 95.67 crore) primarily owing to recovery of Debt Waiver of ₹ 384.93 crore granted by Government of India (GOI) to Government of Bihar in 2009-10. The Non-tax revenue was also 70.20 *per cent* (₹ 2096.08 crore) below the Budget estimate (₹ 2985.94 crore) and 49.83 *per cent* (₹ 883.67 crore) lower than assessment of ThFC (₹ 1773.53 crore).
- Revenue expenditure during the year increased by 21.68 per cent (₹ 8283.57 crore). The increase was mainly due to the increase in expenditure on General Services by 15.98 per cent (₹ 2442.75 crore), Social Services by 24.12 per cent (₹ 3639.36 crore) and Economic Services by 28.09 per cent (₹ 2201.54 crore). However, Revenue expenditure during the year was 6.88 per cent (₹ 3434.07 crore) less than the budget estimates (₹ 49933.56 crore).
- During the year the Non-Plan expenditure (revenue and capital) increased by 24.45 *per cent* (₹ 6690.15 crore) and the Plan expenditure increased by 6.23 *per cent* (₹ 1249.49 crore).

- Recoveries of loans and advances increased by 89.80 *per cent* (₹ 10.65 crore). Similarly disbursements of loans and advances increased by 72.87 *per cent* (₹ 803.45 crore). This resulted in a net increase in disbursements by ₹ 792.80 crore.
- Capital expenditure on asset creation decreased by 3.74 *per cent* (₹ 343.93 crore) during the year.
- Further, 89.63 *per cent* of the total expenditure was made from revenue receipts and the remaining from capital receipts and borrowed funds.
- Public Account receipts increased by 28.76 per cent (₹ 4981.36 crore) whereas disbursements increased by 27.73 per cent (₹ 4644.20 crore). This resulted in a net increase in the Public Account by ₹ 337.16 crore.
- The receipts under Public Debt increased by 9.87 per cent (₹ 595.44 crore) whereas its repayment increased by 33.44 per cent (₹ 732.43 crore) resulting into net decrease in Public Debt by ₹ 136.89 crore.
- The net impact of these transactions led to a decrease by 44.82 *per cent* (₹ 1225.99 crore) in the cash balance at the end of the year.

1.1.2 Budget Estimates and Actuals

Chart-1.1 presents the budget estimates and actuals for some important fiscal parameters. The details of actuals vis-à-vis budget estimates are given in *Appendix 1.5.*



(Source: Budget and State Finance Accounts of the year 2011-12)

The above chart depicts that during 2011-12 following variations took place as discussed below:

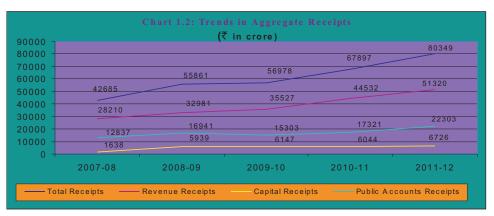
- 1. Revenue receipts were lower than the projections made in the BE by ₹ 4886 crore mainly as a result of decrease in non-tax revenue as compared to BE by ₹ 2096 crore (70 per cent). However, the tax revenue increased by ₹ 29 crore (0.23 per cent).
- 2. Revenue expenditure and capital expenditure were less than the BE by ₹ 3435 crore (6.87 per cent) and ₹ 6540 crore (42.48 per cent) respectively. The variation in revenue expenditure was due to less expenditure of ₹ 2133.37 crore under Social services, ₹ 775.39 crore under General services and ₹ 524.36 crore under Economic services which was less by ₹ 0.95 crore under Grants-in-aid and contributions.
- 3. Revenue surplus was less than the BE by ₹ 1451 crore (23.13 per cent) mainly due to decrease in revenue receipts by ₹ 4886 crore (8.69 per cent) than the projections made in the BE and decrease of ₹ 3435 crore in revenue expenditure over the projection made in the BE.
- 4. Fiscal deficit was less by ₹280 crore over the projections made in the budget estimates (₹6194 crore) mainly due to decrease in revenue surplus by ₹1451 crore than that provisioned in the BE.
- 5. Primary deficit increased by ₹ 154 crore over the projections made in the budget estimates (₹ 1456 crore).

1.2 Resources of the State

1.2.1 Resources of the State as per Annual Finance Accounts

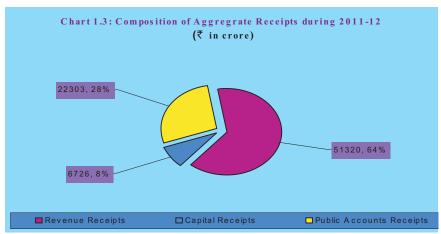
Revenue and Capital are the two streams of receipts that constitute the resources of the State Government. Revenue receipts consist of tax revenues, non-tax revenues, State's share of union taxes and duties and grants-in-aid from the Government of India (GOI). Capital receipts comprise miscellaneous capital receipts such as proceeds from disinvestments, recoveries of loans and advances, debt receipts from internal sources (market loans, borrowings from financial institutions/ commercial banks) and loans and advances from GOI as well as accruals from Public Account.

Chart 1.2 depicts the trend of receipts during 2007-12 and Chart 1.3 indicates the composition of these receipts during 2011-12.



Capital receipts include Public Debt Receipts, Recovery of Loans and Advances and Inter State Settlement.

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).



(Source: State Finance Accounts for the year 2011-12).

A perusal of **Chart Nos. 1.2** and **1.3** revealed that:

- 1. Total receipts increased by 88 per cent (₹ 37664 crore) during 2007-12.
- 2. Revenue receipts increased by 82 per cent (₹ 23110 crore) during 2007-12 whereas capital receipts increased by 311 per cent (₹ 5088 crore) during the same period.
- 3. Public account receipts increased by 74 *per cent* (₹ 9466 crore) during 2007-12.

Further scrutiny of Finance Accounts of the State revealed that major increase in revenue receipts during 2011-12 was mainly due to increase in Taxes on Sales, Trade etc. by 64.06 *per cent* (₹ 2919 crore), share of Corporation Tax by 17.32 *per cent* (₹ 1623 crore), share of Service Tax by 39.45 *per cent* (₹ 943 crore), State Excise by 30.04 *per cent* (₹ 458 crore), Interest Receipts by 141.09 *per cent* (₹ 336 crore) etc.

1.2.2 Funds transferred to State implementing agencies outside the State budget

The Government of India has been transferring a sizeable quantum of funds directly to the State implementing agencies³ for the implementation of various schemes/programmes in social and economic sectors. These funds are not routed through the State budget/State treasury system and therefore the annual finance accounts do not capture the flow of these funds and to that extent, the State's receipts and expenditure as well as other fiscal variables/ parameters derived from them have not taken these funds into account.

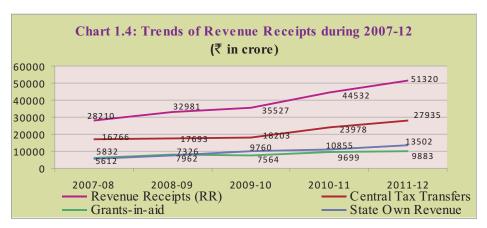
Direct transfer of funds from the GOI to State implementing agencies implies the presence of an adequate control mechanism for effective oversight of utilisation of funds and the absence of which could impact and inhibit the Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act's requirement of transparency in fiscal operations and accountability. To present a holistic picture on the availability of aggregate resources, funds directly transferred to State Implementing Agencies are presented in *Appendix 1.6.*

State implementing agencies include any organisation / institution including non-Government organisation which is authorised by the State Government to receive funds from the Government of India for implementing specific programmes in the State, e.g. State implementing society for Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, State Health Society for National Rural Health Mission, etc.

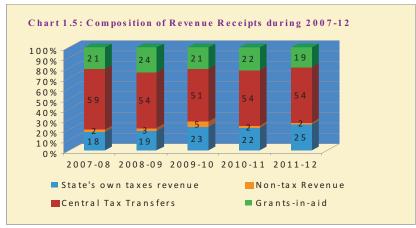
During 2011-12 the Government of India directly transferred ₹ 8958 crore to the State implementing agencies which was 13 *per cent* less than the previous year. While the major recipients were Bihar Education Project Council (₹ 1851 crore i.e. 21 *per cent*), District Rural Development Agencies (₹ 3575 crore i.e. 40 *per cent*) and Registered Societies under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna (₹ 3196 crore i.e. 36 *per cent*), in the current year major decrease in transfer of fund was noticed in case of District Rural Development Agencies (₹ 944 crore), Registered Societies under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna (₹ 263 crore) and Bihar Education Project Council (₹ 197 crore).

1.3 Revenue Receipts

Statement-11 of the Finance Accounts states the revenue receipts of the Government. The revenue receipts consist of own tax and non-tax revenue, central tax transfers and grants-in-aid from the Government of India. The trends and composition of revenue receipts over the period 2007-12 are presented in *Appendix 1.7* and in **Charts 1.4** and **1.5** respectively.



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).

The charts above indicate the following:

• The revenue receipts increased by 81.92 per cent (₹ 23110 crore) during the period 2007-12. A major contributor to this increase was the State's own tax revenue share of which increased from 18 per cent in 2007-08 to 25 per cent in 2011-12.

- The share of Grants-in-aid (GIA) from the Government of India decreased from 21 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 19 *per cent* in 2011-12. The share of Central Tax Transfer (CTT) also decreased from 59 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 54 *per cent* in 2011-12.
- Non-tax revenue remained at two *per cent* of Revenue Receipts during 2007-08 which increased to three *per cent* and five *per cent* during 2008-09 and 2009-10 respectively but its share again came down to two *per cent* during 2010-12.

The trends of revenue receipts relative to GSDP are presented in **Table 1.2**.

Table 1.2: Trends in Revenue Receipts relative to GSDP

Particulars	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Revenue Receipts (RR) (₹ in crore)	28210	32981	35527	44532	51320
Rate of growth of RR (per cent)	22.21	16.91	7.72	25.35	15.24
State's own tax	5086	6173	8090	9870	12612
Rate of growth of State's own tax (per cent)	26.11	21.37	31.05	22.00	27.78
GSDP (₹ in crore)	118923	151650	177537	217814	262230
Rate of growth of GSDP	14.88	27.52	17.07	22.69	20.39
RR/GSDP (per cent)	23.72	21.75	20.01	20.44	19.57
Buoyancy Ratios ⁴					
Revenue Buoyancy w.r.t. GSDP	1.49	0.61	0.45	1.12	0.75
State's own tax buoyancy w.r.t. GSDP	1.75	0.78	1.82	0.97	1.36

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).

The growth rate of revenue receipts of the State was in double digits during the period 2007-12 except 2009-10 when it declined from 16.91 *per cent* in 2008-09 to 7.72 *per cent* in 2009-10. It however picked up again to 25.35 *per cent* in 2010-11 and finally came down to 15.24 *per cent* in 2011-12.

The State's own-tax buoyancy with reference to GSDP decreased from 1.75 per cent in 2007-08 to 1.36 per cent in 2011-12 with intermediate year variations.

1.3.1 State's Own Resources

As the State's share in Central taxes and grants-in-aid are determined on the basis of recommendations of the Finance Commission, the collection of Central tax receipts and Central assistance for Plan Schemes etc, the State's performance in mobilization of additional resources should be assessed in terms of its own resources comprising revenue from its own tax and non-tax sources.

The State's own tax and non-tax revenues (NTR) for the year 2011-12 *vis-a-vis* assessment made by ThFC and State Government Budget estimate are given in **Table 1.3** below:

Table 1.3 Assessment/Projection and Actual figure

(₹ in crore)

	ThFC Assessment	Budget projections	Actuals
Tax revenue	9303	12583	12612
Non-tax revenue	1774	2986	890

(Source: State Finance Accounts, Budget and ThFC figures).

Though the State's tax revenue during 2011-12 exceeded the ThFC assessment by ₹ 3309 crore and was more than the budget estimates by ₹ 29 crore, the non-tax revenue was significantly less than the assessment of the ThFC and the State's budget estimates by ₹ 884 crore and ₹ 2096 crore respectively which indicated

⁴ Buoyancy ratio indicates the elasticity or degree of responsiveness of a fiscal variable with respect to a given change in the base variable. For instance, revenue buoyancy at 0.6 implies that revenue receipts tend to increase by 0.6 percentage points, if the GSDP increases by one per cent.

unrealistic budget projections of the State. The NTR collections during 2011-12 was less than that of the previous year also by ₹ 95 crore, primarily owing to recovery of Debt Waiver of ₹ 384.93 crore granted to Government of Bihar in 2009-10 by the Central Government. Non-payment of the pension liabilities of the pre-reorganisation period by the Government of Jharkhand (₹ 7808.45 crore) also resulted in lower non tax revenues of the State.

1.3.1.1 Tax Revenues

The tax revenues of the State increased by 148 *per cent* (from ₹ 5086 crore to ₹ 12612 crore) during 2007-12. Major Components of increase are shown in **Table 1.4.**

Table 1.4: Major Component of increase in Tax Revenues during 2007-12

(₹ in crore)

	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Taxes on Sales, Trade, etc.	2535	3016	3839	4557	7476
Rate of growth (per cent)	22	19	27	19	64
State Excise	525	679	1082	1523	1981
Rate of growth (per cent)	37	29	59	41	30
Stamps and Registration	654	716	998	1099	1480
Rate of growth (per cent)	44	10	39	10	35
Taxes on Vehicles	273	298	345	455	569
Rate of growth (per cent)	51	10	16	32	25

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).

Appendix 1.7 presents the time series data on the State government finances. A perusal of the components of tax revenue in the **Appendix** reveals that:

- The revenue from taxes on sales, trade etc comprised the major share of tax revenue and ranged from 50 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 59 *per cent* 2011-12.
- The share of Stamps and Registration decreased from 13 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 12 *per cent* in 2011-12.
- The share of Taxes on vehicles also decreased from five *per cent* in 2007-08 to four *per cent* in 2011-12 respectively.
- The share of State excise increased from 10 per cent in 2007-08 to 16 per cent in 2011-12.

1.3.1.2 Cost of Tax Collection

The gross collection in respect of major revenue receipts, expenditure incurred on collection and percentage of such expenditure to the gross collection during the years 2009-10 to 2011-12 along with the all India average for the relevant previous years are as mentioned in **Table 1.5** below:

Table 1.5: Cost of Collection

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Head of revenue	Year	Gross collection	Expenditure on collection	Percentage of expenditure to gross collection	All India percentage for the previous years
1	VAT/ Sales	2009-10	5541.00	48.84	0.88	0.88
	Tax	2010-11	6653.37	57.23	0.86	0.96
		2011-12	8414.43	66.17	0.79	0.75
2	State Excise	2009-10	1081.68	44.02	4.07	3.66
		2010-11	1523.35	37.65	2.47	3.64
		2011-12	1980.98	41.24	2.08	3.05
3	Stamp duty	2009-10	997.90	45.90	4.60	2.77
	and	2010-11	1098.68	46.58	4.24	2.47
	Registration fee	2011-12	1480.07	43.10	2.91	1.60

Sl. No.			Gross Expenditure on collection		Percentage of expenditure to gross collection	All India percentage for the previous years	
4	Taxes on	2009-10	345.13	10.41	3.02	2.93	
	Vehicles	2010-11	455.43	16.92	3.72	3.07	
		2011-12	569.13	22.31	3.92	3.71	

(Source: Information furnished by the Revenue Audit wing of the PAG (Audit).

It can be seen from the above table that the percentage of cost of collection in respect of Stamp duty and Registration fees and Taxes on Vehicles during 2009 -12 in the State was higher than the all India average cost of collection

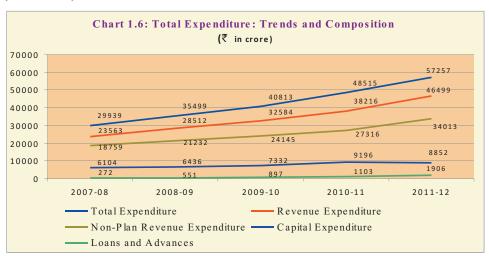
It is recommended that the Government should analyse the high cost of collection and take appropriate measures in this regard.

1.4 Application of resources

Analysis of the allocation of expenditure at the State Government level assumes significance since major expenditure responsibilities are entrusted with them. Within the frame work of fiscal responsibility legislations, there are budgetary constraints in raising public expenditure financed by deficit or borrowings. It is, therefore, important to ensure that the ongoing fiscal corrections and consolidation process at the State level is not at the cost of expenditure, especially directed towards development and social sectors.

1.4.1 Growth and Composition of Expenditure

Chart 1.6 presents the trends in total expenditure over a period of five years (2007-2012):



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years).

The total expenditure comprising revenue expenditure, capital expenditure and loans and advances, increased from ₹ 29939 crore in 2007-08 to ₹ 57257 crore in 2011-12. The increase of ₹ 8742 crore in total expenditure in 2011-12 over the previous year was mainly due to increase of ₹ 8283 crore (22 per cent) in revenue expenditure and ₹ 803 crore (73 per cent) in loans and advances which was offset by decrease of ₹ 344 crore (four per cent) in capital expenditure. The growth rate of total expenditure ranged between 15 and 19 per cent during 2007-12. The growth rate of total expenditure also decreased from 19 per cent in 2010-11 to 18 per cent in 2011-12. The total expenditure was around 22 per cent of GSDP during 2010-11 as well as in 2011-12.

The total expenditure and its composition during the years 2007-08 to 2011-12 are given below in Table-1.6.

Table 1.6: Total expenditure and its composition

(₹ in crore)

Description	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Total expenditure	29939	35499	40813	48515	57257
Rate of growth	14.66	18.57	14.97	18.87	18.02
Revenue expenditure (Percentage to	23563	28512	32584	38216	46499
Total expenditure)	(79)	(80)	(80)	(79)	(81)
Of which, non plan revenue expenditure	18759	21232	24145	27316	34013
Capital expenditure (Percentage to Total	6104	6436	7332	9196	8852
expenditure)	(20)	(18)	(18)	(19)	(15)
Loans and advances (Percentage to total	272	551	897	1103	1906
expenditure)	(01)	(02)	(02)	(02)	(03)

(Source: Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Revenue expenditure

Revenue expenditure is incurred to maintain the current level of services and make payment for past obligations and as such does not result in any addition to the State's infrastructure and services network.

The Revenue expenditure was 81 *per cent* of the total expenditure, of which, 73 *per cent* was on non-plan revenue expenditure and 27 *per cent* was on plan expenditure (*Appendix-1.7*) indicating that more than half of the revenue expenditure was incurred on non-plan expenditure.

Plan revenue expenditure

The share of plan revenue expenditure which normally covered the maintenance expenditure incurred on services, increased as a percentage of the total revenue expenditure from 16 in 2007-08 to 22 in 2011-12. The plan revenue expenditure during 2011-12 increased by ₹ 1587 crore (15 per cent) relative to 2010-11 mainly due to increase under Social welfare and nutrition (₹ 673 crore), Welfare of Scheduled caste, Scheduled tribes and Other backward castes (₹ 501 crore), General economic services (₹ 178 crore) and Health and family welfare (₹ 157 crore). However, the plan revenue expenditure (₹ 12487 crore) was less than the budget estimates (₹ 27503 crore) by ₹ 15016 crore (55 per cent) as detailed in *Appendix 1.4*.

Non-plan revenue expenditure

The non-plan revenue expenditure (NPRE) during 2011-12 increased by ₹ 6697 crore (25 *per cent*) mainly due to increase in the expenditure under Education, Sports, Art and Culture services ₹ 1941 crore), rural development (₹ 1134 crore), energy (₹ 946 crore), transport (₹ 1 54 crore), and Health and Family Welfare (₹ 144 crore) (*Appendix-1.4*).

The NPRE ₹ 34013 crore) was less than the normative projection made in the budget estimates ₹ 37823 crore) by 10 per cent (₹ 3810 crore). However, the share of NPRE to total revenue expenditure declined from 63 per cent in 2007-08 to 59 per cent in 2011-12.

Capital expenditure

• Capital expenditure decreased by four per cent (₹ 344 crore) over the previous year mainly due to decrease in expenditure under the Heads: capital outlay on Energy (₹ 905 crore), water supply, sanitation, housing and urban development programmes (₹ 298 crore), Rural development (₹ 115 crore) and education, sports, arts and culture (₹ 87 crore).

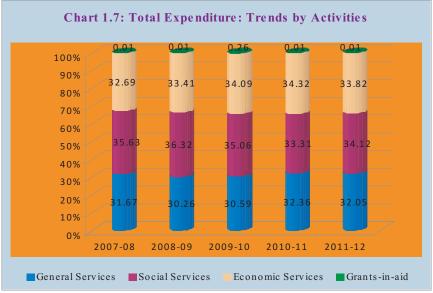
• The capital expenditure and loans and advances were 15 *per cent* and three *per cent* respectively of the total expenditure.

The share of expenditure on loans and advances in 2010-11 was two *per cent* which increased to three *per cent* of the total expenditure during the year due to increase in disbursement in loans and advances by the State Government.

Trends in total expenditure in terms of activities

In terms of activities, total expenditure could be considered as being composed of expenditure on General Services (including interest payments), Social and Economic services, Grants-in-aid. Relative share of these components in total expenditure is indicated in **Chart-1.7.**

Chart-1.7 depicts the composition of total expenditure in terms of 'Economic classification' over the period 2007-12.



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

The movement of relative share to various components of expenditure indicated that while share of General Services including interest payments decreased from 31.67 per cent in 2007-08 to 30.59 per cent in 2009-10 but increased to 32.05 per cent in 2011-12. The share of economic services increased from 32.69 per cent in 2007-08 to 34.32 per cent in 2010-11 and it remained at 33.82 per cent in 2011-12.

Revenue expenditure of the State increased from ₹ 38215.92 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 46499.49 crore in 2011-12. The break-up of revenue expenditure into NPRE and Plan revenue expenditure (PRE) showed that the proportionate share of NPRE in the increase of RE was substantially higher than the PRE.

While the share of General Services and Economic Services in total expenditure increased marginally from 2007-08 to 2011-12, the share of Social Services marginally decreased during this period. The total increase of ₹8283.57 crore comprised of ₹6696.25 crore and ₹1587.32 crore in NPRE and PRE respectively. The NPRE in 2011-12 at ₹34013 crore was higher than the narrative assessment of ThFC (₹26475 crore) but less than budget estimates (₹37823 crore).

1.4.2 Expenditure on interest payments, salaries and wages, pensions, subsidies and repayment of debt

Table 1.7 presents the trends in the expenditure on components of interest payments, salaries and wages, pensions, subsidies and repayment of debt during 2007-12.

Table-1.7: Trends of Expenditure on interest payments, salaries and wages, pensions, subsidies and repayment of debt on revenue account

(₹ in crore)

Sl	Items of	2005 00	2000 00	2000 10	2010 11	20	011-12		
No.	Expenditure	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	BE	Expenditure		
1	Salaries	6469.53	7545.61	9658.74	10549.85	12777.92	12193.69		
	Salaries	(22.93)	(22.88)	(27.19)	(23.69)	12///.92	(23.76)		
2	Under Non-Plan	5914.81	6996.20	9001.42	9954.35	12451.18	11494.50		
	Onder Non-Flan	(20.97)	(21.21)	(25.34)	(22.35)	12431.18	(22.40)		
3	Under Plan *	554.72	549.41	657.32	595.51	326.74	699.19		
	Onaer Pian	(1.97)	(1.67)	(1.85)	(1.34)	320.74	(1.36)		
4	T (D	3706.99	3752.94	3685.48	4319.16	4738.51	4303.66		
	Interest Payments	(13.14)	(11.38)	(10.37)	(9.70)		(8.39)		
5	D .	2788.94	3479.03	4318.70	6143.86	7584.26	7808.45		
	Pensions	(9.89)	(10.55)	(12.16)	(13.80)		(15.22)		
6	Domovyment of Doht	1631.85	1682.28	1982.99	2190.03	2907.89	2922.46		
	Repayment of Debt	(25.22)	(22.29)	(20.53)	(20.76)		(23.97)		
7	Subsidies	402.36	808.31	944.39	1349.96	0.00	2672.27		
	Substates	(1.43)	(2.45)	(2.66)	(3.03)		(5.21)		
8	Total (1+4+5+6+7)	14999.67	17268.17	20590.30	24552.86	28008.58	29900.53		
	Total (1+4+3+0+7)	(53.17)	(52.36)	(57.96)	(55.13)		(58.26)		
9	Other Components	8563.20	11243.41	11993.87	13663.06	21924.98	16598.96		
	Other Components	(30.36)	(34.09)	(33.76)	(30.68)		(32.34)		
10	Revenue	23562.87	28511.58	32584.17	38215.92	49933.56	46499.49		
	Expenditure								
11	Revenue Receipts	28209.72	32980.69	35526.83	44532.32	56205.86	51320.17		
Figur	es in the parentheses indicate	percentage to l	Revenue Receip	ts		•			
*Plan	*Plan Head also includes the salaries and wages paid under the Centrally Sponsored Schemes.								

lead also includes the salaries and wages paid under the Centrally Sponsored Schemes

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years and Budget for the year 2011-12)

Expenditure on Salaries

Expenditure on salaries as a percentage of revenue receipts decreased from 27.19 *per cent* in 2009-10 to 23.76 *per cent* during 2011-12. The expenditure of ₹ 12193.69 crore on salaries was higher than ThFC assessment (₹ 9707.99 crore) by ₹ 2485.70 crore but were lower than the budget estimates (₹ 12777.92 crore) by ₹ 584.23 crore.

Interest Payments

Interest payments (₹ 4303.66 crore) increased by 16.10 *per cent* over the last five years (2007-12). The percentage of interest payments to revenue receipts decreased from 13.14 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 8.39 *per cent* in 2011-12. Interest payments (₹ 4303.66 crore) during 2011-12 were within the assessment made by ThFC (₹ 4763.57 crore) and the budget estimates (₹ 4738.51 crore).

Pension Payments

Expenditure on pension (₹ 7808.45 crore) was 15.22 *per cent* of the total revenue receipts of the State during the year. This expenditure was higher than the ThFC assessment of ₹ 4245.11 crore by ₹ 3563.34 crore (83.94 *per cent*) and exceeded the budget estimate of ₹ 7584.26 crore by ₹ 224.19 crore (2.96 *per cent*) during the year.

Expenditure on Repayment of Debt

Expenditure on Repayment of Debt as a percentage of revenue receipts decreased from 25.22 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 23.97 *per cent* during 2011-12. This expenditure marginally exceeded the budget estimates (₹ 2907.89 crore) by ₹ 14.57 crore (0.50 *per cent*).

Subsidies

In any welfare State, it is not uncommon to provide subsidies/subventions to disadvantaged sections of the society. Subsidies may be dispensed either explicitly or implicitly by providing subsidized public services to the people. Budgetary support to financial institutions, inadequate returns on investments and poor recovery of user charges from social and economic services provided by the Government fall in the category of implicit subsidies.

The total subsidies during the current year was ₹ 2672.27 crore which was 97.95 *per cent* higher than previous year and constituted 5.75 *per cent* of revenue expenditure. Of this, ₹ 2133.39 crore was provided as resource gap to the Bihar State Electricity Board (BSEB), ₹ 207.87 crore for promotion of agricultural mechanisation, ₹ 165 crore for VAT subsidy under Industrial policy and ₹ 120 crore for subsidy to food processing industries. During 2011-12, the resource gap of BSEB was higher by ₹ 1053.39 crore over the previous year.

1.4.3 Financial Assistance by State Government to local bodies and other institutions.

The quantum of assistance provided by way of grants to local bodies and other institutions during the period 2007-12 is presented in the **Table 1.8** below:

Table 1.8: Financial Assistance to Local Bodies and other institutions

(₹ in crore)

Financial Assistance to Institutions	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Educational Institutions (Aided Schools,	808.58	966.80	613.07	1940.11	5581.07
Aided Colleges, Universities)					
Municipal Corporations and Municipalities	209.40	950.04	997.68	690.21	557.30
Zila Parishad and Other Panchayati Raj	13.16	900.05	1395.22	1515.34	2534.41
Institutions					
Development Agencies	1.88	26.84	984.13	394.24	3029.74
Hospitals and Other Charitable Institutions	5.00	20.51	33.44	53.67	25.00
Other Institutions	95.35	1558.25	356.33	28.25	2716.16
Total	1133.37	4422.49	4379.87	4621.82	14443.68
Assistance as per percentage of RE	4.81	15.51	13.44	12.09	31.06

(Source: Finance Accounts of the State for the respective years)

An analysis of the above table reveals that the financial assistance during 2011-12 increased to ₹ 14444 crore⁵ from ₹ 4622 crore in 2010-11. The increase of ₹ 9822 crore (213 *per cent*) over the previous year was mainly due to increase in assistance to educational institutions (₹ 3641 crore), ZPs and PRIs (₹ 1019 crore), Development agencies (₹ 2636 crore) and other institutions (₹ 2688 crore). The assistance to Municipal Corporation and Municipalities and Hospitals and Other charitable institutions, however, decreased by ₹ 133 crore and ₹ 29 crore respectively.

As per note no.8 to Finance Accounts total GIA disbursed on the basis of data captured in VLC system on treasury vouchers is ₹ 14444 crore. Against which only 391 sanction orders for GIA of ₹ 12849 crore was received in the AG (A&E)'s office from various departments.

Analysis of expenditure of Other institutions (₹ 2716 crore) reveals that the major expenditure was in Bihar State Crop Insurance Fund (Grants to State Crop Insurance Fund on account of compensation for payment of insured crop to farmers) ₹ 244.94 crore⁶, Bihar Agriculture Management and Extension (National Agriculture Development Plan) ₹ 414.69 crore, Bihar State Crop Insurance Fund (for crop insurance schemes) ₹ 215.95 crore, Bihar Rural Development Society (Mahatma Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantees Schemes) ₹ 196.50 crore, Food Processing Units (Incentive for food processing industries) ₹ 158.16 crore, Block Development Officers (Scholarship to students of backward class) ₹ 143.63 crore, Deputy Director, Schedule Caste/Scheduled Tribes Welfare Department, Bihar (For development of Mahadalit) ₹ 118 crore, Block/Nagar Panchayat (Indira Gandhi Renewable Energy), Development Agencies (Assistance for administrative expenses) ₹ 64 crore and District Programme Officers of ICDS (Dress Schemes for Anganwari children) ₹ 23.25 crore etc.

1.5 Quality of Expenditure

Any expenditure incurred towards improving the quality of life, whether to improve infrastructure, education and health care among others in the State generally reflects positively on the quality of its expenditure. This expenditure quality paradigm basically involves three components, viz., adequacy of the expenditure, efficiency of usage and the effectiveness of the expenditure in attaining its intended objectives. Audit assessment of the quality expenditure on the above basis revealed the following:

1.5.1 Adequacy of Public Expenditure

The expenditure responsibilities relating to social sector and economic infrastructure are largely State subjects. Enhancing human development levels requires the States to step up their expenditure on key social services like education, health, social security etc. Low fiscal priority (ratio of expenditure under a category to aggregate expenditure) is attached to a particular sector, if it is below the respective national average.

Table 1.9 analyses the fiscal priority of the State Government with regard to development expenditure, social expenditure and capital expenditure during 2011-12.

Table 1.9: Fiscal Priority and Fiscal capacity of the State in 2008-09 and 2011-12

(In per cent)

					(Per cerri,
Fiscal Priority by the State	AE/	DE#/	SSE/	CE/	Edn/	Health/
	GSDP	AE	AE	AE	AE	AE
*General Category States Average (Ratio) 2008-09	17.00	67.09	34.28	16.47	15.41	3.97
Bihar's Average (Ratio) 2008 -09	23.41	69.73	36.32	18.13	19.39	3.63
General Category State Average (Ratio) 2011 -12	16.09	66.44	36.57	13.25	17.18	4.30
Bihar's Average (Ratio) 2011 -12	21.83	67.94	34.12	15.46	17.84	3.71

^{*} As per cent of GSDP

(Source: State Finance Accounts of respective years, Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Government of Bihar for GSDP)

AE: Aggregate Expenditure, DE: Development Expenditure, SSE: Social Sector Expenditure,

CE: Capital Expenditure, Edn: Education

[#] DE includes Development Revenue Expenditure, Development Capital Expenditure and Loans and Advances disbursed.

⁶ Out of shown expenditure ₹ 190.45 crore was lying in the Bank Account of Cooperative Department Bihar State Crop Insurance Fund.

Table 1.9 indicates the following:

- Bihar is spending higher proportion of its GSDP on aggregate expenditure as compared to average of general category States⁷. However, as compared to 2008-09, Bihar has spent less proportion of its GSDP on aggregate expenditure in the current year.
- Development expenditure as proportion of aggregate expenditure in Bihar during 2011-12 was also higher than the average of general category States in 2008-09 as well as in 2011-12 showing adequate priority given to developmental expenditure.
- In Bihar, adequate priority has been given to the overall Social sector and Education sector but less priority to Health sector as compared to average of general category States in 2008-09 as well as in 2011-12.
- The proportion of capital expenditure has been higher in both the years 2008-09 and 2011-12, when compared to the average of General Category States. Increased priority to physical capital formation will further increase the growth prospects of the State by creating durable assets.

1.5.2 Efficiency of Expenditure

In view of the importance of public expenditure on development heads⁸ from the point of view of social and economic development, it is important for the State Governments to take appropriate expenditure rationalisation measures and lay emphasis on provision of core public and merit goods⁹. Apart from improving the allocation towards development expenditure¹⁰, particularly in view of the fiscal space being created on account of the decline in the expenditure on debt servicing in the recent years, the efficiency of expenditure use is also reflected in the ratio of capital expenditure to total expenditure (and/or GSDP) and the proportion of revenue expenditure incurred on the operation and maintenance of the existing social and economic services.

The efficiency of expenditure use is also reflected in the ratio of capital expenditure to total expenditure (and/or GSDP) and the proportion of revenue expenditure incurred on the operation and maintenance of the existing social and economic services. The higher the ratio of these components to the total expenditure (and/or GSDP), the better would the quality of expenditure.

Development expenditure comprises revenue and capital expenditure including loans and advances in socio-economic services.

Table 1.10 and chart 1.8 represent the trends of 'development expenditure' relative to the aggregate expenditure of the State during 2007-12.

Development heads include Development Revenue Expenditure, Development Capital Expenditure and Loans and Advances disbursed.

Audit Report (State Finances) for the year ended 31 March 2012

This average is of 16 general category states excluding Delhi, Goa & Puducherry.

Core public goods are goods which all citizens enjoy in common in the sense that each individual's consumption of such a goods leads to no subtractions from any other individual's consumption of that goods, e.g. enforcement of law and order, security and protection of rights; pollution free air and other environmental goods and road infrastructure, etc.

Merit goods are commodities that the public sector provides free or at subsidized rates because an individual or society should have them on the basis of some concept of need, rather than ability and willingness to pay to the Government and therefore, wishes to encourage their consumption. Examples of such goods include the provision of free or subsidized food for the poor to support nutrition, delivery of health services to improve quality of life and reduce morbidity, providing basic education to all, drinking water and sanitation, etc.

The analysis of expenditure data is disaggregated into development and non-development expenditure. All expenditure relating to Revenue Account, Capital Outlay and Loans and Advances is categorized into Social Services, Economic Services and General Services. Broadly, the Social and Economic Services constitute development expenditure, while expenditure on General Services is treated as non-development expenditure.

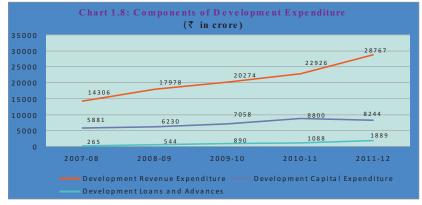
Table-1.10: Development Expenditure relative to aggregate expenditure

(₹ in crore)

Components of Development Expenditure	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12		
Development Expenditure (a to c)	20452	24752	28222	32814	38900		
(percentage of DE to total expenditure)	(68.31)	(69.73)	(69.15)	(67.64)	(67.94)		
a. Development Revenue Expenditure#	14306	17978	20274	22926	28767		
	(47.78)	(50.64)	(49.68)	(47.26)	(50.24)		
b. Development Capital Expenditure#	5881	6230	7058	8800	8244		
b. Bevelopment Capital Expenditure#	(19.64)	(17.55)	(17.29)	(18.14)	(14.40)		
c. Development Loans and Advances	265	544	890	1088	1889		
c. Development Loans and Advances	(0.89)	(1.53)	(2.18)	(2.24)	(3.30)		
Figures in Parentheses indicate percentage of DE to total expenditure.							

Included social service and economic service expenditure

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Development expenditure comprising revenue expenditure, capital expenditure and loans and advances on socio-economic services increased from ₹ 20452 crore in 2007-08 to ₹ 38900 crore in 2011-12. As a percentage of total expenditure, it was around 68 per cent during 2007-2012.

Expenditure on Social and Economic Services

Table 1.11 provides the details of capital expenditure and the components of revenue expenditure incurred on the maintenance of selected Social and Economic Services during 2010-11 and 2011-12.

Table 1.11: Efficiency of Expenditure and its use in Selected Services

(Percentage)

Social/Economic Infrastructure	201	10-11	20	11-12			
	Share of	Share of	Share of	Share of			
	CE in TE	S&W in RE	CE in TE	S&W in RE			
Social Services (SS)							
General Education	0.15	44.60	0.32	43.28			
Health and Family Welfare	9.90	73.32	15.11	72.89			
Water Supply, Sanitation, & Housing	27.06	10.28	16.23	11.59			
and Urban Development							
Total (SS)	6.71	43.25	4.81	43.21			
Economic Services (ES)							
Agriculture & Allied Activities	0.83	19.57	5.77	23.78			
Irrigation and Flood Control	51.04	47.73	59.96	47.15			
Power & Energy	45.31	-	4.51	-			
Transport	86.52	25.73	83.75	23.30			
Total (ES)	55.51	22.86	50.26	20.34			
Total (SS+ES)	30.72	36.80	25.98	36.05			
TE: Total Expenditure, CE: Capital Expenditure, RE: Revenue Expenditure, S&W: Salaries and Wages							

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

The trends presented in **Table 1.11** above revealed that capital expenditure of these selected socio-economic services as a percentage of the total expenditure on these heads decreased from 30.72 *per cent* in 2010-11 to 25.98 *per cent* in 2011-12, which does not auger well for the State. Share of salaries and wages in revenue expenditure of these heads decreased from 36.80 *per cent* in 2010-11 to 36.05 *per cent* in 2011-12, which indicated a positive shift in the State finances.

In the selected services, the percentage of capital expenditure on Social Services to total expenditure decreased from 6.71 *per cent* in 2010-11 to 4.81 *per cent* in 2011-12. The percentage of capital expenditure on the selected Economic Services to total expenditure decreased from 55.51 *per cent* in 2010-11 to 50.26 *per cent* in 2011-12. The decrease was mainly seen under Water Supply, Sanitation & Housing and Urban Development in Social Services and Power & Energy and Transport in Economic Services.

The share of salary and wages in revenue expenditure on the selected social services marginally decreased from 43.25 per cent in 2010-11 to 43.21 per cent in 2011-12 while the share of salary and wages in revenue expenditure on the selected Economic Services decreased from 22.86 per cent in 2010-11 to 20.34 per cent in 2011-12. The decreases were mainly seen under Transport and Irrigation and Flood control in the Economic Services and General education and Health and family welfare under Social Service. Similarly, increases were seen under agriculture and allied activities in the economic services and Water Supply, Sanitation & Housing and Urban Development in the Social Services.

1.6 Analysis of Government Expenditure and Investments

The FRBM framework requires the State Government to keep its fiscal deficit (and borrowings) not only at low levels, but also to meet its capital expenditure and investment (including loans and advances) requirements. Further, the transition from a traditional rural agrarian society to a market based and resource intensive society requires the State Government to initiate measures that earn adequate returns on its investments, enable recovery of the cost of borrowed funds and to take requisite steps to infuse transparency in financial operations.

In this section, the broad financial comparison and analysis of State Government investments and capital expenditure during the current year *vis-à-vis* the previous years are presented.

1.6.1 Incomplete projects

The blocking of funds on incomplete works (including works stopped due to reasons such as litigation) impinges negatively on the quality of expenditure. The department-wise information pertaining to incomplete projects as on 31 March 2012 is given in **Table 1.12.** Altogether, 380 schemes/projects (estimated cost ₹ 3395.35 crore) were due for completion up to March 2012, but remained incomplete resulting in blocking of ₹ 1579.46 crore. Further it was revealed that there were cost overruns to the extent of ₹ 22.20 crore in 12 schemes/projects of Water Resources Department (08), Road Construction Department (03) and National Highway (01) as given in *Appendix 1.8*.

Table 1.12: Department-wise Profile of Incomplete Projects

(₹ in crore)

(vin croi							
Department	No. of Incomplete Projects	Estimated cost	Progressive expenditure upto March 2012	Cost	over run		
				No.	Amount		
Public Health Engineering	254	1263.79	567.58	0	0		
National Highway	09	64.35	30.52	1	0.29		
Building Construction	12	40.97	25.08	0	0		
Water Resources	80	1856.98	875.98	8	20.60		
Road Construction	25	169.26	80.30	3	1.31		
Total	380	3395.35	1579.46	12	22.20		

(Source: Finance Accounts of the State for the year 2011-12)

Non-completion of projects/works within the stipulated time not only result in increase in cost but also delay the intended benefit.

1.6.2 Investments and returns

As of 31 March 2012, the State Government had invested ₹ 920.82 crore in Statutory Corporations, Rural Banks, Joint Stock Companies and Co-operative Institutions as indicated in **Table 1.13**.

Table -1.13: Return on Investment

Investment/Return/Cost of Borrowings	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Investment at the end of the year (₹ in crore)	828.68	832.18	856.18	905.24	920.82
Return (₹ in crore)	3.19	2.14	2.06	2.53	1.40
Return (per cent)	0.38	0.26	0.24	0.28	0.15
Average rate of interest on Government borrowing (per cent)	7.15	7.93	6.48	6.87	6.35
Difference between interest rate and return (per cent)	6.77	7.67	6.24	6.59	6.20

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

As may be seen from *Table 1.13* above the average return on these investments was 0.26 *per cent* in last five years while the Government paid average interest rate of 6.96 *per cent* on its borrowings during 2007-12.

Of the ₹ 920.82 crore invested by the State Government, in the share capital of different entities, ₹ 105.63 crore was invested in three statutory corporations, ₹ 403 crore in 39 Government Companies, ₹ 3.88 crore in 10 other joint stock companies and partnerships and ₹ 378.12 crore in 16 co-operative institutions and local bodies. Government invested ₹ 15.58 crore during the year. Out of this two crore was invested in Government companies.

There was meager return of ₹ 1.40 crore against the investment of ₹ 920.82 crore during 2011-12. In test check it was revealed that in eight Government Companies/Corporations 11 , there was loss of ₹ 1366.56 crore against the investment of ₹ 967.74 crore in equities (₹153.82 crore) and loans (₹ 813.92 crore). As a result, the entire sum of investment in these eight companies/corporations is non-realisable. Similarly in 15 government companies/corporations with the investment of ₹ 243.79 crore, there was significant loss of ₹ 215.19 crore (Details in *Appendix 1.9*). As per ThFC recommendations, all states were required to draw up a road map for winding up of non-working PSUs by March 2011. However, no detailed plans in this regard were communicated by the departments concerned.

-

Bihar State Road Transport Corporation, Bihar State Financial Corporation, Bihar State Credit and Investment Corporation Ltd., Bihar State Agro Industries Development Corporation Ltd., Bihar Rajya Beej Nigam Ltd., Bihar State Dairy Corporation Ltd, Bihar Text Book Publishing Corporation Ltd and Bihar State Police Building Construction Corporation.

1.6.3 Loans and advances by the State Government

In addition to investments in Co-operative Institutions/Societies, Government Corporations and Companies, the State Government is providing loans and advances to many institutions and organizations.

Table 1.14 presents the status of outstanding loans and advances and interest receipts vis-à-vis interest payments during the last three years.

Table -1.14: Average Interest Received on Loans Advanced by the State Government

(₹ in crore)

			(till elole)
Amount of Loans/Interest Receipts/ Cost of Borrowings	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Opening Balance	14667.83	15551.42	16642.19
Amount advanced during the year	896.78	1102.63	1906.08
Amount repaid during the year	13.20	11.86	22.51
Closing Balance	15551.41	16642.19	18525.76
Of which outstanding balance for which terms and conditions have been settled			
Net addition	883.58	1090.77	1883.57
Interest Receipts	353.27	237.96	573.70
Interest receipts as percentage of outstanding Loans and advances	2.27	1.43	3.10
Interest payments as percentage of outstanding fiscal liabilities of the State Government.	6.28	6.87	6.35
Difference between interest payments and interest receipts (per cent)	-4.01	-5.44	-3.25

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Loans advanced during the current year (₹ 1906.08 crore) increased by ₹ 803.45 crore (73 per cent) over the previous year (₹ 1102.63 crore).Out of ₹ 1906.08 crore advanced during the year, ₹ 935.54 crore was for power projects. Further, of the total outstanding loans of ₹ 18525.76 crore, ₹ 14730.25 crore were of the power sector. This shows that the Government was providing loans and advances to the power sector without ensuring their repayment (principal and interest). Test check revealed that Bihar State Electricity Board was provided loan of ₹ 13642.81 crore up to 2011-12 and the Board has been incurring substantial loss each year (Details in *Appendix 1.9*).

1.6.4 Cash Balances and Investment of Cash balances

Table 1.15 depicts the cash balances and investments made by the State Government during the year.

Table-1.15: Cash Balances and Investment of Cash balances

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As on 31 March 2011	As on 31 March 2012	Increase/ Decrease							
Cash Balances	2735.44	1509.45	-122599							
Investments from Cash Balances (a to d)	2294.80	434.46	(-)1860.34							
a. GOI Treasury Bills	0.00	0.00	0.00							
b. GOI Securities	2290.15	429.81	(-)1860.34							
c. Securities of other State Government	4.65	4.65	0.00							
d. Other Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00							
Fund-wise break-up of Investment from	440.10	676.53	236.43							
Earmarked balances (a to c)										
a. Famine Relief Fund	0.10	0.10	0.00							
b. Sinking Fund	440.00	676.43	236.43							
Interest Realised	222.08	236.53	14.45							
*No increase, figures adopted by rounding of 0.096	1	*No increase, figures adopted by rounding of 0.0961								

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Cash balances decreased from ₹ 2735.44 crore to ₹1509.45 crore during the year. Further, the State Government's investments in GOI securities decreased from ₹ 2290.15 crore as on 31 March 2011 to ₹ 429.81 crore as on 31 March 2012. The investment in earmarked balances increased by ₹ 236.43 crore in the year ending 31 March 2012. Interest of ₹ 236.53 crore realized on investment during 2011-12 was higher by ₹ 14.45 crore than the interest realised ₹ 222.08 crore) during 2010-11.

Test check of records of Cooperative department headquarters, five District Planning Offices¹², Principal, Srikrishna Medical College, Muzaffarpur and 12 Corporations¹³, Councils, Undertakings and Societies revealed that Government Funds to the tune of ₹ 2413.57 Crore was lying in 66 Commercial Bank accounts, Fixed Deposit etc of these institutions/organizations (Details in *Appendix 1.10*) as indicated in foot note no. 5 of Statement1 of Finance Accounts.

1.7 Assets and Liabilities

1.7.1 Growth and composition of assets and liabilities

The existing Government accounting system does not provide for the comprehensive accounting of fixed assets like land and buildings owned by the Government. *Appendix 1.11* gives the summarised financial position of the State Government as on 31 March 2011 and 2012. The major liabilities were internal borrowings, loans and advances from the GOI, receipts from the Public Account and Reserve Funds, whereas the assets included the capital outlays, loans and advances given by the State Government and cash balances.

Total liability means the liabilities under the Consolidated Fund and Public Account of the State and also includes borrowings by Public Sector Undertakings and special purpose vehicles and other equivalent instruments, including guarantees where the principal and/or interest are to be serviced out of the State budgets.

1.7.2 Fiscal Liabilities

The trends in outstanding Fiscal liabilities of the State are presented in **Table 1.16** and **Chart 1.9.**

Table 1.16: Outstanding Fiscal Liabilities 14

Year	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12					
Amount (₹ in crore)	50989.18	54976.75	58689.91	62858.01	67811.84					
Growth Rate	3.87	7.82	6.75	7.10	7.88					
Ratio of fiscal liabilities to										
GSDP	0.429	0.363	0.331	0.289	0.259					
Revenue receipts	1.807	1.667	1.652	1.412	1.321					
Own resources	9.086	7.504	6.013	5.791	5.022					
Buoyancy ratio of fiscal liabilities to	Buoyancy ratio of fiscal liabilities to									
GSDP	0.260	0.284	0.396	0.313	0.386					
Revenue receipts	0.174	0.462	0.875	0.280	0.517					
Own resources	0.165	0.256	0.203	0.633	0.323					

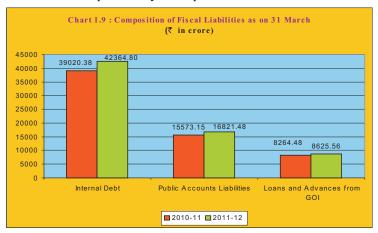
(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

¹² Ara, Bhabhua, Buxar, Motihari, and Rohtas.

Bihar Aapada Punarwas Evam Punarnirman Society Bihar School Examination Board (Secondary), Bihar Medical Services and Infrastruture Corporation Limited), Bihar Madhyamik Shiksha Parishad, Bihar Mahadalit Vikas Mission, Bihar Rajya Pul Nirman Nigam Ltd., Bihar Rural Road Development Authority, Bihar State Educational Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited, Bihar State Health Society, Bihar Urban Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited, Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, and Bihar State Women Development Corporation.

Market loan, Loans and advances from GOI, Loans from Small Savings, PF, etc and other obligation

Fiscal liabilities of the State increased by $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ 50989.18 crore in 2007-08 to $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ 67811.84 crore in 2011-12. The composition of the fiscal liabilities during the current year *vis-à-vis* the previous year is presented in **Chart 1.9.**



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

As may be seen from **Table 1.16** above the overall fiscal liabilities of the State increased from ₹ 62858.01 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 67811.84 crore in 2011-12. The growth rate of fiscal liabilities increased from 7.10 *per cent* in 2010-11 to 7.88 *per cent* in 2011-12. However, the ratio of fiscal liabilities to GSDP decreased from 42.88 *per cent* in 2007-08 to 25.86 *per cent* during 2011-12 and was lower than norm of 30 *per cent* recommended by ThFC. It was also significantly lower than the FRBM target of 46.40 *per cent* for the current year. The liabilities stood at 1.32 times the revenue receipts and 5.02 times the State's own resources at the end of 2011-12. The buoyancy of these liabilities with respect to GSDP during the year was 0.386. The decreasing trend of ratio of fiscal liabilities to GSDP indicates the State's capability to discharge its liabilities.

1.7.3 Status of Guarantees-Contingent liabilities

Guarantees are liabilities contingent on the Consolidated Fund of the State in case of default by the borrower for whom the guarantee has been extended. No law under Article 293 of the Constitution has been passed by the State legislature laying down the limit within which the Government may give guarantees on the security of the Consolidated Fund of the State. The position of guarantees given by the State Government for the last three years is shown in **Table 1.17.**

Table-1.17: Guarantees given by the Government

(₹ in crore)

			(\ III crore)
Guarantees	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Maximum amount guaranteed	1547.73	1549.03	2049.03
Outstanding amount (Principal) of guarantees	898.83	587.96	1092.34
Percentage of maximum amount guaranteed to total	4.36	3.48	3.99
revenue receipts	(35527)	(44532)	(51320)
Figures in brackets indicate revenue receipts			

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

It was evident that the guarantees amounting to ₹ 504.38 crore was issued by the Government during 2011-12. The outstanding amount of ₹ 1092.34 crore of guarantees as on 31 March 2012 was mainly in respect of Bihar State Food and Civil Supplies Corporation (₹ 500 crore), Bihar State Electricity Board (₹ 194.68 crore), Credit co-operative (₹ 157.89 crore) and Bihar State Financial

Corporation (₹ 127.47 crore). Further, the State Government had not yet established a guarantee redemption fund by charging guarantee fees for the discharge of any liability as was recommended by Twelfth FC.

1.8 Debt Sustainability

Apart from the magnitude of debt of the State Government, it is important to analyze the various indicators that determine the debt sustainability¹⁵ of the State. This section assesses the sustainability of debt of the State Government in terms of debt stabilization¹⁶; sufficiency of non-debt receipts¹⁷; Non-availability of borrowed funds¹⁸, burden of interest payments (measured by interest payments to revenue receipts ratio) and maturity profile of the State Government securities.

Table 1.18 analyses the debt sustainability of the State, according to said indicators for the period of five years beginning from 2007-08.

Table 1.18: Debt Sustainability: Indicators and Trends

(₹ in crore)

				(in crore)			
Indicators of Debt Sustainability	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12			
Debt Stabilisation (Quantum Spread	5925.05	10729.53	-226.39	9449.84	7910.80			
+ Primary Surplus)								
Sufficiency of non-debt receipts (Resource	1318.00	-804.00	-1524	3372	-1485.07			
Gap)								
Net Availability of borrowed funds	-1496.00	93.28	28	71	651			
Burden of Interest Payments (IP/RR Ratio) 0.13 0.11 0.10					0.10			
Maturity Profile of State Debt (in years)*								
Zero to one year (2012)				73	8.69 (3.66)			
One to three years (2013-2015)				4450	.55 (22.06)			
Three to five years (2016-2017)					5.05 (4.44)			
Five to seven years (2018-2019)				7488	.93 (37.12)			
More than seven years (2020 and after that)				6600	.00 (32.72)			
Total market borrowing					20173.22			
(100.00								
* The table contains maturity profile of market loans on	ly for which ye	ear of maturity	was available	in Finance A	accounts for			
	the year 2011-12							
# Figures in bracket indicate <i>per cent</i> of repayment due.								

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

The position of each indicator was as under:

If the quantum spread together with primary deficit is zero, the debt-GSDP ratio would be constant or debt would stabilise eventually. The quantum spread together with the primary deficit decreased from ₹ 9449.84 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 7910.80 crore in 2011-12 which indicates that the sustainability of the debt has decreased.

Net availability of borrowed funds increased from $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 71 crore in 2010-11 to $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 651 crore in 2011-12.

Defined as the ratio of the debt redemption (Principal plus Interest Payments) to total debt receipts and indicates the extent to which the debt receipts are used in debt redemption indicating the net availability of borrowed funds.

The Debt sustainability is defined as the ability of the State to maintain a constant debt-GSDP ratio over a period of time and also embodies the concern about ability to service its debt. Sustainability of debt therefore also refers to sufficiency of liquid assets to meet current or committed obligations and the capacity to keep balance between costs of additional borrowings with return from such borrowings. It means that rise in fiscal deficit should match with the increase in capacity to service the debt.

A necessary condition for stability states that if the rate of growth of economy exceeds the interest rate or cost of public borrowings, the debt-GSDP ratio is likely to be stable provided balances are either zero or positive or are moderately negative. Given the rate spread (GSDP growth rate interest rate) and quantum spread (Debt multiplied by rate spread), debt sustainability condition states that if quantum spread together with primary deficit is zero, debt-GSDP ratio would be constant or debt would stabilize eventually. On the other hand, if primary deficit together with quantum spread turns out to be negative, debt-GSDP ratio would be rising and in case it is positive, debt-GSDP ratio would eventually starts falling.

Adequacy of incremental non-debt receipts of the State to cover the incremental interest liabilities and incremental primary expenditure. The debt sustainability could be significantly facilitated if the incremental non-debt receipts could meet the incremental interest burden and incremental expenditure.

As per Statement No.6 of Finance Accounts for the year 2011-12, the Government, raised internal debt of ₹ 5801 crore, loans and advances from GOI ₹ 827 crore, other liabilities ₹ 11943 crore and repaid internal debts of ₹ 2457 crore, loans and advances from GOI ₹ 465 crore and discharged other liabilities worth ₹ 10694 crore. Consequently, the net availability of borrowed funds was only ₹ 651 crore during the year.

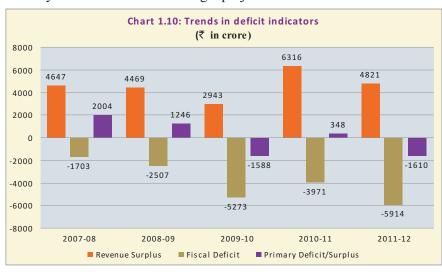
The maturity profile of the State's debt as per Table 1.18 indicated that nearly 30.16 per cent of the total debts were repayable within the next five years, while the remaining 69.84 per cent were payable thereafter. State was liable to repay debts of ₹895.05 crore during the period 2016-17, ₹7488.93 crore during 2018-19 and ₹6600 crore during 2020 and after that for which it will have to improve its debt sustainability to generate funds for repayment of loans in the coming years. A well-planned debt repayment strategy will have to be worked out by the Government to ensure that no additional borrowings, which mature in these critical years, are made.

1.9 Fiscal Imbalances

Three key fiscal parameters-revenue, fiscal and primary deficits, indicate the extent of overall fiscal imbalances in the State Finances during a specified period. The deficit in the Government accounts represents the gap between receipts and expenditure. The nature of the deficit is an indicator of the prudence of fiscal management by the Government. Further the ways in which the deficit was financed and the resources raised were applied are important pointers to fiscal health. This section represents the trends, magnitude and the manner of financing of these deficits and the assessment of the actual levels of revenue and fiscal deficits *vis-a-vis* targets set under FRBM Act/Rules for the year 2011-12.

1.9.1 Trends of Deficits

The State achieved revenue surplus since 2007-08 and remained in revenue surplus thereafter. **Chart 1.10** indicates that while the actual surplus increased by ₹ 3373 crore during 2010-11 but decreased by ₹ 1495 crore in 2011-12 compared to the previous year. The revenue surplus of ₹ 4821 crore during 2011-12 was significantly less than the States' Budget projection of ₹ 6272 crore.



(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Table 1.19: Trends in deficit indicators over the period 2007-12

Particulars	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Revenue surplus/GSDP	0.039	0.029	0.017	0.029	0.018
Fiscal deficit/GSDP	0.014	0.017	0.030	0.018	0.023
Primary surplus/GSDP	0.017	0.008	-0.009	0.002	-0.006

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

During the year, the revenue surplus decreased by ₹ 1495 crore leading to increase in the fiscal deficit from ₹ 3971 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 5914 crore in 2011-12. The ratio of fiscal deficit to GSDP (2.26 per cent) was however well within three per cent as laid down in its FRBM Act and projections recommended by the ThFC's for the year 2011-12.

Further, the primary surplus of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}$ 348 crore (2010-11) turned into primary deficit of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}$ 1610 crore during the year (*Appendix 1.7*).

1.9.2 Components of Fiscal Deficit and its Financing Pattern

The financing pattern of fiscal deficit has undergone a composite shift. Receipts and disbursements under the components of financing the deficit during 2011-12 are given in **Table 1.20**.

Table 1.20: Components of Fiscal Deficit and its Financing Pattern

(₹ in crore)

	Particulars	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Composition of Fiscal Deficit		(-)1703.46	(-)2506.97	(-)5273.01	(-)3970.31	(-)5914.90
1	Revenue Deficit/Revenue Surplus	4646.85	4469.11	2942.66	6316.40	4820.68
2	Net Capital Expenditure	(-) 6103.78	(-)6436.35	(-) 7332.09	(-)9195.94	(-)8852.01
3	Net Loans and Advances	(-)246.53	(-) 539.73	(-)883.58	(-) 1090.77	(-)1883.57
Fina	ncing Pattern of Fiscal Deficit*					
1	Market Borrowings	(-) 779.56	3757.12	2501.91	1707.78	2593.90
2	Loans from GOI	39.75	(-) 278.81	(-) 49.35	316.03	361.08
3	Special Securities Issued to NSSF	661.59	529.08	1472.52	1533.39	505.56
4	Loans from Financial Institutions	58.26	238.22	226.32	285.20	244.96
5	Small Savings, PF etc.	268.40	144.41	(-)262.86	252.70	(-)2.13
6	Deposits and Advances	1700.04	(-)690.52	(-)134.15	50.94	932.91
7	Suspense and Miscellaneous	(-)2190.35	395.96	(-) 290.89	1830.68	1238.71
8	Remittances	618.30	(-)221.57	(-) 54.82	79.96	-36.82
9	Reserve Fund	(-) 44.60	293.24	(-) 41.69	23.72	335.93
10	Inter State Settlement	-	-	-	-	74.02
11	Overall Surplus/Deficit	-1371.62	1660.14	-1906.02	6080.37	6248.12
12	Increase / decrease in cash balance#				-2110.06	333.22
13	Gross Fiscal Deficit				3970.31	5914.90

^{*} All these figures are net of disbursements/outflows during the year.

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Table 1.21: Receipts and Disbursements financing the fiscal deficit during 2011-12

₹ in crore)

				(x in crore)
Sl.	Particulars Particulars	Receipts	Disbursements	Net
No.		1		
1	Market Borrowings	4000.00	1406.10	2593.90
2	Loans from GOI	826.56	465.48	361.08
3	Special Securities Issued to National Small Savings Fund	1112.54	606.98	505.56
4	Loans from Financial Institutions	688.85	443.89	244.96
5	Small Savings, PF etc.	1031.81	1033.94	-2.13
6	Deposits and Advances	9877.98	8945.07	932.91
7	Suspense and Miscellaneous	124344.11	123105.40	1238.71
8	Remittances	9859.15	9895.97	-36.82
9	Reserve Funds	1114.53	778.60	335.93
10	Inter State Settlement	75.41	1.39	74.02
11	Overall surplus (-) deficit (+)			6248.12
12	Increase / decrease in cash balance			333.22
13	Gross Fiscal Deficit			5914.90

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

[#] Cash balance (Deposit with Reserve bank and remittance in treasury).

The fiscal deficit, which represents the borrowing of the Government and its resource gap increased from ₹ 3970.31 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 5914.90 crore in 2011-12 but was less than that projected in the Budget estimates (₹ 6194.03 crore).

During 2010-11, fiscal deficit was 43.17 *per cent* of capital expenditure but increased to 66.82 *per cent* during 2011-12. During the year 2007-08, the fiscal deficit was mainly financed by Deposits and Advances, Special Securities issued to NSSF and Remittances whereas during 2011-12, the fiscal deficit was mainly financed by Market Borrowings, Suspense and Miscellaneous, Deposits and Advances.

1.9.3 Quality of Deficit/Surplus

The ratio of revenue deficit to fiscal deficit and the decomposition of primary deficit into primary revenue deficit¹⁹ and capital expenditure (including loans and advances) would indicate the quality of deficit in the State's Finances. The bifurcation of the primary deficit (**Table 1.22**) would indicate the extent to which the deficit was on account of enhancement in capital expenditure, which may have been desirable to improve the productive capacity of the State's economy.

Table 1.22: Primary deficit/Surplus – Bifurcation of factors

(₹ in crore)

							(
Year	Non-debt receipts ²⁰	Primary Revenue Exp- enditure ²¹	Capital Exp- enditure	Loans and Advances	Primary Exp- enditure	Primary revenue deficit (-)/surplus (+)	Primary deficit (-) /surplus (+)
1	2	3	4	5	6 (3+4+5)	7 (2-3)	8 (2-6)
2007-08	28236	19856	6104 (23)	272	26232	8380	+2004
2008-09	32992	24759	6436 (20)	551	31746	8233	+1246
2009-10	35540	28899	7332 (21)	897	37128	6641	-1588
2010-11	44544	33897	9196(4)	1103	44196	10647	+348
2011-12	51343	42195	8852	1906	52953	9148	-1610

(Source: State Finance Accounts of the respective years)

Table above indicates that the Government had a primary revenue surplus of ₹ 8380 crore in 2007-08 which decreased to ₹ 6641 crore in 2009-10, but increased to ₹ 10647 crore in 2010-11 and finally decreased to ₹ 9148 crore in 2011-12. This was due to increase in primary expenditure (which includes primary revenue expenditure, capital expenditure and loans and advances) from ₹ 26232 crore in 2007-08 to ₹ 52953 crore in 2011-12. The details indicate that non-debt receipts were enough to meet the primary revenue expenditure and part of these receipts were utilized to meet capital expenditure. Though the State had primary surplus of ₹ 2004 crore in 2007-08, it turned into primary deficit of ₹ 1610 crore in 2011-12.

1.10 Conclusion

Pattern of Revenue and expenditure

The financial position of the State was stable during the year. In spite of slowdown in the Indian economy, the Revenue receipts of the Government of Bihar increased by 15.24 *per cent* during the year primarily due to significant increase in its own tax revenue by 27.78 *per cent* and higher tax devolution from the GOI by

Primary revenue deficit is defined as the gap between non-interest revenue expenditure of the State and its non-debt receipts and indicates the extent to which the non-debt receipts are able to meet the primary expenditure incurred under revenue account.

Non-debt receipts is the aggregate of Revenue receipts and recovery of loans and advances.

Primary revenue expenditure is the difference between revenue expenditure and interest payment.

16.50 per cent. Tax revenue was more than 35.58 per cent and 0.23 per cent of the ThFC projection and Budget Estimates respectively. Non-tax revenue, however, declined by 9.71 per cent during the year particularly due to recovery of the debt waiver given by the GOI in 2009-10 and non-payment of pension liabilities of the pre-reorganisation period by the Government of Jharkhand.

Revenue expenditure during the year increased by 21.68 *per cent* (₹ 8283.57 crore). The increase was mainly due to the increase in expenditure on General Services by 15.98 *per cent* (₹ 2442.75 crore), Social Services by 24.12 *per cent* (₹ 3639.36 crore) and Economic Services by 28.09 *per cent* (₹ 2201.54 crore).

The non-plan revenue expenditure (NPRE) during 2011-12 increased by ₹ 6697 crore (25 per cent) mainly due to increase in the expenditure under Education, Sports, Art and Culture services (₹ 1941 crore), Rural development (₹ 1134 crore), Energy (₹ 946 crore), Transport (₹ 154 crore), and Health and Family Welfare (₹ 144 crore).

The plan revenue expenditure during 2011-12 increased by ₹ 1587 crore (15 per cent) relative to 2010-11 mainly due to increase under Social welfare and nutrition (₹ 673 crore), Welfare of Scheduled caste, Scheduled tribes and other backward castes (₹ 501 crore), General economic services (₹ 178 crore) and Health and family welfare (₹ 157 crore).

Expenditure under subsidies increased by 97.95 *per cent* over the previous year and constitutes six *per cent* of revenue expenditure.

Capital expenditure decreased by $\stackrel{?}{\checkmark}$ 344 crore from the previous year and accounted for 15 *per cent* of the total expenditure.

Review of Government investments

The average return of State Government's investment in Statutory Corporations, Rural Banks, Joint Stock Companies and Co-operative Institutions was 0.26 *per cent* in last five years while the Government paid average interest rate of 6.96 *per cent* on its borrowings during this period.

Fiscal Parameters

Revenue surplus of ₹ 4821 crore during 2011-12 was significantly less than the State's Budget projection (₹ 6272 crore).

The fiscal deficit ₹ 5914 crore) increased as compared to the previous year and constituted 2.26 *per cent* of GSDP but was well within the limit (three *per cent*) fixed by ThFC and the State's own FRBM Act.

Fiscal liabilities (₹ 67811.84 crore) increased by 7.88 per cent over previous year. The fiscal liabilities to GSDP ratio at 25.86 per cent was lower than norms of 30 per cent recommended by ThFC.

Funds transferred directly from the GOI to the State implementing agencies

The GOI directly transferred ₹ 8958 crore to the State implementing agencies during 2011-12. These funds are not routed through the State Budget. Direct transfer of funds from GOI to these agencies implies the presence of an adequate control mechanism for effective oversight of utilization of funds, in the absence of which it could impact and inhibit the FRBM requirement of transparency in fiscal operations and accountability.

1.11 Recommendations

- State should make efforts to augment its non-tax revenue.
- There is an urgent need for the State to set up a Guarantee Redemption Fund financed by the guarantee fees collected. This will ensure timely repayment of guaranteed amounts from this fund.
- Central funds transferred directly to State implementing agencies constituted a significant amount of expenditure during the year. However, the State implementing agencies did not have a uniform accounting procedure or reporting protocol regarding the utilization of these funds. Since there is no certainty regarding the amount of funds actually utilized during the year, there is an urgent need to institutionalize transparency and accountability systems for better monitoring of Central funds directly transferred to State implementing agencies both by the State and by the Government of India.
- The State may take steps to ensure better value for money for investments. Projects which are justified on account of low financial but high socio-economic returns may be indentified and prioritized with full justification for channeling high-cost borrowing there.
- The Government may review the status of State Public Sector Undertakings and work out a revival strategy for those undertakings which can be made viable. Undertakings which are not likely to be viable may be closed down.

Financial Management and Budgetary Control

2.1 Introduction

- **2.1.1** Appropriation Accounts are the accounts of expenditure, voted and charged, of the Government for each financial year, compared with the amounts of the voted grants and appropriations charged for different purposes, as specified in the schedules appended to the Appropriation Acts. These Accounts list the original budget estimates, supplementary grants, surrenders and re-appropriations distinctly and indicate actual revenue and capital expenditure on various specified services *vis-à-vis* those authorized by the Appropriation Act in respect of both charged and voted items of the budget. Appropriation Accounts, thus, facilitates the management of finances and monitoring of budgetary provisions and are complementary to the Finance Accounts.
- **2.1.2** Audit of appropriations by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India seeks to ascertain whether the expenditure actually incurred under the various grants is within the authorization given under the Appropriation Act and that the expenditure required to be charged under the provisions of the Constitution is so charged. It also ascertains whether the expenditure so incurred is in conformity with the laws, relevant rules, regulations and instructions.
- 2.1.3 As per the Bihar Budget Manual, the Finance Department is responsible for preparation of the annual budget by obtaining estimates from various departments. The departmental estimates of receipts and expenditure are prepared by Controlling Officers on the advice of the heads of departments and submitted to the Finance Department on prescribed dates. The Finance Department consolidates the estimates and prepares the Detailed Estimates called 'Demands for Grants'. In the preparation of the budget, the aim should be to achieve as close an approximation to the actual as possible. This onerous exercise requires lot of foresight, both in estimating revenue and anticipating expenditure. An avoidable extra provision in an estimate is as much a budgetary irregularity as an excess in the sanctioned expenditure. The budget procedure envisages that the sum provided in an estimate of expenditure on a particular item must be that sum which can be expended in the year and neither larger nor smaller. A saving in spending constitutes as much of a financial irregularity as an excess of expenditure. The budget estimates of receipts should be based on the existing rates of taxes, duties, fees etc.

Deficiencies in the management of budget and expenditure and violation of the Budget Manual noticed in audit have been discussed in the subsequent paragraphs.

2.2 Summary of Appropriation Accounts

The summarized position of expenditure during 2011-12 against 51 grants/appropriations is given in **Table 2.1**.

Table 2.1: Expenditure vis-a-vis Original/Supplementary provisions

(₹ in crore)

						(\ III CI OI C)
	Nature of expenditure	Original grant/ appropriation	Supplementary grant/ appropriation	Total	Expenditure	Savings (-) Excess (+)
Voted	I Revenue	45194.13	8033.04	53227.17	42853.64	-10373.53
	II Capital	11447.81	2170.29	13618.10	8984.42	-4633.68
	III Loans and Advances	1036.61	991.39	2028.00	1907.47	-120.53
Total Vote	Total Voted		11194.72	68873.27	53745.53	-15127.74
Charged	IV Revenue	5090.65	6.26	5096.91	4633.06	-463.85
	V Capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	VI Public Debt- Repayment	2907.89	18.70	2926.59	2922.46	-4.13
Total Cha	Total Charged		24.96	8023.50	7555.52	-467.98
	Appropriation to Contingency Fund (if any)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grand Tot	Grand Total		11219.68	76896.77	61301.05	-15595.72

Note: The expenditure includes recoveries/refund of revenue expenditure amounting to ₹ 987.21 crore and recoveries of capital expenditure amounting to ₹ 132.40 crore, adjusted as reduction of expenditure. (Source: Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

The overall savings of ₹ 15595.72 crore was the result of savings of ₹ 10837.38 crore in 46 grants and eight appropriations under the Revenue Section and ₹ 4637.81 crore in 32 grants and one appropriation under the Capital Section and ₹ 120.53 crore in nine grants under the Loan Section.

Supplementary provisions of ₹ 11219.68 crore obtained during the year constituted 17.08 *per cent* of the original provision as against 22.93 *per cent* in the previous year.

The cases of savings/excesses were intimated (July 2012) by Accountant General (A&E), Bihar to the Controlling Officers, requesting them to reconcile the excess/savings but their explanations for excess/savings had not been received (October 2012).

2.3 Financial Accountability and Budget Management

2.3.1 Appropriation vis-à-vis Allocative Priorities

Rule 65 of the Bihar Budget Manual provides that the Controlling officer should examine the budget estimates received from the disbursing officers to see that they are formally correct, that all details and explanations have been given and that the explanations are adequate. If inadequate, the provision should be altered. Further, under Rule 78 of the Bihar Budget Manual, copies of estimates received should be examined by the administrative department and the Finance Department and any point calling for examination should be dealt with at once. The administrative departments should not wait for the Finance Department to discover points requiring examination, but should proceed with the examination of the estimates immediately on their receipt.

The object of the examination by the administrative department is to detect excessive or inadequate provisions in the budget estimates and its revisions which they can do more easily than the Finance Department in view of their more

intimate knowledge of the actual conditions. It is also necessary that there should be no delay in getting replies to the budget slips issued by the Finance Department. This can only be achieved if the points referred to by the Finance department have been previously considered by the administrative department concerned and enquiries had been made by them in advance. It is of utmost importance that a budget slip should ordinarily be answered within a week of its receipt and in no case should a slip remain unanswered for more than a fortnight.

The outcome of appropriation audit revealed that in 29 grants, savings exceeded ₹ 10 crore in each case and also by more than 20 per cent of the total provision (Appendix 2.1). Against the total savings of ₹ 15595.72 crore, savings of ₹ 8907.78 crore (57.12 per cent) occurred in 10 grants having savings of ₹ 500 crore and above as indicated in **Table 2.2.** The major savings under the Revenue Voted section occurred in Education Department (₹ 2258.89 crore); Panchayati Raj Department (₹ 1120.56 crore) and Urban Development & Housing Department (₹ 713.46 crore). Under Capital Voted Section, the major savings occurred in Energy Department (₹ 871.99 crore), Finance Department (₹ 805.52 crore) and Planning and Development Department (₹ 771.67 crore). Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

Table-2.2: List of Grants with savings of ₹ 500 *crore and above*

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	No. and Name of the Grant	Original	Supplemen- tary	Total	Expendit- ure	Savings	Surrenders out of savings
Reven	ue-Voted						savings
1	21-Education Department	10915.91	1976.52	12892.43	10633.54	2258.89	1695.87
2	16-Panchayati Raj Department	2982.88	316.90	3299.78	2179.22	1120.56	210.00
3	48-Urban Development and Housing Department	1283.78	91.05	1374.83	661.37	713.46	326.33
4	51-Social Welfare Department	2808.47	467.04	3275.51	2599.27	676.24	520.19
5	22-Home Department	3534.19	380.88	3915.07	3380.33	534.74	128.82
6	20-Health Department	2305.31	151.90	2457.21	1928.36	528.85	104.11
	Total		3384.29	27214.83	21382.09	5832.74	2985.32
Capita	l-Voted						
7	10-Energy Department	1733.93	181.45	1915.38	1043.39	871.99	798.23
8	12-Finance Department	24.00	811.23	835.23	29.71	805.52	3.78
9	35-Planning and Development Department	767.24	213.12	980.36	208.69	771.67	711.67
10	49-Water Resources Department	2096.38	343.51	2439.89	1814.03	625.86	547.11
	Total	4621.55	1549.31	6170.86	3095.82	3075.04	2060.79
	Grand Total	28452.09	4933.60	33385.69	24477.91	8907.78	5046.11

(Source: Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

Some cases of savings exceeding ₹ 500 crore are discussed below:

Revenue Voted:

i. Grant Number "21-Education Department"

Against the Original provision of ₹ 10915.91 crore, the expenditure was only ₹ 10633.54 crore, resulting in savings of ₹ 282.37 crore. Further, augmentation of funds (₹ 1976.52 crore) through supplementary grants proved unnecessary as the whole amount remained unutilized during the year. Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

ii. Grant Number "16-Panchayati Raj Department"

Supplementary provisions of ₹ 316.90 crore proved unnecessary as the total expenditure of ₹ 2179.22 crore was less than the original budget (₹ 2982.88 crore). Savings (₹ 1120.56 crore) mainly occurred under the head 2515-Other Rural Development Programmes, 101-Panchayati Raj (State Plan), 0111-Backward Region Grant Fund Scheme (₹ 494.01 crore), 2515-Other Rural Development Programmes, 198-Assistance to Gram Panchayats, 0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj Institutions (₹114.78 crore). Reasons for final savings have been analysed in paragraph 2.8.

iii Grant Number "48- Urban Development and Housing Department"

Supplementary provision of ₹ 91.05 crore proved unnecessary as the total expenditure of ₹ 661.37 crore was less than the original budget (₹1283.78 crore). Savings (₹713.46 crore) was mainly under the head 2217-Urban Development, 80-General, 800-Other Expenditure, 0116-Grants-in-aid to Urban Local Bodies for integrated urban development (₹260 crore). Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

Capital Voted:

iv. Grant Number "10-Energy Department"

The grant closed with savings of ₹ 871.99 crore against the total budget of ₹ 1915.38 crore. Supplementary provision (₹ 181.45 crore) proved unnecessary. Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

v. Grant Number "12-Finance Department"

Against the provisions of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 835.23 crore, the expenditure was only $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 29.71 crore, resulting in savings of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 805.52 crore. Further augmentation of funds ($\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 811.23 crore) through supplementary grants proved unnecessary as out of ($\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 811.23 crore), only $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 5.71 crore was utilized and the rest $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 805.52 crore remained unutilized. Savings of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 3.78 crore were surrendered due to non-receipt of proposal in time. Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

vi. Grant Number "35-Planning and Development Department"

Supplementary provision proved unnecessary as the total expenditure of ₹ 208.69 crore was less than both original provision (₹ 767.24 crore) as well as supplementary provision (₹ 213.12 crore). Bihar Government account showed that savings (₹ 771.67 crore) were mainly under the head 4070-Capital outlay on Other Administrative Services, 0107-Chief Minister Area Development Programme (₹ 664.59 crore including surrender of ₹ 604.59 crore). The Principal Secretary, Planning and Development Department, Government of Bihar in his surrender letter (31 March 2012) attributed substantial savings to delayed issuance of Authority for cheque drawal and non-posting of Divisional Accountants by AG (A&E). On verification it was found that the request of department itself was received in the Office of the AG (A&E) in March 2012. Further, appointment/posting of 67 Divisional Accountants was not possible within a month. Hence, the department itself was responsible for the savings and needed to improve its functioning so as to avoid recurrence of such incidence in the future.

2.3.2 Persistent Savings

Test check revealed that during the last five years, in 11 cases, there were persistent savings of more than ₹ 20 crore in each case and ranged between 11 to 76 per cent of the total grants as indicated in Appendix 2.2. Reasons for final savings have not been intimated (December 2012).

2.3.3 Excess over provisions relating to previous years requiring regularisation

As per Article 205 of the Constitution of India, it is mandatory for a State Government to get excesses over grants/appropriations regularized by the State Legislature. Although no time limit for regularization of expenditure has been prescribed under the Article, the regularization of excess expenditure is done after the completion of discussion of the Appropriation Accounts by the Public Accounts Committee (PAC). However, expenditure amounting to $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ 2278.22 crore for the previous years (1977 to 2011) was still to be regularized as shown in *Appendix 2.3*.

2.3.4 Unnecessary supplementary provisions

Rule 117 of the Bihar Budget Manual lays down the procedure for obtaining supplementary grants. As per this Rule, when the administrative department considers that a supplementary grant is necessary, whether to meet a new specific item of expenditure or to cover a probable excess in the voted grant due to unforeseen causes, it should first consult the Finance Department.

Supplementary provisions aggregating ₹ 5879.14 crore obtained in 51 cases (42 grants/appropriations), involving ₹ 10 lakh or more in each case during the year proved unnecessary as the expenditure did not come up to the level of the original provisions as detailed in *Appendix 2.4*.

From the above facts, it is clear that the Controlling Officers failed to exercise their responsibilities envisaged under Rule 11 of the Bihar Financial Rules. Demands for supplementary provisions without assessing the actual requirements indicated lack of control on the part of the controlling authorities.

2.3.5 Excessive/ unnecessary re-appropriation of funds

Rule 37 of the Bihar Budget Manual defines re-appropriation as the transfer of funds by a competent authority of a particular sum of money from one unit of appropriation to meet the specific expenditure under another.

Test check revealed that under 12 grants involving 30 sub-heads, additional funds of ₹ 25.92 crore provided through re-appropriation proved unnecessary as the final savings were ₹145.74 crore, as detailed in *Appendix 2.5*. Further, in two cases ₹ 290.87 crore was injudiciously withdrawn through re-appropriations, when there was excess expenditure of ₹ 205.63 crore as detailed in **Table 2.3**.

Table 2.3: Injudicious withdrawal s through re-appropriation of funds

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Grant No.	Head of Accounts and Description	Total Provision	Re- approp- riation	Total Surrender	Expend- iture	Final Excess
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8=7- (4+5+6)
1		2059-Public Works, 80-General, 053- Maintenance and Repairs, 0004-Electric Works	2.60	-0.30	-0.75	1.74	+0.19
2	41	5054-Capital outlay on Roads and Bridges, 03-State Highways, 337-Road Works, 0107- Rashtriya Sam Vikas Yojana	1176.61	-290.57	-278.48	813.00	+205.44
		Total	11179.21	-290.87	-279.23	814.74	+205.63

(Source: Grants Register & Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

Under the Head 2059-"Public Works", 80-"General", 053-"Maintenance and Repairs", 0004-"Electric Works of Grant No.03" ₹ 0.30 crore was withdrawn through re-appropriation whereas excess expenditure of ₹ 0.19 crore occurred.

Further, under the Head 5054-"Capital outlay on Roads and Bridges", 03-"State Highways", 337-"Road Works", 0107-"Rashtriya Sam Vikas Yojana" under Grant No. 41, ₹ 290.57 crore was withdrawn through re-appropriation, whereas excess expenditure of ₹ 205.44 crore was incurred.

Thus instead of providing additional funds to meet additional requirements, withdrawal of funds was made from the deficient accounts.

Further, in 36 cases, withdrawals through re-appropriation of ₹ 85.54 crore proved insufficient since there remained savings of ₹ 582.49 crore under the relevant detailed heads of these grants as shown in *Appendix 2.6*.

The above instances are indicative of the fact that the Controlling Officers failed to anticipate their actual requirements and did not have up to date information regarding expenditure and re-appropriation.

2.3.6 Substantial surrenders

As per Rule 112 of the Bihar Budget Manual, spending departments are required to surrender the grants/appropriations or portions thereof to the Finance Department as and when savings are anticipated, without waiting till the end of the year, unless they are required to meet excesses under some other unit or units which are definitely foreseen at that time. No savings should be held in reserve for possible future excesses.

In 22 grants involving 69 sub-heads, against the total provision of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}$ 5838.96 crore, funds amounting to $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}$ 4251.53 crore (72.81 per cent) were surrendered as indicated in **Appendix 2.7**. The surrender under each unit ranged between 50.11 to 99.99 per cent ($\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}$ five crore and more than 50 per cent of the total provision in each case). These funds were surrendered on account of either non-implementation or slow implementation of schemes/programmes.

Further, there was 100 *per cent* surrender of funds (₹ 1472.61 crore) in 192 schemes under 30 grants/appropriations (*Appendix 2.8*) due to non-implementation of schemes and the beneficiaries were deprived of the benefits and services which could have been derived from these schemes.

2.3.7 Surrender in excess of actual savings

In four cases, the amount injudiciously surrendered ($\overline{\mathfrak{C}}$ one crore or more in each case) were in excess of the actual savings, indicating lack of or inadequate budgetary control in these departments. As against savings of $\overline{\mathfrak{C}}$ 105.85 crore, the amount surrendered was $\overline{\mathfrak{C}}$ 393.60 crore, resulting in excess surrender of $\overline{\mathfrak{C}}$ 287.75 crore as given in **Table 2.4.**

Table 2.4: Surrenders in excess of actual savings (₹ one crore or more)

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Number and name of the grant/ appropriation	Total grant/ appropriation	Saving	Amount surrendered	Amount surrendered in excess (5-4=6)		
1	Revenue – Voted 2	3	4	5	6		
1	17-Commercial Tax	82.38	17.23	18.52	1.29		
2	24-Information and Public Relation	65.03	8.23	19.42	11.19		
3	38-Registration, Excise and Prohibition	124.21	39.67	40.79	1.12		
	Total	271.62	65.13	78.73	13.60		
	Capital- Voted						
4	41-Road Construction	4097.19	40.72	314.87	274.15		
	Total	4097.19	40.72	314.87	274.15		
	Grand Total	4368.81	105.85	393.60	287.75		

(Source: Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

Injudicious surrenders of non-existent surpluses indicated lack of monitoring by the Controlling Officers of the departments.

2.3.8 Anticipated savings not surrendered/belatedly surrendered

Audit scrutiny revealed that in violation of Rule 112 of Bihar Budget Manual, savings of ₹ 5498.56 crore (49.64 *per cent*) out of ₹ 11076.29 crore under 26 grants/ appropriations (savings of ₹ one crore or more and above 10 *per cent* in each case), were not surrendered, details of which are given in *Appendix 2.9*.

Besides, in 43 cases, where there was surrender of funds in excess of $\overline{\xi}$ 10 crore and 10 *per cent* of the total provisions in each case, $\overline{\xi}$ 5612.01 crore was surrendered on the last two working days of March 2012 (*Appendix 2.10*).

This shows that the Controlling Officers failed to discharge their basic responsibility of being accountable for budgetary control. These funds were neither utilized for the purposes for which they were allotted nor were these made available for utilization of other needy by re-appropriation.

2.3.9 Rush of Expenditure

As per Rule 113 of the Bihar Budget Manual, no money should be spent hastily or in an ill-considered manner merely because it is available or just to avoid the lapse of a grant. Rush of expenditure, particularly in closing month of the financial year is regarded as breach of financial regularity. Further, the Finance Department had also issued (April 1998) standing orders elaborating the spread plan for uniform expenditure i.e. 33 *per cent* between first April to 31 July; 32 *per cent* between first August to 30 November and 35 *per cent* between first December to 31 March. Besides this it was directed that instructions for compliance of this standing order should invariably be incorporated in each allotment order for expenditure.

Contrary to this, in respect of 30 Major heads listed in *Appendix 2.11*, expenditure exceeding 50 *per cent* of the total expenditure for the year was incurred in the month of March 2012.

Appropriate action needs to be taken to streamline the procedure to avoid heavy expenditure in the closing month of the financial year.

2.4 Unreconciled Expenditure

Rules 475 (viii) of the Bihar Financial Rules states that heads of departments and the Accountant General (A&E), Bihar will be jointly responsible for the reconciliation of the figures given in their respective accounts maintained by the heads of the departments with those that appear in the books of Accountant General (A&E), unless in any case there are special rules or orders to the contrary. Further, as per rule 134 of the Bihar Budget Manual, the head of departments should insist on their staff to follow the procedure laid down for reconciliation of departmental accounts with the Accountant General's books.

Although non-reconciliation of departmental figures with those of the Accountant General (A&E) had been pointed out regularly in Audit Reports, under 73 Major heads, heads of departments did not reconcile expenditure amounting to ₹ 49618.13 crore (exceeding ₹ 10 crore in each case) during 2011-12 as shown in *Appendix 2.12*. Out of which ₹ 27776.10 crore (55.98 *per cent*) relates to 10 Major¹ heads. Further scrutiny revealed that in 20 Major heads no reconciliation was done of ₹ 14645.79 crore (29.48 *per cent* of total non-reconciliation) as detailed in **Table 2.5**.

Table 2.5: Non reconciliation of expenditure during 2011-12

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Major Heads	Booked	Amount not
No.	1.1 .1.1 01 1101100	Expenditure	reconciled
1	2048-Appropriation for reduction or	236.43	236.43
	avoidance of debt		
2	2071-Pensions and Other Retirement Benefits	7808.45	7808.45
3	2203-Technical Education	55.23	55.23
4	2217-Urban Development	572.33	572.33
5	2406-Forestry and wild life	115.90	115.90
6	2705-Command Area Development	89.86	89.86
7	4047-Capital outlay on Other Fiscal Services	36.85	36.85
8	4055-Capital outlay on Police	279.86	279.86
9	4059-Capital outlay on Public Works	193.14	193.14
10	4202- Capital outlay on Education, Sports, Art	56.40	56.40
	and Culture		
11	4210-Capital outlay on Medical and Public	321.05	321.05
	Health		
12	4215-Capital outlay on Water Supply and	305.40	305.40
	Sanitation		
13	4216-Capital outlay on Housing	26.56	26.56
14	4235-Capital outlay on Social Security and	82.44	82.44
	Welfare		
15	4250-Capital outlay on Other Social Services	11.80	11.80
16	4408-Capital outlay on Food Storage and	100.00	100.00
	Warehousing		
17	4702-Capital outlay on Minor Irrigation	149.96	149.96
18	4801-Capital outlay on Power Projects	102.37	102.37
19	4859-Capital outlay on Telecommunication	45.34	45.34
	and Electronic Industries		
20	5054-Capital outlay on Roads and Bridges	4056.42	4056.42
	Total	14645.79	14645.79

(Source: Detailed AA for the year 2011-12 and information of the O/o the AG (A&E))

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²⁰⁴⁹⁻Interest Payments, 2055-Police, 2071-Pensions and Other Retirement Benefits, 2210-Medical and Public Health, 2235-Social Security and Welfare, 2515-Other Rural Development Programme, 2801-Power, 4515-Capital Outlay on other Rural Development Programme, 4711-Capital Outlay on Flood Control Projects and 5054-Capital Outlay on Roads and Bridges.

Further, out of total receipt of ₹ 51320.17 crore during 2011-12, reconciliation was not done for ₹ 13074 crore (25.48 *per cent*) exceeding ₹ 10 crore in each case. Further scrutiny revealed that in 14 Major Heads no reconciliation was done of ₹ 10719.53 crore (20.89 *per cent* of total receipts) as detailed in **Table 2.6**

Table 2. 6: Non reconciliation of receipts during 2011-12

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Major Heads	Booked Receipt	Amount not reconciled
1	0028	29.56	29.56
2	0039	1980.98	1980.98
3	0040	7476.36	7476.36
4	0041	569.13	569.13
5	0042	828.30	828.30
6	0043	54.69	54.69
7	0059	10.06	10.06
8	0070	11.49	11.49
9	0075	-383.78	-383.78
10	0210	23.91	23.91
11	0406	11.04	11.04
12	0515	29.85	29.85
13	0701	17.59	17.59
14	1054	60.35	60.35
	Total 1	10719.53	10719.53
15	0029	167.49	160.94
16	0030	1480.07	1255.28
17	0045	25.52	25.51
18	0049	573.70	573.68
19	0405	10.16	8.43
20	0853	443.10	330.63
	Total 2	2700.04	2354.47
	Grand Total	13419.57	13074.00

(Source: Information received from the Office of the AG (A&E)

2.5 Advance drawal of funds

As per Rule 176 of Bihar Treasury Code, 2011, all charges incurred must be drawn and paid at once and no money should be withdrawn from the Treasury unless it is required for immediate payment. Further Rule 177 provides that no money shall be drawn from the Treasury in anticipation of demands or to prevent lapse of budget grants. If under special circumstance, money is drawn in advance under the orders of a competent authority, the unspent balance of the amount so drawn should be refunded to the Treasury by short drawal in the next bill or with a challan at the earliest possible opportunity and in any case before the end of the financial year in which the amount is drawn.

In the Accounts of Bihar Government for the year 2011-12, expenditure of ₹ 46499.49 crore and ₹ 8852.01 crore was shown as incurred on Revenue Accounts and Capital Accounts, respectively. However, test check of records of eight departments revealed that five Drawing and Disbursing Officers (DDOs)² drew ₹ 919.87 crore on 17 bills of Revenue head and nine DDOs³ drew ₹ 547.72 crore on 26 bills of Capital head and either deposited directly in Commercial Bank Accounts (₹ 192.16 crore)/ Personal Deposit (PD) Accounts (₹ 179.24 crore) or transferred to Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) where it was

DIG (Provision) (₹ 3.09 crore on 02 bills), Under Secretary (US) Human Resource Development Department (HRDD) (₹ 334.50 crore on 08 bills), US Urban Development and Housing Department (UD&H) (₹ 64 crore on 01 bill), Joint Director (JD) Planning & Development Department (P&D) (₹ 327.82 crore on 01 bill) and US Cooperative Department (₹ 190.455 crore on 05 bills).

DIG (Provision) (₹ 176.155 crore on 07 bills), US HRDD (₹ 13.43 crore on 05 bills), US Health (₹ 98.44 crore on 8 bills), Principal, VMC (₹ 50 crore on 01 bill), Principal, SKMC (₹ 1.70 crore on 01 bill), Supdt, SKMCH (₹ 4.00 crore on 01 bill), Supdt, PMCH (₹ 4.00 crore on 01 bill), US Food & Consumer Protection (₹ 100 crore on 01 bill), RWD, Patna (₹ 100 crore on 01 bill).

deposited in Commercial Bank Accounts/ Fixed Deposits (₹ 1096.19 crore). However, the whole amount was shown as expenditure in the accounts of Government of Bihar as detailed in *Appendix* 2.13. The irregular deposit of funds enabled the departments to avoid lapse of budget provision and to bypass budgetary compulsions to spend the amount before the close of the financial year. Moreover, as the funds drawn were not spent during the financial year, the expenditure shown in the Government accounts did not reflect the actual expenditure.

2.6 Advances from Contingency Fund

The Contingency Fund of the State was established under the Bihar Contingency Fund Act, 1950, in terms of the provisions of Articles 267 (2) and 283 (2) of the Constitution of India. Advances from the fund are to be made only for meeting expenditure of an unforeseen and emergent character, postponement of which, till its authorization by the Legislature, would be undesirable. The fund is in the nature of an imprest. The balance at the beginning of the year on 1 April 2011 was ₹ 350 crore. The State Legislature raised the corpus of the Contingency Fund from ₹ 350 crore to ₹1150 crore on temporary basis for the current financial year for relief and rehabilitation measures. However, the closing balance was ₹ 350 crore at the end of the financial year.

During 2011-12, 191 withdrawals amounting to ₹ 1242.99 crore (1.62 per cent of total budget provision) was made from contingency fund, of which 91 withdrawals amounting to ₹ 1225.53 crore (98.60 per cent of the total withdrawals from Contingency Fund) (Appendix 2.14) were for routine expenditure such as purchase of motor vehicles, office expenditure, pay and allowances etc. Since these items were foreseeable expenditure, the drawal of advances from the Contingency Fund of the State was irregular and incorrect.

Review of Selected Grants

A review of the budgetary procedures and control over expenditure was conducted (August 2012) in respect of 'Grant No. 3- Building Construction Department' and 'Grant No 16- Panchayati Raj Department' on the basis of savings, excesses and magnitude of the grants and supplementary demands made during the year 2011-12. The results of review are detailed below:

2.7 Review of Grant No.3 'Building Construction Department'

The Building Construction Department (BCD), Government of Bihar, undertakes public works of its own and those entrusted to it by other civil (service) department/ bodies/ authorities.

2.7.1 Substantial Savings

Against total provision (TP) of ₹ 799.53 crore (Original: ₹ 635.07 crore; Supplementary: ₹ 164.46 crore), an expenditure of ₹ 436.85 crore was incurred resulting in savings of ₹ 362.68 crore (45.36 per cent) during 2011-12 as detailed in the **Table 2.7** below:

Table 2.7: Summarised Appropriation

(₹ in crore)

Budget Esti	mate	Origi- nal	Supple- mentary	Total Provision	Expen- diture	Savings	Surrender	Savings as percentage of Total provision
Department's	Revenue	262.06	14.96	277.02	219.23	57.79	56.12	20.86
own	Capital	83.26	5.00	88.26	57.44	30.82	30.05	34.92
	Total (A)	345.32	19.96	365.28	276.67	88.61	86.17	24.26
Relating to	Revenue	14.11	0.00	14.11	1.47	12.64	12.84	89.58
Other Service	Capital	275.64	144.50	420.14	158.71	261.43	210.43	62.22
Departments	Total (B)	289.75	144.50	434.25	160.18	274.07	223.27	63.11
	Total (A+B)	635.07	164.46	799.53	436.85	362.68	309.44	45.36

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

Audit scrutiny of detailed Appropriation Accounts revealed that against the total provision of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}}434.25$ crore for 17 other service departments⁴ under this Grant, there were substantial savings of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}}274.07$ crore (63 per cent) (Appendix2.15). This included 100 percent unutilised amount of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}}118.30$ crore of seven departments (27.24 per cent of total provision for other service department), whose works were not taken up during the year by BCD as shown in the Table 2.8.

Table 2.8: Details of 100 per cent unutilised amounts relating to Other Service Departments

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Name of	Major	Original	Complem	Total	E	Savings	(\ III CI OIC)
1.0		· ·	Original	Supplem-	10tai	Expen-	Savings	percentage
No.	Department	Head		entary		diture		of savings
								in respect
								of Total
								Provision
			Re	evenue Voted	l			
1	Panchayati Raj	2059	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100
2	Finance	2059	0.61	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.61	100
	Total (A)		2.61	0.00	2.61	0.00	2.61	
	Capital Voted							
3	SC & ST	4059	25.00	51.26	76.26	0.00	76.26	100
	Welfare							
4	Labour	4059	23.38	0.00	23.38	0.00	23.38	100
5	Agriculture	4059	5.86	0.00	5.86	0.00	5.86	100
6	Panchayati Raj	4515	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	100
7	BC & EBC	4059	0.00	4.85	4.85	0.00	4.85	100
	Welfare							
8	Information	4059	0.34	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.34	100
	Total (B)		54.58	61.11	115.69	0.00	115.69	
	Total (A+B)		57.19	61.11	118.30	0.00	118.30	

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

Further, there were substantial savings of ₹ 139.47 crore against the total provision of ₹ 210.08 crore in respect of eight other service departments, ranging from 46 to 97 *per cent* of the total provision as shown in **Table 2.9**:

⁴ Animal & Fisheries Resources (₹ 46.95 crore); Agriculture (₹ 8.11 crore); Education (₹ 1.50 crore); Law (₹ 69.60 crore); Finance (₹ 24.33 crore); Panchayati Raj (₹7.00 crore); Commercial Taxes (₹ 1.26 crore); Labour (₹ 23.38 crore); General Administration (₹ 40.14 crore); Cabinet Secretariat (₹1.05 crore); Art, Culture and Youth (₹ 65.96 crore); Information (₹ 0.34 crore); Science and Technology (₹ 54.33 Crore); Registration, Excise and Prohibition (₹ 4.88 crore); Co-operative (₹ 4.30 crore); SC & ST Welfare (₹ 76.27 crore) and BC & EBC Welfare (₹ 4.85 crore).

Table 2.9: Substantial savings in other service departments

(₹ in crore)

No. Department Provision Provision Revenue Voted 1								(III Crore)
Revenue Voted 1	Sl	Name of	Original	Supplementary	Total	Expen-	Savings	Percen-
1 Law 7.72 0.00 7.72 0.21 7.51 99 2 Agriculture 2.25 0.00 2.25 0.21 2.04 99 Total (A) 9.97 0.00 9.97 0.42 9.55 Capital Voted 3 Animal & 46.92 0.00 46.92 10.76 36.16 7 Fisheries Resources 7 Technology 54.33 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9	No.	Department	Provision	Provision		diture		tage
Z Agriculture 2.25 0.00 2.25 0.21 2.04 9 Total (A) 9.97 0.00 9.97 0.42 9.55 Capital Voted 3 Animal & 46.92 0.00 46.92 10.76 36.16 7 Fisheries Resources 7 Resources 54.33 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Technology 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9				Revenue Voted				
Total (A) 9.97 0.00 9.97 0.42 9.55	1	Law	7.72	0.00	7.72	0.21	7.51	97
Capital Voted 3 Animal & 46.92 0.00 46.92 10.76 36.16 7 Fisheries Resources 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Fisheries Resources 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Fichnology 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Fichnology 0.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9	2	Agriculture	2.25	0.00	2.25	0.21	2.04	91
3 Animal & 46.92 0.00 46.92 10.76 36.16 7 Fisheries Resources Resources 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Technology 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9		Total (A)	9.97	0.00	9.97	0.42	9.55	
Fisheries Resources 4 Science & 54.33				Capital Voted				
Resources 4 Science & 54.33 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 Technology 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9	3	Animal &	46.92	0.00	46.92	10.76	36.16	77
4 Science & 54.33 0.00 54.33 22.27 32.06 5 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9		Fisheries						
Technology 5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9		Resources						
5 Art, Culture and Youth 14.00 51.96 65.96 35.35 30.61 4 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9	4	Science &	54.33	0.00	54.33	22.27	32.06	59
Youth 6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9								
6 Finance 9.39 14.33 23.72 0.94 22.78 9 7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9	5	Art, Culture and	14.00	51.96	65.96	35.35	30.61	46
7 Registration, Excise and Prohibition 3.88 1.00 4.88 0.29 4.59 9								
and Prohibition	6	Finance	9.39	14.33	23.72	0.94	22.78	96
	7		3.88	1.00	4.88	0.29	4.59	94
0 0 1 1 20 1 20 0 272 0		and Prohibition						
8 Co-operative 0.00 4.30 4.30 0.58 3.72 8	8	Co-operative	0.00	4.30	4.30	0.58	3.72	87
Total (B) 128.52 71.59 200.11 70.19 129.92		Total (B)	128.52	71.59	200.11	70.19	129.92	
Total (A+B) 138.49 71.59 210.08 70.61 139.47		Total (A+B)	138.49	71.59	210.08	70.61	139.47	

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

On this being pointed out (August 2012), the Department attributed (November 2012) substantial savings to ban imposed on drawal in respect of maintenance and repairs by the Finance Department (March 2012) and to non-receipt of timely approvals for expenditure. The reply is not acceptable as Finance Department stopped drawal of funds for repair and maintenance works only on 01.03.2012 and Department had eleven months to spend but failed to do so. Further, the Department failed to get approval of expenditure from the other service departments on time.

Thus, the overall savings (45.36 *per cent*) and subsequent surrender (38.70 *per cent*) of funds were indicative of unrealistic budget estimates which were not based on actual capacity of the department to undertake the works. It also highlighted the weakness of the department's monitoring system as they did not surrender the fund in advance so as to enable other departments to utilise the same.

2.7.2 Belated Surrender resulting in non-utilisation of funds

On this being pointed out (August 2012), the Department attributed (November 2012) this to link failure in the treasury on 31 March 2012 and receipt of approval for expenditure from other service departments in the last week of March 2012. The reply is not acceptable as the proper estimation of surrender amount by the controlling officer was to be done between February 28 and March 15, during which surrenders were to be made as per Rule 135 of the Bihar Budget Manual. The belated surrender was indicative of the inadequate budgetary and financial control in the department. Further, the link failure happened on 31 March 2012 i.e. the last day of the financial year.

2.7.3 Unnecessary supplementary provision

Supplementary provisions are sought to meet the additional requirement of the funds for expenditure for which original provisions are insufficient. Scrutiny of records, however, revealed that significant part (59 *per cent*) of the total supplementary provision of ₹ 164.46 crore was avoidable as detailed in **Table 2.10**.

Table 2.10: Unnecessary supplementary provision

(₹ in crore)

CI	NI CD /	0 1	G 1	70° 4 1	III 1114	α •	(t in crore)		
Sl.	Name of Department	Original	Supplem-	Total	Expenditure	Savings	Unnecessary		
No.			entary				supplementary		
							provision		
		Relating	to Other Se	rvice Dep	artment				
			Capital	Voted					
1	Finance	9.39	14.33	23.72	0.94	22.78	14.33		
2	Registration, Excise	3.88	1.00	4.88	0.29	4.59	1.00		
	and Prohibition								
3	SC & ST Welfare	25.00	51.26	76.26	0.00	76.26	51.26		
4	Panchayti Raj	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00		
5	BC & MBC Welfare	0.00	4.85	4.85	0.00	4.85	4.85		
	Total 1	38.27	76.44	114.71	1.23	113.48	76.44		
6	Commercial Taxes	0.51	0.75	1.26	1.12	0.14	0.00		
7	Cabinet Secretariat	0.00	1.05	1.05	0.90	0.15	0.00		
8	Art, Culture and Youth	14.00	51.96	65.96	35.35	30.61	0.00		
9	Law	51.89	10.00	61.89	58.93	2.96	0.00		
10	Co-operative	0.00	4.30	4.30	0.58	3.72	0.00		
	Total 2	66.40	68.06	134.46	96.88	37.58	0.00		
	Total (A)=	104.67	144.50	249.17	98.11	151.06	76.44		
	Total 1+ Total 2								
	Department's own								
11	Revenue	262.06	14.96	277.02	219.23	57.79	14.96		
12	Capital	83.26	5.00	88.26	57.44	30.82	5.00		
	Total -(B)	345.32	19.96	365.28	276.67	88.61	19.96		
	Total -(A+B)	449.99	164.46	614.45	374.78	239.37	96.40		
/C	D : 17 7 4			CDII		011 10			

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011 -12)

It may be seen from **Table 2.10** that Department's own works expenditure was ₹ 276.67 crore against the original provision for ₹ 345.32 crore. Thus, the supplementary provision for the Department's own works of ₹ 19.96 crore was excess and unnecessary. Similarly in the case of five other service departments⁵, against the total original provision for ₹ 38.27 crore, the expenditure was merely ₹ 1.23 crore. Thus the supplementary provision for these departments ₹ 76.44 crore) was not required. In totality the Supplementary provisions of ₹ 96.40 crore were imprudent, injudicious and unnecessary.

The Department attributed (November 2012) this to provisioning of supplementary grants by the service departments during the last week of the financial year. The reply is not acceptable as there was no need of supplementary provision to meet the expenditure. This indicated that while there was no system in place to review the expenditure or to gauge the actual requirement either with the service departments or even with the Finance department. The provisioning of excess supplementary grants led to blocking of resources for the other needy departments.

Audit Report (State Finances) for the year ended 31 March 2012

Finance Department, Registration, Excise and Prohibition Department, SC & ST Welfare Department, Panchayati Raj Department, Backward Castes & Extremely Backward Castes Welfare Department.

2.7.4 Rush of Expenditure

Uniform flow of expenditure during the financial year is a primary requirement of budgetary control. Rush of expenditure, particularly in closing month of the financial year is regarded as breach of financial regularity. Further, the Finance Department had also issued standing orders elaborating the spread plan for uniform expenditure. This standing order was also to be incorporated in each allotment order for expenditure.

During 2011-12, an expenditure of ₹ 436.85 crore was incurred under seven Major heads, of which ₹ 210.62 crore (48.21 *per cent*) was incurred during March 2012 in violation of Rule 113 of Bihar Budget Manual (*Appendix-2.17*).

2.7.5 Non –reconciliation of departmental expenditure figures

Though required under provisions of Rule 475(viii) of Bihar Financial Rules and Rule 134 of Bihar Budget Manual, reconciliation of expenditure figures with those that appear in the books of AG (A&E) was not carried out by the department resulting in the differences in figures of expenditure in seven sub-heads under three major heads amounting to ₹ 76.86 crore (*Appendix-2.18*).

On being pointed out the Department stated (November 2012) that action is being taken in the light of directions given by the Audit.

2.7.6 Acute shortage of man power

There are sanctioned posts of engineers in BCD but it had no cadre of engineers. The engineers are provided by Road Construction Department (RCD) on the request of BCD.

Against the total budget provision of ₹ 434.25 crore for other service departments only ₹ 160.18 crore (37 *per cent* of the total provision) was spent which reflected dismal performance of the executing department. The dismal spending capability could be attributed to deficient men-in-position vis-à-vis the sanctioned strength of the department's supervisory officers which affected its performance adversely as may be gauged from the **Table 2.11**.

Men-in-Name of post Sanctioned strength Vacancy Percentage of vacancy position 272 168 104 38 Assistant Engineer 422 57 Junior Engineer 180 242

Table 2.11: Men-in-position

(Source: Information furnished by BCD)

In reply, the Department stated (November 2012) that there is no cadre of engineering services in the BCD. The service of engineers was provided by the Road Construction Department (RCD) to BCD from time to time, keeping this in mind budget provision for salary head was provided. The reply is not acceptable as BCD should have adequate provision of supervisory man power to undertake the works and spend the fund. But there was nothing on record to show that BCD pursued the matter of manpower with RCD.

Concatenation of above facts, thus, revealed that the BCD was ill equipped to absorb, spend or utilise the funds as marked by substantial savings and heavy surrenders, unnecessary/excessive supplementary provision. Besides, the rush of expenditure in the month of March and non-reconciliation of expenditure with the books of accounts compiled by the Accountant General (A&E) manifested deficient budgetary and financial control within the department.

2.8 Review of Grant No.16 'Panchayati Raj Department'

The status of budget provisions, expenditure and savings in respect of Grant No. 16 is given in **Table 2.12** and *Appendix 2.19*.

(₹ in crore) Re-appro-**Fotal savings** Net provision Provision Original priation savings 10 2982.88 316.90 +2.74-2.74 3299.78 210.00 3089.78 2179.21 Revenue (voted) 250.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 250.00 0.00 250.00 0.00 250.00 100 Capital (voted)

Table 2.12: Details of Budget provision, expenditure, savings etc.

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts for the year 2011 -12 and figures furnished by PRD)

3549.78

-2.74

210.00

3339.78

2179.21

2.8.1 Substantial savings

3232.88

316.90

+2.74

Total

There was overall saving of ₹ 1160.57 crore (34.75 per cent) against the net budget provision of ₹ 3339.78 crore (**Table-2.12**). Savings occurred in revenue section mainly in seven sub-heads⁶ (₹ 840.72 crore i.e 92.33 per cent of total savings of ₹ 910.57 crore) and in capital section savings of ₹ 250 crore occurred under two sub-heads⁷ (i.e. 100 per cent of savings) as explained in Appendix 2.20. It was also observed that out of seven sub-heads in revenue section in two sub-heads⁸ the entire provision of ₹ 83.89 crore remained unutilized.

On this being pointed out, the Department replied (November 2012) that savings occurred mainly due to non-receipt of second installment under Backward Region Grant Fund (BRGF) and performance grant fund under Thirteenth Finance Commission (ThFC) from the Central Government during the financial year 2011-12. The reply is not acceptable as savings in said schemes were only ₹ 681.29 crore (58.70 *per cent* of total savings of the PRD). Besides, the fact remains that such substantial savings were self-indicative of unrealistic assessment of budget estimates and laxity in budgetary control procedure.

2.8.2 Unnecessary supplementary provisions

Contrary to Rule 156 of Bihar Budget Manual (BBM), the PRD had obtained unnecessary supplementary provisions aggregating ₹ 56.73 crore under two sub-heads where the expenditure did not come up even to the level of the original provisions (₹ 1556.97 crore) (**Table 2.13**).

^{6 2015-00-109-0002; 2515-00-101-0110; 2515-00-101-0111; 2515-00-197-0001; 2515-00-198-0001; 2515-00-789-0102} and 2515-00-789-0107.

⁷ 4515-00-101-0104 and 4515-00-789-0102.

^{8 2515-00-101-0110} and 2515-00-789-0107.

Table: 2.13: Unnecessary Supplementary Provisions

(₹ in crore)

				(\ III CI OI C)
Sl.	Head of accounts	Original	Supplementary	Expenditure
No.		provision	Provision	
1	2515-00-198-0001 Assistance to	660.40	48.93	594.55
	Panchayati Raj Institution			
2	2515-00-101-0111 Backward Region	896.57(⁹)	7.80	410.36
	Grant Fund Scheme			
	Total	1556.97	56.73	1004.91

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011 -12)

In reply, the Department stated (November 2012) that supplementary provisions in the above two cases had been made in anticipation of receipt of fund under ThFC and BRGF from the Central Government but the same could not be received during 2011-12.

The reply is not acceptable as provisioning of funds under a sub-head should be need based and in accordance with the demand of expenditure on a scheme. The unnecessary supplementary provisions indicated absence of realistic assessment and also manifested the department's inability to utilize the funds besides dismal financial management by the controlling authorities.

2.8.3 Lapse of Appropriation due to non surrender of savings

The Department intimated to AG (A&E) (31 March 2012) about approval of Finance Department for surrender of ₹ 1119.85 crore under the Grant (*Appendix 2.21*). But Joint Secretary-cum-Budget Officer of the Finance Department stated (October 2012) that proposal for surrender was not accepted due to delayed submission. Thus, due to lackadaisical attitude of the Department, the entire savings of ₹ 1119.85 crore lapsed and could not be utilized by the other needy departments.

2.8.4 Rush of expenditure

During 2011-12 under major head 2515, against the total expenditure of ₹ 2110.76 crore, ₹ 1112.71 crore¹⁰ (52.72 per cent) was expended during the last month of the financial year which included 100 per cent expenditure (₹ 660.42 crore) in respect of eight sub-heads in the month of the March itself (Appendix 2.22).

On this being pointed out, the Department stated (November 2012) that this was due to various procedural formalities and other constraints.

The reply of the Department was not cogent since the department was fully responsible for such procedural delays as attributed to. Secondly, this could not be treated as the justification of 100 *per cent* expenditure of ₹ 660.62 crore in respect of eight sub-heads in the month of March itself.

Thus while the rush of expenditure violated the directions as envisaged under Rule 113 of BBM, the economy in such expenditure could not be ascertained.

^{₹ 1106.57} crore (Original) - ₹ 210.00 crore (surrender) = ₹ 896.57 crore.

Expenditure of ₹ 2110.76 crore - Expenditure of ₹ 998.05 crore incurred till February 2012 (As per Expenditure report of AG (A&E) for the month of February 2012).

2.8.5 Non-reconciliation of expenditure figures

Against the provisions of BFR and BBM (as mentioned in paragraph 2.4) requiring reconciliation of department's expenditure figures with the books of the accounts of the AG, reconciliation was not carried out resulting in differences in expenditure figures in 22 sub-heads out of 32 sub-heads (*Appendix 2.23*). Audit scrutiny further revealed the following discrepancies:

- Short expenditure of ₹ 43.95 crore in 15 sub-heads as well as excess expenditure of ₹ 213.55 crore in another seven sub-heads was shown in the detailed appropriation account over the figure of expenditure furnished by the Department (*Appendix 2.23*).
- Provision of funds through re-appropriation in nine sub-heads (₹ 2.74 crore) made by the Department from head 2015-00-109-0002 (Election of district Board/ Panchayat Samiti/ Gram Panchayat) was not exhibited in the detailed appropriation account (Appendix 2.24).
- Expenditure of ₹ 210.31 crore under major head 4515 (Capital outlay another rural development programme) was booked as expenditure in detailed appropriation accounts as shown in **Table 2.14** whereas funds under the object heads were not sanctioned/allotted by the department due to non- sanctioning of the scheme.

Table 2.14: Expenditure booked in detailed appropriation account

(₹ in crore)

Head	Provision	Expenditure
4515-00-101-0104: Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission.	175.00	140.38
4515-00-789-0102: Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission.	75.00	69.93
Total	250.00	210.31

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Govt of Bihar for the year 2011-12)

2.8.6 Non reflection of the actual expenditure in the Government Accounts

• In test check of the offices of the DDOs of six districts¹¹, it was found that ₹ 248.33 crore was withdrawn during the month of March 2012 under 16 sub-heads by the respective DDOs (DDC-cum-CEO Zila Parishad/DPRO) (Appendix 2.25). The fund was neither utilized at the district level nor sub-allotted by the Zila Parishads/DPROs to Panchayat Samitis/Gram Panchayats and the entire amount remained in the 29 Commercial bank/Personal deposit accounts of 12 DDOs (Appendix 2.26).

Despite this, the above funds drawn by the respective DDO's were booked as expenditure in the government accounts ¹². Thus the expenditure reflected in the detailed appropriation accounts did not exhibit the actual expenditure.

¹¹ Patna, Darbhanga, Samastipur, Muzaffarpur, Madhubani and Vaishali.

The expenditure was booked in the 16 heads viz. 2515001010111, 2515001960003, 2515001960106, 2515001960007, 2515001970001, 2515001970004, 2515001970103, 2515001980001, 2515001980009, 2515001980010, 2515001980105, 2515007890103, 2515007890104, 2515007890105, 2515007890106 and 2515001980106.

- Further, in test-check of four Zila Parishads¹³, it was observed that ₹ 136.32 crore was received/drawn by the Zila Parishads/Panchayat Samitis/Gram Panchayats during 2011-12 under ThFC. Besides this there was opening balance of ₹ 31.45 crore and interest of ₹ 0.36 crore was earned from saving bank account during the year. Thus the available fund was ₹ 168.14 crore, against which only ₹ 30.79 crore (22.59 per cent) could be utilized as of 31 March 2012 by these PRIs (Appendix 2.27). However, entire drawn amount during the year (₹ 136.32 crore) was booked as expenditure.
- Rule 121 of BBM further envisaged that as soon as possible after the close of the year, controlling officer should obtain statement of expenditure from the disbursing officers during the year under the various units of appropriation. However, it was seen that the figures of expenditure were being arrived at by the Department after deducting the amount of surrender (as reported by the regional offices) from the total amount of allotment during the year instead of obtaining the actual expenditure from disbursing officers. This method of arriving at the figures of expenditure is in violation of Rule 121 of BBM and results into non-reconciliation of Department's expenditure figures with those in the accounts of the AG. A test check of records of District Panchayati Raj Officer (DPRO), Muzaffarpur revealed that ₹ 2.42 crore in respect of three sub-heads¹⁴ which was not drawn from the treasury was shown as expenditure in the statement furnished by the Department. This was substantiated by the fact that DPRO, Muzaffarpur surrendered the said amount on 4 April 2012.

Above test checked cases confirmed that the Department did not maintain even the figures of withdrawals from the government treasury by the regional offices. This indicated Department's lack of monitoring and control over actual expenditure.

Thus, there was urgent need of proper accounting system to gauge the flow of funds to the PRIs/DDO's and the actual expenditure incurred should only be booked as expenditure in the Government accounts.

2.9 Conclusion

During 2011-12 expenditure of ₹ 61301.05 crore was incurred against total grants and appropriation of ₹ 76896.77 crore, resulting in net savings of ₹ 15595.72 crore. Inaccurate estimation of budget requirements resulted in persistent savings of 11 *per cent* to 76 *per cent* in 11 cases during 2007-12. In 69 cases under 22 grants funds amounting to ₹ 4251.53 crore were surrendered. Again there were cases of unutilized provisions and 100 *per cent* surrender in 192 schemes under 30 grants/appropriations during the year.

Savings of ₹ 5612.01 crore was surrendered on the last two days of the financial year. In four cases ₹ 393.60 crore was surrendered against savings of ₹ 105.85 crore, resulting in excess surrender of ₹ 287.75 crore. Out of total expenditure of ₹ 61301.05 crore, ₹ 49618.13 crore (exceeding ₹ 10 crore in each case) (80.87 per cent) was not reconciled.

¹³ Patna, Darbhanga, Samastipur, Muzaffarpur.

^{14 2515-00-198-0106 (}Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Gram Court) (₹1.91crore), 2515-00-789-0104 (Gram kachahari ke nirvachit pratinidhiyo ko niyatbhatta hetu) (₹ 0.02crore), 2515-00-101-0111 (Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission) (₹0.49 crore).

Funds amounting to ₹ 919.87 crore and ₹ 547.72 crore drawn on Revenue and Capital expenditure heads respectively were parked in bank accounts/PD accounts of PSUs/Departments.

Government sanctioned 191 withdrawals from Contingency Fund amounting to ₹ 1242.99 crore in 2011-12. Of which, 91 withdrawals amounting to ₹ 1225.53 crore (98.60 *per cent*) were for routine expenditure such as purchase of motor vehicles, office expenditure, pay and allowances etc.

2.10 Recommendations

- Budgetary control mechanism should be strengthened in all the Government Departments. Realistic budget estimates should be prepared in order to avoid large savings/excesses and re-appropriation/surrender of funds at the end of the financial year.
- Responsibility may be fixed for non compliance of budgetary financial control to avoid deficiencies in financial management, especially where savings have been observed for the last five years regularly.
- Regular flow of expenditure should be maintained to avoid rush of expenditure at the fag end of the financial year.
- Excess expenditure over provision pertaining to 1977 to 2011 should be got regularised on priority.
- The Finance Department must ensure that government funds meant for service departments should be allowed to be disbursed to Works Departments only when there is actual requirement.
- Withdrawal from Contingency Fund should not be sanctioned for routine expenditures.

Chapter 3

Financial Reporting

A sound internal financial reporting system with relevant and reliable information significantly contributes to efficient and effective governance by the State. Compliance with financial rules, procedures and directives as well as the timeliness and quality of reporting on the status of such compliances is, thus, one of the attributes of good governance. Reports on compliance and controls, if effective and operational, assist the Government in meeting its basic stewardship responsibilities including planning and decision making. This Chapter provides an overview and status of the State Government's compliance with various financial rules, procedures and directives during the current year as well as the previous years.

3.1 Amendment in the provisions of Bihar Treasury Code relating to Abstract Contingent Charges

The Bihar Treasury Code (BTC), 1937 was amended in October 2006¹ incorporating extension on time for submission of detailed contingent (DC) bills to six months in place of earlier provision of one month. Further, it was replaced with new BTC with effect from October 2011.

3.1.1 Bihar Treasury Code, 2011

In BTC 2011 (Rule 194) the drawal of funds for Centrally Sponsored Schemes and Capital Projects was brought within the ambit of drawals on AC bills which was beyond the basic definition of the Contingent Charges as given in the Rule 168² of the BTC 2011. Further, under the Rule 194 Works Department's were permitted to submit DC bills for project works within one year of drawal of amount as against the six month time period prescribed for submission of DC bills in respect of other Abstract Contingent (AC) bills. This was contrary to the provisions of Rules 176 and 177 of BTC 2011 which prescribe that no money should be withdrawn from the Treasury unless it is required for immediate payment and unspent amounts should be refunded to the treasury at the earliest possible opportunity and in any case before the end of the financial year in which the amount is drawn. It was observed that time period of six months/one year allowed for submission for DC bills was not in conformity with Central Treasury Code (Receipts and Payments Rules, 1983) wherein the time limit of one month has been prescribed.

Thus, such provisions in BTC 2011 allowed drawal of Government funds through AC bill mode for purposes other than 'contingent expenditure' and ultimately leading to parking of funds and refunds.

Finance Department in its reply stated (November 2012) that contingent charges have been defined in Rule 168 of the BTC, 2011 and the Plan Schemes have been kept out of the purview of the definition of contingent charges.

The amendment in BTC was done through an executive order of the Finance Department dated 13 October 2006.

The term 'contingent charges' means and includes all incidental and other expenses which are incurred for the management of an office as an office or for the technical working of a department other than those which under prescribed rules of classification of expenditure fall under some other head of expenditure e.g. 'works', 'stock', 'tools and plant' etc.

Provision for drawal of funds on AC bills for Construction works, Central Plan Scheme and Centrally Sponsored Schemes have been made in Rule 194 of the BTC, 2011. Hence, it would not be appropriate to associate the provisions of Rule 194 with Rule 168. It was also stated that in view of the recommendation of the Audit, reducing the time period for submission of DC bills for contingent expenses and schemes other than construction works from the existing six month to 2-3 months will be considered.

Audit is of the view that Rule 194 is within the broad heading 'Contingent Charges' and hence it cannot be seen in isolation. Plan schemes cannot be covered under the definition of contingent charges (Rule 168 of BTC 2011).

Further, the Department stated (November 2012) that the provisions of Rule 176 and 177 of BTC being the general guidelines for drawal of money from Consolidated Fund, should not be compared with the rules applicable under special circumstances. However, the fact remains that Appropriation Act and BTC, 2011 under Rule 177 allow for drawal of money for expenditure within the financial year and anything against this basic principle would be irregular.

3.2 Review of withdrawals of funds on AC/ GIA bills and submission of DC bills/ UCs

3.2.1 Introduction

The drawal of contingent charges on items of expenditure for which final classification and supporting vouchers is not available at the time of drawal are made on 'Abstract Contingent' (AC) Bills initially as advance and its subsequent adjustments are ensured through submission of Detailed Contingent (DC) bills within a stipulated period³ of drawal of AC bill. The withdrawal of funds on AC bills on large scale and non-adjustment/ settlement of substantial number of AC bills by way of submission of DC bills by the State Government over the years has been the prime consideration for taking up this review. The findings of this study substantiate the need to improve financial management in the State.

3.2.2 Audit Objectives

The audit aimed to ascertain whether:

- withdrawal of funds on AC bills and Grants- in- Aid (GIA) bills was in conformity with the rules/codal provisions;
- the settlement of AC bills by way of DC bills and of GIA bills by utilisation certificates (UCs) was as per the rules and reflected the actual status of the expenditure incurred;
- the funds were drawn for immediate requirement to be incurred within the same financial year or the funds were parked outside the government account beyond the financial year in which the funds were drawn;
- the unspent amount was refunded to the government account at the earliest opportunity within the same financial year.

Initially it was one month (Rule 319 of BTC 1937) as in Central Treasury Code (Receipts and Payments Rule, 1983) but was changed in October 2006 to six months. Further, under the Rule 194 of BTC 2011 Works departments were permitted to submit DC bills for project works within one year of drawal of amount.

3.2.3 Audit Criteria

Audit examination was based on the provisions of the following manuals as audit criteria:

- The Appropriation Act(s) of the relevant years as well as the related budgetary documents of the State Government;
- The Bihar Treasury Code 1937 as amended from time to time, the latest being Bihar Treasury Code 2011, the Bihar Financial Rules, the Bihar Budget Manual and Bihar Public Works Account Code;
- The State Government Regulations, Orders and Instructions issued from time to time; and
- The Voucher Level Computerised (VLC) database as maintained in the office of the Accountant General (Accounts & Entitlement) (AG) (A& E), Bihar.

3.2.4 Scope of audit and methodology

The audit of withdrawal of funds on AC/ GIA bills and submission of DC bills/ UCs was conducted during June to August 2012 to cover the withdrawals/ accounts/transactions of the government pertaining to AC/GIA bills for the period from 2009-10 to 2011-12. Based on analysis of AC/GIA bills data obtained from VLC database⁴ of the Office of the AG (A&E), Bihar, Patna, eight⁵departments, wherein substantial amounts had been withdrawn on AC/GIA bills for implementation of schemes and other activities were earmarked for further examination of records. As the number of bills drawn ran into thousands⁶, database analysis and risk-based examination of bills/vouchers drawn along with relevant records were done. For this, audit enquiries regarding non-submission of substantial numbers of pending DC bills/ UCs were issued to the concerned Drawing and Disbursing Officers (DDOs) having drawn bills amounting to ₹ one crore and above in each case. The responses received to our initial queries have also been taken into account while framing our audit observations.

The audit observations were forwarded to the Finance Department, Government of Bihar in October, 2012. In response (November 2012), the department has sent comments in some cases and stated that since the matter involves other Administrative departments also, their response would be sent later on. The replies received so far (December 2012) have been suitably incorporated in the respective Paragraphs.

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The VLC database comprises of the transaction details of the State Government based on the initial accounts and vouchers/challans in support of expenditure/receipt made out of/made into Consolidated Fund of the State during a financial year. AC bills drawn during the financial year are also captured into the VLC database accordingly. Analysis of VLC database is an effective tool to arrive at a comprehensive picture regarding the magnitude and quantum of drawal of funds on AC bills and purpose thereof.

⁽i) Building Construction, (ii) Education, (iii) Health and Family Welfare, (iv) Home (Police), (v) Planning and Development, (vi) Rural Works, (vii) Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Welfare and (viii) Urban Development and Housing.

Altogether 33751 AC and 34375 GIA bills were drawn by various departments during 2009-10 to 2011-12.

3.2.5 Constraints to audit

Under BTC 1937, for drawal of funds on AC bills form TC-38 was prescribed and for GIA drawals form TC-60 was prescribed. However it was observed in audit that for GIA drawal form TC 38 was also used by the DDOs. Further there were instances of misclassification by treasuries and DDOs of funds drawn under various heads. These became a limitation to audit as distinctive line between contingent charges which can be drawn on AC bills and Grants-in-aid was not adhered to.

3.2.6 Issues relating to withdrawal on AC bills

3.2.6.1 AC bills of high magnitude

An analysis of the AC bill drawals in VLC database as well as test check of records in the Administrative departments revealed that the magnitude of the amounts drawn on AC bills during 2009-12 were abnormally high as illustrated in the **table 3.1** given below:

Table 3.1: AC bills of high magnitude

(₹ in crore)

Category	2009-10		2010-11		2011-12	
Total bills drawn during FY	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number
upto₹ one lakh	14.56	4135	12.25	3475	11.50	3227
₹ one lakh one and upto ₹ One crore	1440.48	8138	1581.04	7902	507.46	4862
₹ one crore one and upto ₹ 10 crore	1066.94	376	2453.49	951	1339.81	460
₹ 10 crore one and upto ₹ 100 crore	1252.38	55	1913.85	82	1899.46	74
₹ 100 crore one and above	268.84	2	1059.85	5	1216.21	7
Total	4043.20	12706	7020.487	12415	4974.44	8630

(Source: VLC Database maintained in the AG (A&E), Bihar office)

AC bills valuing more than ₹ one lakh and above (upto hundreds of crore) in each case constituted 99.76 per cent of the total funds drawn on AC bills during 2009-12. The large number of contingent bills of abnormally high magnitude indicated that recourse to AC bill mode drawals was taken in a routine manner for meeting regular expenditure of the Government. Test check of records in the Administrative departments revealed that most of the drawals were made on lump-sum basis for implementation of schemes both under Plan as well as Non-Plan and Revenue as well as Capital heads.

On this being pointed out (October 2012), the Finance Department stated (November, 2012) that drawal of funds for plan/construction works through corporations and societies by administrative departments and for state-wide implementation of schemes by DDO at headquarter level resulted in drawal of AC bills of high magnitude. It was further stated that it is not possible to submit DC bills in such cases as form TC -39 (as per BTC 1937) is not for submission of DC bills for this kind of advance drawal.

The acknowledgement by the Government of its inability to submit DC bills for capital and revenue expenditure on schemes by way of AC drawals as form TC-39 was not made for DC bill of this type of expenditure confirmed the audit contention that these lump sum drawals did not qualify for drawal on AC bills.

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^{₹ 7015.37} Crore as per the Finance Accounts of Government .of Bihar for the year 2010-11 which included ₹ 4033.72 Crore drawn on account of Grants-in-aid.

As per Rule 320 of the BTC 1937, which was in vogue upto September 2011, funds drawn on AC bills were to be adjusted only by submitting DC bill in form TC-39. With the implementation of new BTC 2011 it is necessary for the departments to submit DC bills for this kind of drawal.

Further AC bill mode drawal in routine manner for regular expenditure under various schemes itself was violation of the core principles of drawal as contingent expenditure. As regards centralised drawals at headquarters the department should have facilitated drawal at district authority level with the aid of Central Treasury Management Information System. This could also have minimised transit delays by reducing the time of retention of funds by DDOs/intermediary agencies and facilitated prompt availability of funds by online transfer where it was required to be spent finally as detailed in para 3.2.6.5.

3.2.6.2 Drawal of AC bills in the Month of March

The State Government's Standing Order (No. 2561 of 1998) prescribes that the Government expenditure should be spread evenly during the financial year barring some special circumstances where the occasions may arise for an uneven ratio of expenditure. Thus rush of expenditure in order to avoid lapse of appropriations in the closing months is contrary to the Rules.

The chart below depicts the trend of drawals in the month of March *vis-à-vis* total drawals from Consolidated Fund during 2007-08 to 2011-12:



(Source: VLC Database & Report on State Finances of respective years)

The chart above depicts that during 2007-12, the amount of drawal during the month of March ranged between 29 per cent and 54 per cent of the funds drawn on AC bills during a year though in percentage terms there had been steady decline in the drawal of funds through AC bills in the month of March during the last three years. Substantial drawals in the month of March coupled with high magnitude of amount in each case as pointed out earlier were indicative of the fact that likelihood of actual expenditure of such drawals within the concerned financial years were remote and withdrawals were made merely to avoid lapse of appropriations.

On this being pointed out (October 2012), the Finance Department stated (November, 2012) that drawal of funds in the month of March is to ensure regular flow of funds for construction purposes which peaks during January to June. The reply validates the audit observation that the funds drawn in March are not actually spent within the financial year. Further, instead of drawing funds in March to meet the expenditure in the ensuing financial year, appropriation for the purpose should be sought in the Budget Estimates of the next financial year itself.

The department further stated that in case of Centrally Sponsored Schemes the receipt of Central share in month of March is the compelling factor for release of matching State Share during March only. Audit is of the view that it would be more appropriate to take up the issue with the Government of India rather than flouting the Codal provisions.

The fact remains that drawal of funds in the month of March without actual expenditure is indicative of fiscal indiscipline.

3.2.6.3 Drawal of funds on AC bills for Plan Expenditure/Capital Expenditure

Plan expenditure is intended to meet the distinct objectives of a Programme/Scheme/project of a Central/State Plan. As such these are planned well in advance and earmarked for meeting specific purposes as envisaged in the concerned project/scheme details. Thus, there should be no occasion to draw money through AC bills route to make payments on the items of Plan expenditure under such projects/scheme. However, Rule 194 of BTC 2011 allows drawal of Plan expenditure through AC bills.

The table below depicts the AC bills drawn for Plan expenditure of the State Government *vis-à-vis* the total AC drawals during 2009-10 to 2011-12:

Table 3.2: AC bills drawn for Plan expenditure during 2009 - 12

(₹ in crore)

Year	Total AC	AC drawals for Plan Expenditure				
	drawals	CPS	CSS	SP	Total (as percentage of total AC drawals)	
2009-10	4043.20	7.11	709.79	2293.66	3010.56 (74)	
2010-11	7015.37	60.16	1289.57	4286.19	5635.92 (80)	
2011-12	4974.44	46.55	424.84	3214.77	3686.16 (74)	
Total	16033.01	113.82	2424.20	9794.62	12332.64 (77)	

(CPS: Central Plan Scheme, CSS: Centrally Sponsored Scheme and SP: State Plan Scheme) (Source: VLC database)

Out of total amount of ₹ 16033.01 crore drawn on AC bills during 2009-12, Plan head drawals (including capital nature of expenditure) accounted for ₹ 12332.64 crore (77 per cent). Of this, State Plan head drawals accounted for ₹ 9794.62 crore (79 per cent of the Plan head drawals). Withdrawals of fund under Plan heads through AC bill mode was indicative of the fact that object level planning was absent, items of expenditure were not known while drawing the amount and thus moneys were simply drawn for future use awaiting finalization of implementation modalities and to avoid lapse of appropriations. As a result, the Government funds so drawn on the pretext of immediate requirement were allowed to be parked outside Consolidated Fund at the end of each financial year and kept either in Personal Deposit accounts, remittance heads or in bank accounts. Some illustrative cases are given in the Para No 3.2.6.4 to 3.2.6.6.

Finance Department while acknowledging (November, 2012) that considerable number of pending AC bills pertained to Plan Head stated that Bihar Treasury Code 1937 being very old was not in tune with the changing scenario of public finances and provided for petty expenses under contingencies. Over the years with the implementation of various schemes by the government there has been unprecedented increase in the expenditure under Plan head. The reply is not satisfactory as expenditure under Plan head by no means is incidental in nature and ought to be met from regular bills rather than AC bills.

3.2.6.4 Drawal of funds on AC bills and retained with executing agencies

The results of test check of AC bills of ₹214.72 crore (*Appendix 3.1*) drawn for construction purposes during the period 2008-12 are illustrated below:

- AC bills of ₹ 171.64 crore were drawn for Upgradation of Primary Health Centres (PHCs) into Community Health Centres, Construction of Additional PHCs and Sub Divisional Hospitals during 2009-11 and was provided to Bihar Medical Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited (BMSIC). No expenditure was incurred and entire fund remained unutilised (August 2012) (Refer Sl. No. 1-3 of Appendix 3.1).
- During 2008-12, the Under Secretary, Backward Classes and Extremely Backward Classes Welfare Department directly provided ₹ 29.51 crore to Bihar Rajya Pul Nirman Nigam Limited (BRPNNL) for construction of Jan Naik Karpoori Thakur backward class hostels. Further, during 2010-11 ₹ 10.74 crore were transferred to the Bihar State Backward Classes Finance & Development Corporation (BSBCFDC) for its transmission to BRPNNL for the same purpose. The amount of ₹ 16.01 crore (54 per cent of funds provided) with BRPNNL and ₹ 10.74 crore (100 per cent of funds provided) with BSBCFDC remained unutilised (August 2012) (Refer Sl. No. 4-5 of Appendix 3.1).
- An amount of ₹ 2.12 crore was withdrawn (2010-11) by Animal and Fisheries Resources Department for construction of hatcheries at Mithapur, Patna and transferred to Central Institute of Fisheries Education (CIFE), Mumbai in March 2011 for providing consultancy including hatchery design. However, the funds remained unutilized as the work was not initiated due to non-signing of MoU. (Refer Sl. No. 6 of *Appendix 3.1*).
- Environment and Forest Department while according sanction (March 2011) for drawal of funds of ₹ 70.50 lakh drawn on AC bill no. 154/2010-11 for purchase of vehicles directed to deposit the funds in the accounts of the Bihar State Forest Development Agency (BSFDA) in case there was difficulty to execute the scheme within this financial year. (Refer Sl. No. 7 of *Appendix 3.1*).

The department in its reply stated (September 2012) that since the sanction for drawal of funds was accorded at the end of March, hence the instructions to deposit the funds in BSFDA was issued. The reply confirms the audit contention that funds were drawn without immediate requirement.

The replies of the other departments were awaited (November 2012).

3.2.6.5 Money drawn on AC bills and retained with Drawing and Disbursing Officers

As per Article 202 of the Constitution, State Government may spend money within the authorized appropriation during the same financial year. Further, Note below Rule 300 of BTC 1937 and Rule 177 of BTC 2011 provides that the unspent balance of the amount should be refunded to the treasury at the earliest possible opportunity within the financial year in which the amount is drawn. In course of test-check the following instances of drawal of funds for construction purpose and its irregular retention with DDOs were noticed:

Table 3.3: Drawal of funds for construction purposes

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Purpose	AC	Amount	Month	Name of	Month	To whom	Remarks
No.		bill		of	DDO	of	transferred	
		No.		drawal		transfer		
1	Construction of AWC	125/09-10	99.96	03/2010	Accounts Officer, ICDS	09/ 2010	BCD	Amount was transferred to Patliputra BC Division, Patna in October 2010. Patliputra BC Division obtained Bank draft of ₹ 96.88 crore for 38 BC Divisions (January 2011) but transferred to Divisions up to July 2011 and ₹3.08 crore is with the Division
2	Construction of building for AHD	160/ 10-11	18.13	03/2011	EE, Drawing Dn2, Patna	06/2011 to 02/2012	Concerned EEs	Drawing Dn 2, Patna Kept ₹ 9.78 crore with him.
3	Construction of e-Kisan Bhawan	256/ 10-11		03/2011	DAO, Madhepura	04/ 2012	DE, Zila Parishad, Madhepura	DAO retained ₹1.52 crore till July 2012
4		58 / 10-11	0.80	NA	DAO, Buxar	NA	Concerned BDO & EE	DAO retained 22 lakh as on July 2012
5		77/ 10-11	1.63		DAO, Buxar			
		Total	123.38					
	ton 1 DD d						at A ami au Ituma	

Notes: 1. EE denotes Executive Engineer, 2. DAO denotes District Agriculture officer, 3. BDO denotes Block Development Officers, 4. BCD denotes Building Construction Department, 5. BCD denotes Building Construction Division, 6. AHD denotes Animal and Fisheries Resources Department, 7. AWC denotes Anganwadi Centres, 8. DE denotes District Engineer

The above illustrations further indicated funds that government (₹ 123.38 crore) irregularly drawn for construction purposes on AC bills on the pretext of immediate payment were either irregularly retained by the DDOs themselves or transferred to the executing divisions/agencies with delay ranging from two months to one year after the end of the financial year. Further Rule 177 of BTC 2011 requires that a certificate shall be furnished by the DDOs to the effect that funds drawn on the contingent bills shall be spent within the same financial year. However, the funds were carried forward to the next financial year without any authority to incur expenditure in subsequent financial year.

3.2.6.6 Funds drawn on AC bills lying unspent in Remittances Head

The Finance department vide letter no 7036 dated September 2006 had specifically prohibited drawal of funds on AC bills wherein it has to be transferred to the Works Department for construction purposes. However, in five cases there was drawal of ₹ 7.28 crore on AC bills for construction purposes between 2008-09 and 2010-11 which was subsequently transferred to Building Construction Department through Major Head '8782 - Cash Remittances' for execution of works. However the entire amount remained unutilized as of July 2012 (details given in *Appendix 3.2*).

3.2.7 Submission of detailed contingent bills

Rule 177 of BTC 2011 provides that a certificate shall be furnished by the DDO to the effect that money withdrawn on the contingent bill shall be spent within the same financial year and that the unspent amount shall be remitted to the Treasury before 31 March of the year. Further, as per Rule 194 of the BTC 2011 countersigned DC bills shall be submitted within six months⁸ following that in which the abstract bill was drawn and no abstract bill shall be cashed after the end of this period of six months unless detailed billhas been submitted.

As on 31 August 2012, 66847 DC bills for an amount of ₹ 18797.90 crore were pending for submission to the AG (A&E) as detailed in the **Table 3.4** below:

Table 3.4: Position of Outstanding DC bills

(₹ in crore)

Year	AC bills Drawn		DC bills Received		Outstanding DC bills	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Upto 2008-09	58423	14272.48	16867	6953.09	41556	7319.39
2009-10	12706	4043.20	2984	1150.20	9722	2893.00
2010-11	12413	7015.37 ⁹	4645	3153.95	7768	3861.42
2011-12	8626	4974.42	825	250.33	7801	4724.09
Total	92168	30305.47	25321	11507.57	66847	18797.90

(Source: State Finance Accounts of Bihar Government for the year 2011 -12)

The Finance Department in its reply stated (November, 2012) that as against the pending AC bills of ₹ 26260.09 crore (since 2002-03 and till 30 September 2012), DC bills of ₹ 16196.38 crore have been submitted to AG of which DC bills for ₹ 12719.27 crore have been adjusted. Further stringent action has been taken by the government in this regard by stalling salary payment to DDOs concerned till the adjustment of pending DC bills.

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Until October 2006, the period of submission of DC bills in the BTC was one month only, Central treasury code (Central Receipts and Payments Rules 1983) provides a period of one month only for submission of DC bills.

As per Note No. 4 to Finance Accounts for the year 2010-11, ₹ 4033.72 crore out of ₹ 7015.37 crore was drawn on accounts of Grants-in –aid.

The fact, however, remains that only 48 *per cent* of the pending AC bills have been adjusted so far (30September 2012).

3.2.7.1 Results of test check of detailed contingent bills

Test check revealed following irregularities in contravention of the rule relating to submission of DC bills (*Appendix 3.3*).

- In Road Construction Department, it was observed that the Under Secretary (Accounts) had withdrawn ₹ 1541 crore on 12 AC bills between 2006-07 and 2011-12 and made advance payments to BRPNNL for construction of road bridges under 'Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana':
 - It was observed that DC bill of ₹833.26 crore against six AC bills of ₹1005 crore for the period from 2006-07 to 2009-10 was submitted only in July 2010 after delay of upto 33 months. Subsequently, DC bills of ₹537.15 crore were submitted during September 2010 to September 2011 and DC bills of ₹170.59 crore were yet to be submitted by the Department as of March 2012. (Refer S1. No.1 to 12 of *Appendix 3.3*).
- Similarly, in Human Resources Development Department, funds of ₹ 2692.05 crore were drawn on AC bills under Mid-Day Meal Scheme during the period 2004-05 to 2010-11. Against this DC bills for ₹ 1919.39 crore (including refund of ₹ 462.78 crore) were submitted up to April 2012. Thus remaining DC bills for ₹ 772.66 crore were pending for submission by the Department as of April 2012.(Refer Sl. No.13-64 of *Appendix 3.3*).
- In Home (Police) Department, AC bills of ₹ 700.10 crore were drawn by IG provisions during 2009-12. However, amount of ₹ 695.11 crore (99.29 per cent) remained unadjusted as on date (August 2012) (Refer Sl. No.65 of Appendix 3.3).
- Three AC bills amounting to ₹ 169.29¹⁰ crore were drawn (31 March 2009) by Civil Surgeon, Patna for upgradation of PHC into Community Health Centre, construction of Health Sub Centre (HSC) and sub divisional hospitals. The aforesaid AC bills had been adjusted by way of DC bills. However, as per the records, made available by State Health Society (SHS), it was noticed that the funds remained unspent and were lying with the SHS (₹ 118.00 crore and ₹ 30.91 crore) and BMSIC (₹ 20.38 crore). Hence, submission of false DC bills based on the documents for transfer of money and without the expenditure finally incurred was irregular (Refer S1. No.66 to 68 of *Appendix 3.3*). The reply of Government was not received in remaining cases as of November 2012.

Thus, in 68 test check cases involving total AC bills of ₹ 5102.44 crore drawn during 2004-05 to 2011-12, DC bills for ₹ 1638.36 crore were outstanding for the period ranging from one to seven years.

3.2.8 Refund of amount drawn on AC bills without utilisation

As per Rule 177 of BTC 2011 any unspent balance of the advance drawn should be deposited into government treasury before the end of the financial year. However, in test check it was observed that in nine cases as detailed in *Appendix 3.4* against an amount of ₹ 3055.04 crore drawn on AC bills during the

^{10 ₹ 118.00} crore, ₹ 30.91 crore and ₹ 20.38 crore.

period from 2003-04 to 2011-12, an amount of \mathfrak{T} 631.77 crore was refunded after retention of idle funds for the period ranging from two months to eight years including refund of entire drawn amount of \mathfrak{T} 51.11 crore in four cases.

3.2.9. Funds drawn on AC bills and parked outside Government Accounts

It was observed that considerable portion of the funds drawn on AC bills was lying either with the DDOs or with the executing agencies even after the lapse of financial year in which the funds were drawn and had been parked in various Personal Deposit accounts and bank accounts. The overall picture of the funds drawn on AC bill and parked outside Government accounts as witnessed in the test checked departments/offices reflected that as on 31 March 2012, out of funds amounting to ₹576.83 crore drawn, ₹271.38 crore (three PSUs-₹215.71 crore, 11 District Offices—₹55.67 crore) was parked in various bank accounts as indicated in *Appendix 3.5*.

While no reply was received in above cases, in one case relating to Chief Minister Merit Scholarship Scheme wherein ₹ 17.32 crore was parked in bank accounts, the department replied (August 2012) that it had decided to carry forward the unspent amount of ₹ 17.32 crore to the next financial year 2012-13 to meet anticipated expenses on payment of scholarship in wake of insufficient budgetary provision during 2012-13 under the scheme. The reply was not acceptable as the Rule 177 of BTC 2011 allows the executive to spend within the authorized appropriation during the same financial year. As regards requirement of additional funds over and above the budgetary provision, Rule 117 of Bihar Budget Manual provides for seeking supplementary grant.

3.2.10 Issues relating to Grants-in-aid (GIA)

3.2.10.1 Introduction

The term Grants-in-aid includes grants to local bodies, religious, charitable or educational institutions stipends, scholarship contributions to public exhibitions, etc. The Rule 341 (2) of BFR states that only so much of the grant should be paid during the financial year as is likely to be expended during that year, the authority signing or countersigning a bill for GIA under Rule 431 of BTC 1937 and Rule 270 of BTC 2011 should see that money is not drawn in advance of requirement. There should be no occasion for rush for payment of these grants in the month of March. Further, Finance Department's executive order no. 573 dated 16 January 1975 prescribed time limit of one year from the date of sanction for giving utilization certificate. This time limit was, however, revised to 18 months vide executive order no. 9736 dated 19 October 2011.

Following illustrative cases would reveal the status of drawal and utilisation of funds as GIA in succeeding paragraphs.

3.2.10.2 Drawal of Grants-in-aid under object heads other than GIA object head (3101)

The Appropriation act passed by the legislature confers authorisation on the executive to draw/spend the funds in the manner and for the purpose as provided for under different objects heads¹¹. GIA was to be drawn under object head 3101upto 2011-12 in accordance with the provisions of the budget. However it was seen that GIA drawal of ₹ 14443.68 crore included an amount of ₹ 8005.62 crore (55.42 *per cent*) drawn under 14 object heads¹² other than GIA object head as indicated in note 7 to State Finance Accounts for the year 2011-12. The drawal of GIA under other object head which were not meant for drawal of GIA was incorrect.

The Finance Department in its reply (November 2012) admitted that it was unintentional error. The fact remains that such irregularities indicate inadequate budgetary management of the government.

3.2.10.3 Drawal of funds on GIA bills and retained with executing agencies

It was observed that 15 GIA bills of ₹ 165.30 crore (*Appendix 3.6*) were drawn for construction of sub divisional hospitals, upgradation of PHCs into CHCs, etc. during 2009 -12 and was provided to Bihar Medical Services Infrastructure Corporation. It was seen that funds provided were lying unutilised (August 2012). Test check also revealed that ₹ 324.21 crore was drawn by Urban Development and Housing Department and Education Department during 2009-11 (*Appendix-3.7*) but expenditure of ₹ 13 crore was incurred up to March 2012.

Education department in this case (Sl 2 of *Appendix-3.7*) stated (July 2012) that this being a Centrally Sponsored Scheme, release of State share (₹ 39.64 crore) was an inherent condition for obtaining Govt. of India share (₹ 118.91 crore). It further intimated that design was prepared and approved by Bihar Madhyamik Shiksha Parishad in March 2012 and detailed estimate was at the sanction stage and soil testing was going on (July 2012) which indicated at the fact that funds were drawn without advance planning during 2009-10. Reply of remaining departments is awaited as per details given in the *Appendix 3.6* and *Appendix 3.7*.

3.2.10.4 Rendering of Utilisation Certificates

Against the Grants-in-aid of ₹ 15333.60 crore drawn during 2009-10 and 2010-11, utilization certificates for ₹ 7837.69 crore were outstanding for submission as on 31 March 2012 as disclosed in statement no. 4 (B) of the State Finance Accounts for the year 2011-12.

Finance Department in its reply stated (November, 2012) that necessary instructions regarding submission of UCs have already been issued (June 2012) to all the departments by the Chief Secretary.

5001, 5002, 5003, 5301.

The object head of expenditure within the minor head/sub head defines the ultimate nature and purpose of expenditure.

Other object heads on which GIA was drawn were 1301, 2002, 2101, 2103, 2701, 2702, 2801, 3103, 3401, 4201,

3.2.10.5 Incorrect Utilisation Certificates

UCs furnished by the Grantee are testimony of the GIA being utilized for the intended purposes and give the actual status of utilization of funds.

An examination of UCs of Bihar State Police Building Construction Corporation Ltd (BSPBCCL) relating to financial year 2009-12 revealed that the funds of ₹302.86 crore were utilised as contingent liabilities¹³. However, the accounts of the corporation indicated that there was no expenditure of the corporation under the head contingent liabilities during the same period.

Hence, UCs did not reflect the actual expenditure. Therefore, acceptance of such UCs as a mark of satisfactory expenditure was not proper and release of subsequent GIA based on such wrong and fictitious declaration was irregular.

The Managing Director, BSPBCCL in its reply stated (September 2012) that the cases where agreement for the entire work had been entered into with the contractors and the funds will be required for discharging the future liability on that account had been treated as contingent liability. Hence, it was clear that the UCs were furnished for the unspent amount which was likely to be expended in the future years¹⁴. On this being pointed out (September 2012), the department while accepting the audit contention directed (October 2012) the Corporation to submit UCs reflecting actual expenditure only. Information on rectificatory steps taken by the Corporation was yet to be intimated (November 2012).

3.2.10.6 Utilisation of GIA: Bihar Kosi Flood Recovery Project (BKFRP)

Bihar Aapda Punarawas Evam Punarnirman Society (BAPEPS) was constituted (7 July 2010) to support the disaster recovery as well as future oriented risk reduction efforts of Government of Bihar. Society had to undertake the flood recovery project of Kosi disaster 2008 in three districts¹⁵. The Society received GIA worth ₹ 575.19 crore from Planning and Development Department (PDD) during 2010-12. The grant was to be utilized by March 2012. However it was observed that out of the total funds received of ₹ 575.19 crore, ₹ 467.81 crore remained unutilized as of March 2012.

JEEViKA was the implementing agency for the Livelihood Restoration and Enhancement component of BKFRP which aimed to build social and financial capital (through enhanced incomes and reduced debt level) and expand livelihood opportunities of affected population. JEEViKA received ₹65 crore (₹15 crore from BAPEPS and ₹50 crore as GIA from PDD) during 2010-12. Against this JEEViKA could only utilize ₹11.30 crore till March 2012 and the balance of ₹53.86 crore was lying in bank accounts (March 2012).

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A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because: (i) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or (ii) a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made."

In the accounts of Bihar Police Building Construction Corporation Ltd, most of the Projects (even dating back to 1990s) are being shown as work-in-progress.

Saharsa, Supaul, Madhepura.

The Department stated (December 2012) that the report regarding UCs had been sought from BAPEPS. The reply indicated that despite having selected the grantees, the Department was not aware of the status of utilization of funds by BAPEPS and was releasing subsequent GIAs.

Further, PDD issued instructions (December 2012) to BAPEPS to ensure prompt utilization of funds or refund the unspent balance at the earliest. Hence, there was slackness in the implementation of BKFRP which being a disaster rehabilitation scheme should have been taken up on a war-footing.

3.2.10.7 Classification of Grants-in-Aid as Capital Expenditure

As per Indian Government Accounting Standards (IGAS) 2 - "Accounting and Classification of Grants-in-Aid", Grants-in-Aid disbursed by a Grantor to a Grantee shall be classified and accounted as revenue expenditure in the Financial Statements of the Grantor irrespective of the purpose, for which the funds were disbursed as Grants-in-Aid except in cases specially authorised by the President on the advice of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, be debited to a Capital Head of Accounts in the Financial Statements of the Government (in present case Government of Bihar).

Test check of the Accounts of the Government of Bihar for the financial year 2011-12 revealed that Grants-in-Aid of ₹ 460.61 crore was treated as Capital Expenditure¹⁶.

3.3 Delays in submission of Accounts/Audit Reports of certain authorities or bodies for certification

Section 20 (i) of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Power and Conditions of Service) Act, 1971, provides for the audit of accounts of any body or authority, if entrusted to the Comptroller and Auditor General by any law or if requested to do so by the Governor of a State having a Legislative Assembly. Such audit could be undertaken on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between him and the concerned Government and shall have, for the purposes of such audit, right of access to the books and accounts of the bodies and authorities.

The audit of accounts of the Bihar State Legal Services Authority was entrusted to the Comptroller and Auditor General permanently. Further, the audit of accounts of the Bihar State Khadi and Village Industries Board (BSKVIB), the Bihar State Housing Board (BSHB) and the Rajendra Agricultural University (RAU), Pusa, Samastipur were entrusted to the Comptroller and Auditor General for the period 2003-04 to 2009-10, 2004-05 onwards and 2010-11, respectively. The position of submission of accounts by these bodies, issuance of Separate Audit Reports (SARs) by the Comptroller and Auditor General and their placement in the State Legislature are indicated in *Appendix 3.8.*

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Source: Note no.8 to State Finance Accounts, for the year 2011-12.

3.4 Misappropriations, Defalcations, Fraudulent/Excess Payments

Rules 31 and 32 of the Bihar Financial Rules provide that any loss or suspicion thereof, of public money held by or on behalf of the Government caused by defalcation or otherwise should be immediately reported by the officer concerned to his immediate superior official and the Finance Department as well as to the Principal Accountant General even when such loss has been made good by the party responsible. Subsequent to investigation, a complete report should be submitted regarding the nature, extent and reasons leading to such loss and the prospects of affecting its recovery. The officers receiving these reports must forward it forthwith to the Government along with a detailed report, after completing such departmental investigations as may be necessary or expedient, on the causes or circumstances which led to the misappropriation, loss or defalcation and mentioning the disciplinary action proposed against the responsible person. No such report was, however, made available to the Principal Accountant General by the heads of the offices.

During 2011-12, in a test check 17 cases of defalcation, misappropriation, loss, fraudulent/ excess payment and theft involving ₹ 3.58 crore were noticed which were pending with the concerned departments. The age-wise/category-wise break-up of the pending cases is detailed in *Appendices 3.9 and 3.10* and summarised in **Table 3.5.**

No case of written off loss was intimated by the Government.

Table 3.5: Nature of the pending cases

(₹ in crore)

Nature/Characteristics of the Cases	Number of Cases	Amount involved
Misappropriation	03	0.32
Theft	01	0.31
Defalcation	07	1.22
Fraudulent Payment	02	0.23
Excess Payment	04	1.50
Total pending cases	17	3.58

(Source: Audit findings)

Out of 17 cases, seven cases (41.18 per cent) related to defalcation which indicates that appropriate steps for the safety of Government property as prescribed in the rules, had not been taken by the concerned departments. The indifferent approach of the departments in finalization of these cases had not only caused losses to the State exchequer but also failure to take timely action against the guilty person.

3.5 Operations of omnibus Minor Head-800

Booking of receipts or expenditure under the Minor Head '800 – Other Receipts' and '800 – Other Expenditure' is considered opaque classification of receipts and expenditure as these heads do not disclose the schemes, programmes etc, to which the amount relate. The head accommodates expenditure which cannot be classified under the available programme minor heads.

During 2011-12, expenditure aggregating ₹ 2409.13 crore under 45 Revenue and Capital Major Heads of accounts (representing functions of the Government) on expenditure side was classified under the Minor Head '800–Other Expenditure' constituting about 5.99 *per cent* of the total expenditure under the respective Major Heads. Eleven Major Heads having substantial expenditure of ₹ 1623.57 crore (₹ 10 crore and above) classified as 'Other Expenditure' are detailed in *Appendix 3.11*.

Similarly, revenue receipts aggregating ₹ 330.05 crore under 43 Revenue Major Heads of accounts on receipts side (excluding Grants–in-aid) was classified under the Minor Head '800- Other Receipts' in the accounts constituting 2.45 *per cent* of the total receipt (Revenue) under the respective Major Heads. Five Major Heads having substantial receipt of ₹ 178.51 crore (₹ 10 crore and above) classified as 'Other Receipts' are detailed in *Appendix 3.12*.

Classification of large amounts under the omnibus Minor Head '800-Other Expenditure/Receipts' by 61 treasuries affected transparency in financial reporting.

3.6 Conclusion

The Review of drawal of funds on AC/GIA bills and submission of DC bills/ UCs revealed that there is need for strengthening internal controls and effective monitoring in this area. The funds were drawn on AC/GIA bills without adequate planning and immediate requirement and also to avoid lapse of budget grants, thereby resulting in unnecessary retention/parking of funds.

Delay in submission of DC bills and UCs was noticed. Non-submission of the DC bills within the stipulated time frame and drawal of funds for plan schemes/capital expenditure on AC bills at the fag end of the financial year were indicative of inadequate financial management.

Further, the amendments in BTC regarding AC/DC bills were not in conformity with the Receipts and Payments Rules, 1983 of the Central Government and needed a review for improvement.

3.7 Recommendations

- The Government should strengthen its internal control mechanism in respect of drawal of funds on AC/GIA bills so as to ensure timely utilization of funds drawn on these bills.
- The tendency of heavy drawal of funds on AC/GIA bills without immediate requirement and parking the funds in bank accounts and Personal Deposit accounts should be avoided.
- The Government should ensure transparency in financial reporting by classifying the amounts received or expended under various schemes in the accounts distinctly, instead of clubbing the same under the Minor head '800-Other Expenditure' and '800-Other Receipts'.
- Misclassification of vouchers should be avoided by treasuries and supervisory role of treasuries should be strengthened.
- Controlling Officers and DDOs should be more vigilant and careful in compliance of rules and procedures in drawal and utilization of funds.

Patna The (I. D. S. DHARIWAL)

Accountant General (Audit), Bihar

Countersigned

New Delhi

The

(VINOD RAI)
Comptroller and Auditor General of India

(Reference: Paragraph 1; Page 1)

Α.	Gener	al Data			
Sl. No.		Particula Partic	ars		Figures
1	Area	94163 sq km			
	Populati	on			
2	a.	As per 2001 Census			8.3 crore
	b.	As per 2011 Census			10.38 crore
		Density of Population (as per 2001 Census			
3	a.	(All India Density = 325 persons per Sq. In Density of Population (as per 2011 Census			881 person per Sq. km.
	b.	(All India Density = 382 persons per Sq. I			1102 person per Sq. km.
4	* Popula	tion Below Poverty Line (BPL)			
4	(All Indi	a Average = 27.5 per cent)			41.4 per cent
_	a.	Literacy (as per 2001 Census) (All India Average = 64.8 per cent)			47 per cent
5		Literacy (as per 2011 Census)			
	b.	(All India Average = 74.0 per cent)			63.82 per cent
6	Infant m	ortality*** (per 1000 live births)			
		a Average = 50 per 1000 live births)			52
7		ectancy at birth*** a Average =63.5 years)			61.6 Years
	i`	efficient ¹			
8	a.	Rural. (All India = 0.30)			0.20
	b.	Urban. (All India = 0.37)			0.20
9		ate Domestic Product (GSDP) 2011-12 at	current prices		262230 crore
	Per capi	13.10 per cent			
	T CT CUPT	(2002 00 10 2011 12)	Bihar General Category States		13.09 per cent
10	GSDPC	AGR (2002-03 to 2011-12)	Bihar		14.97 per cent
		(General Category States		14.46 per cent
		~	Bihar		17.89 per cent
11	Populati	on Growth (2001 to 2011)	General Category Stat	es	13.90 per cent
В	Fina	ncial Data			
Sl. No.		Particulars	Fig	gures (in <i>per cei</i>	ıt)
1	CAGR		2002-03 to 20	10-11	2002-03 to 2011-12
			General Category States	Bihar	Bihar
	a.	of Revenue Receipts.	16.86	19.14	18.68
	b.	of Own Tax Revenue.	16.74	17.26	18.37
	c.	of Non-Tax Revenue.	12.84	18.07	14.60
	d.	of Total Expenditure.	14.58	16.84	16.95
	e.	of Capital Expenditure.	21.25	32.47	27.82
	f.	of Revenue Expenditure on Education.	15.41	14.70	15.83
	g.	of Revenue Expenditure on Health.	14.00	13.30	14.02
	h.	of Salary and Wages#.	13.43	9.58	10.22
	i.	of Pension.	16.89	14.71	16.01
		l data is based on Garres in Finance A	accumta DDI (Diamina	Commission 0 1	

Source: Financial data is based on figures in Finance Accounts. BPL (Planning Commission & NSSO data, 61st Round-http://planning commission.nic.in/data/database/Data 0910/tab% 2021.pdf), Gini Coefficient (Unofficial estimates of Planning Commission & NSSO data,61st Round 2004-05 MRP), Life Expectancy at birth (Office of the Registrar General of India; Ministry of Home Affairs) Economic Survey,2011-12, Infant mortality rate (SRS Bulletin January, 2012), Density of population (Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India; Ministry of Home Affairs and Literacy (Office of the Registrar General of India; Ministry of Home Affairs),#for the period 2002-03 to 2010-11 or 2011-2012 as the case may be.

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¹ It is a measure of inequality of income distribution where zero refers to perfect equality and one refers to perfect inequality.

² GSDP = Gross State Domestic Product.

³ CAGR= Compound Annual Growth Rate.

Part A: Structure and form of Government Accounts

(Reference: Paragraph 1.1; Page 1)

Structure of Government Accounts: The accounts of the Government are kept in three parts

(i) Consolidated Fund, (ii) Contingency Fund and (iii) Public Account.

Part I: Consolidated Fund: All revenues received by the Government, all loans raised by issue of treasury bills, internal and external loans and all money received by the Government in repayment of loans shall form one consolidated fund entitled 'The Consolidated Fund of State' established under Article 266 (1) of the Constitution of India.

Part II: Contingency Fund: Contingency Fund of the State established under Article 267 (2) of the Constitution is in the nature of an imprest placed at the disposal of the Governor to enable him to make advances to meet urgent unforeseen expenditure, pending authorisation by the Legislature. Approval of the Legislature for such expenditure and for withdrawal of an equivalent amount from the Consolidated Fund is subsequently obtained, whereupon the advances from the Contingency Fund are recouped to the Fund.

Part III: Public Account: Receipts and disbursements in respect of certain transactions such as small savings, provident funds, reserve funds, deposits, suspense, remittances etc which do not form part of the Consolidated Fund, are kept in the Public Account set up under Article 266 (2) of the Constitution and are not subject to vote by the State Legislature.

by the State Legislature.								
	Appendix- 1.2 Part B: Layout of Finance Accounts							
Statement	Layout							
	nts have been divided into two volumes. Volume I present the Financial Statements of the							
Government in the form of commonly understood summarised form while the details are presented in Volume II.								
	Volume I contains the Certificate of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, four summary Statements as							
	otes to Accounts including accounting policy.							
Statement No. 1	Statement of financial position: Cumulative figures of assets and liabilities of the Government, as they stand at the end of the year, are depicted in the statement. The assets are largely financial assets with the figures for progressive capital expenditure denoting physical assets of the Government. Assets, as per the accounting policy, are depicted at							
	historical cost.							
Statement No. 2	Statement of receipts and disbursement: This is a summarised statement showing all receipts and disbursements of the Government during the year in all the three parts in which Government account is kept, namely the consolidate fund, contingency fund and public account. Further within the consolidated fund, receipts and expenditure on revenue and capital account are depicted distinctly.							
Statement No. 3	Statement of receipts (consolidated fund): This statement comprises revenue and capital							
	receipts and receipts from borrowings of the Government consisting of loans from the GOI,							
	other institutions, market loans raised by the Government and recoveries on account of loans							
	and advances made by the Government.							
Statement No. 4	Statement of expenditure (consolidated fund): This statement not only gives expenditure function (activity) but also summaries expenditure by name of activity (objects of expenditure).							
In addition, the Vo	olume comprises an appendix, Appendix I, which is a statement of Cash Balances and							
Investment of Cash	Balances.							
Volume II compris	es three parts. Part I contains six statements as given below:							
Statement No. 5	Statement of progressive capital expenditure: This statement details progressive capital expenditure by functions, the aggregate of which is depicted in Statement 1.							
Statement No. 6	Statement of Borrowings and other liabilities: Borrowings of the Government comprise							
	market loans raised by it (internal debt) and Loans and Advances received from the GOI.							
	Both these together form the public debt of the State Government. In addition, this summary							
	statement depicts 'other liabilities' which are the balances under various sectors in the public							
	account. In respect of the latter, the Government acts as a trustee or custodian of the funds,							
	hence these constitute liabilities of the Government. The statement also contains a note on							
	service of debt, i.e. a note on the quantum of net interest charges met from revenue receipts.							

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54.4	Appendix -1.2 Part B: Layout of Finance Accounts
Statement	Layout
Statement No. 7	Statement of Loans and Advances given by the Government: The loans and
	advances given by the Government are depicted in statement I and recoveries,
	disbursements feature in statement 2, 3 and 4. Here, loans and advances are
	summarised sector and loanee group wise. This is followed by a note on the
	recoveries in arrear in respect of loans, the details of which are maintained by
	the AG office and details of which are maintained by the State departments.
Statement No. 8	Statement of Grants-in-aid given by the Government: organised by grantee
	institutions group wise. It includes a note on grants given in kind also.
Statement No. 9	Statement of Guarantees given by the Government: Guarantees given by the
	Government for repayment of loans, etc. raised by Statutory corporations,
	Government companies, Local Bodies and Other institutions during the year
	and sums guaranteed outstanding as at the end of the year are present in this
	statement.
Statement No.10	Statement of Voted and Charged Expenditure: This statement presents details of voted and charged expenditure of the Government.
Volume II Part I	I: This part contains nine statements presenting details of transactions by minor
	ag to statements in Volume I and Part I of Volume II.
Statement No. 11	Detailed Statement of Revenue and Capital Receipts by minor heads: This
	statement presents the revenue and capital receipts of the Government in detail.
Statement No. 12	Detailed Statement of Revenue Expenditure by minor heads: This statement
	presents the details of revenue expenditure of the Government in detail.
	Non-Plan and plan figures are depicted separately and a comparison with the
	figures for the previous year is available.
Statement No. 13	Detailed Statement of Capital Expenditure by minor heads: This statement
	presents the details of capital expenditure of the Government in detail.
	Non-Plan and Plan figures are depicted separately and a comparison with the
	figures for the previous year are available cumulative capital expenditure up to
	the end of the year is also depicted.
Statement No. 14	Detailed Statement of Investment of the Government: The position of
	Government Investment in the share capital and debentures of different
	concerns is depicted in this statement for the current and previous year. Details
	include type of shares held, face value, dividend received etc.
Statement No. 15	Detailed Statement of Borrowings and other Liabilities: Details of
	borrowings (market loans raised by the Government and loan etc. from GOI) by
	minor heads, the maturity and repayment profile of all loans is provided in this
	statement. This is the detailed statement corresponding to statement 6 in part I
	volume 2.
Statement No. 16	Detailed Statement on Loans and Advances given by the Government: The
	details of loans and advances given by the Government, the changes in loan
	balances, loans written off, interest received on loans etc. is present in this
	statement. It also presents Plan loans separately. This is the detailed statement
	corresponding to statement 7 in part I volume 2.
Statement No. 17	Detailed Statement on Sources and Application of funds for expenditure
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	other than revenue account: The capital and other expenditure (other than on
	revenue account) and the sources of fund for the expenditure is depicted in the
	statement.
Statement No. 18	Detailed Statement on Contingency Fund and other Public Account
	transactions: The Statement shows changes in contingency fund during the
	year, the appropriations to the fund, expenditure, amount recouped etc. It also
	depicts the transaction in public account in detail.
Statement No. 19	Statement showing details of earmarked balances: This statement shows the
	details of investment out of reserve fund in public account.
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Part A: Fiscal Responsibility and Budgetary Management (FRBM)

(Reference: Paragraph 1.1 and Page 1)

THE BIHAR FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY AND BUDGET MANAGEMENT (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2010

(Bihar Act No. 25 of 2010)

An act to amend the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2006 to provide amendment in fiscal targets as recommended by the Thirteenth Finance Commission (ThFC) for application revised roadmap for fiscal consolidation and to make Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management process more transparent and comprehensive.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Bihar in the sixty first year of the republic of India as follows:

- 1. (a) This Act may be called the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (Amendment) Act, 2010.
 - (b) It shall extend to the whole of the State of Bihar.
 - (c) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint in this behalf.
- 2. The following new sub-section (m) after sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2006 (Bihar Act 5, 2006).
- 3. Sub-section (a) of Section 3 of the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2006 (Bihar Act 5, 2006) shall be substituted by the following:
 - (a) "for fiscal reform path the State on attaining a zero revenue deficit or revenue surplus in 2007-08 shall have to achieve a fiscal deficit of three *per cent* of Gross State Domestic Product by 2011-12 and maintain such thereafter."
- 4. Section 9 (2) of the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2006 (Bihar Act 5, 2006) shall be substituted by the following:
 - (b) "In the financial year 2010-11 bring the fiscal deficit/Gross State Domestic Product ratio to 3.5 *per cent* and it shall be three *per cent* in 2011-12 and maintain such up to year 2014-15."
- 5. The following new clause (c) shall be added after clause (b) of subsection 2 of section 9 of the Bihar Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2006 (Bihar Act, 5 2006):
 - (c) "bring Debt as *per cent* of Gross State Domestic Product in the financial year 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-2014 and 2014-15 to 48.2, 46.4, 44.6, 43.0 and 41.6 respectively".

Part B: Methodology adopted for the assessment of Fiscal Position

(Reference: Paragraph 1.1 and Page 1)

Methodology adopted for the assessment of fiscal position

The norms/ceilings prescribed by the Thirteenth Finance Commission (ThFC) for selected fiscal variable along with its projections for a set of fiscal aggregates and the commitments/ projections made by the State Governments in their Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (Amendment) Act, 2010 and in other Statements required to be laid in the legislature under the Act (Part B of Appendix 1.2) are used to make qualitative assessment of the trends and pattern of major fiscal aggregates. Assuming the GSDP is good indicator of the performance of the State's economy, major fiscal aggregates like tax and non-tax revenue, revenue and capital expenditure, internal debt and revenue and fiscal deficits have been presented as percentage to the GSDP at current market prices. The buoyancy coefficients for relevant fiscal variables with reference to the base represented by GSDP have also been worked out to assess as to whether the mobilization of resources, pattern of expenditure etc, are keeping pace with the change in the base or these fiscal aggregates are also affected by factors other than GSDP.

The trends in GSDP for the last five years are indicated below:

Trends in Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) at current rates

	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Gross State Domestic Product	118923	151650	177537	217814	262230
(₹ in crore)					
Growth rate of GSDP	14.88	27.52	17.07	22.69	20.39

(Source: Directorate of Economic and Statistical Department, Government of Bihar)

The definitions of some of the selected terms used in assessing the trends and pattern of fiscal aggregates are given below:

Terms	Basis of calculation
Buoyancy of parameter	Rate of Growth of the parameter/GSDP Growth
Buoyancy of a parameter (X)	Rate of Growth of parameter (X)/Rate of Growth of
With respect to another parameter (Y)	parameter (Y)
Rate of Growth (ROG)	[(Current year Amount/Previous year amount)-1]*100
Development Expenditure	Social Services + Economic Services
Aggregate Expenditure	Revenue Expenditure + Capital Expenditure + Loans and Advances
Average interest paid by the State	Interest payment/[Amount of previous year's Fiscal Liabilities + Current year's Fiscal Liabilities)2]*100
Interest spread	GSDP growth – Average Interest Rate
Quantum spread	Debt stock * Interest spread
Interest received as per cent of Loans	Interest Received [(Opening balance + Closing balance
Outstanding	of Loans and Advances)/2]*100
Revenue Deficit	Revenue Receipt – Revenue Expenditure
Fiscal Deficit	Revenue Expenditure + Capital Expenditure + Net
	Loans and Advances - Revenue Receipts -
	Miscellaneous Capital Receipts
Primary Deficit	Fiscal Deficit – Interest payments
Balance from Current Revenue (BCR)	Revenue Receipts minus all plan grants and Non-plan
	Revenue Expenditure excluding expenditure recorded
	under the major head 2048 - Appropriation for
	reduction of Avoidance of debt

Appendix | Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements | for the year 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 1.1.1, 1.4.1; Page 1 and 9)

		Receipts					Disburs	Disbursements			
2010-11			2011	-12	2010-11			2011-12			
								Non-	Plan	Total	
	Н	Section-A:						Plan			
		Revenue									
44532.32	I	Revenue receipts		51320.17	38215.92	I	Revenue expenditure	34012.66	12486.83	46499.49	
9869.85		-Tax revenue	12612.10		15286.97		General Services	17569.44	160.28	17729.72	
985.53		-Non-tax revenue	889.86		15089.42		Social Services	9523.52	9205.26	18728.78	
23978.38		-State's share of Union Taxes	27935.23		8100.58		Education, Sports, Art and Culture	6672.87	3484.41	10157.28	
1924.78		-Non-Plan grants	2562.62		1502.19		Health and Family Welfare	1427.81	375.72	1803.53	
5456.95		-Grants for State Plan Schemes	5065.39		1697.53		Water Supply, Sanitation, Housing and Urban Development	537.72	1175.60	1713.32	
2316.83		Grants for Central and Centrally sponsored Plan Schemes	2254.97		51.99		Information and Broadcasting	49.43	6.96	56.39	
					538.19		Welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes	99.64	959.99	1059.63	
					78.90		Labour and labour welfare	74.26	13.50	87.76	
					2902.62		Social welfare and nutrition	622.88	2966.11	3588.99	
					217.42		Others	38.91	222.97	261.88	
					7836.28		Economic Services	6916.53	3121.29	10037.82	
					2017.72		Agriculture and Allied Activities	594.36	1320.11	1914.47	
					1989.44		Rural Development	1782.66	1131.94	2914.60	
							Special areas programmers				
					1311.02		Irrigation and Flood control	1212.94	98.41	1311.35	
					1215.83		Energy	2160.32	7.70	2168.02	
					325.86		Industry and Minerals	32.05	331.14	363.19	
					634.49		Transport	788.46	0.07	788.53	
					-		Science, Technology and Environment	-	-		
					341.91		General Economic Services	345.74	231.92	577.66	
					3.25		Grants-in-aid and Contributions	3.17		3.17	
					38215.92		Total			46499.49	

		Receipts					Disburs			
2010-11			2011	-12	2010-11			2011-12		
								Non- Plan	Plan	Total
	II	Revenue deficit				II	Revenue Surplus			
		carried over to			6316.40		carried over to			4820.68
44532.32		Section B Total		51320 17	44532.32		Section B Total			51320.17
77332.32		Section-B Others		31320.17	77332.32		Iotai			31320.17
	III	Opening Cash				III	Opening			
		balance including					overdraft from			
2291.13		Permanent Advances and		2735.44			Reserve Bank of India			
		Cash Balance					or mun			
		Investment								
	IV	Miscellaneous Capital receipts			9195.94	IV	Capital Outlay	39.59	8812.42	8852.01
		Сариа гесеріз			395.71		General services	38.24	569.82	608.06
					1072.08		Social Services	5.76	801.38	807.14
					143.75		Education, Sports,	-1.77	58.17	56.40
							Art and Culture Health and			
					164.98		Family Welfare	-	321.05	321.05
							Water Supply,			
					(20.74		Sanitation,	7.52	324.43	331.96
					629.74		Housing and Urban	7.53	324.43	331.90
							Development			
					1.05		Information and	_	_	
					1.00		Broadcasting Welfare of			
							Scheduled Castes.			
					29.79		Schedule Tribes	-	3.50	3.50
							and Other			
							Backward Classes Social welfare			
					88.46		and nutrition	-	82.43	82.43
					14.31		Others social		11.80	11.80
					14.51		services		11.00	11.00
					7728.15		Economic Services	-4.41	7441.22	7436.81
					46.00		Agriculture and		445.00	445.00
					16.99		Allied Activities	-	117.29	117.29
					1203.82		Rural	_	1088.78	1088.78
							Development Special areas			
							programmes			
					1366.98		Irrigation and	-4.41	1968.39	1963.98
					1007.23		Flood Control Energy		102.37	102.37
							Industry and			
					8.81		Minerals		66.26	66.26
					4071.58		Transport		4063.51	4063.51
					52.74		General Economic Services		34.62	34.62
		Recoveries of					Loans and			
11.86	\mathbf{v}			22.51	1102.63	v	Advances	220.72	1685.36	1906.08
		Advances					disbursed			
		-From Power Projects			878.49		For Power Projects	58.18	877.36	935.54
		-From					To Government			
10.95		Government	10.62		14.86		Servants	17.39		17.39
0.61		Servants	11.00		200.20		T. O.1	145.5	000.00	052.15
0.91		-From Others	11.89		209.28		To Others	145.15	808.00	953.15

		Receipts			Disbursements					
2010-11			2011	-12	2010-11			2011-12	DI.	TP-4-1
								Non- Plan	Plan	Total
6316.40	VI	Revenue Surplus brought down		4820.68		VI	Revenue Deficit brought down			
6032.42	VII	Public debt receipts		6627.96	2190.03	VII	Repayment of Public debt			2922.46
		External debt					External debt			
5250.89		Internal debt other than Ways and Means Advances and overdrafts	5801.40		1724.53		Internal debt other than Ways and Means Advances and Overdrafts			2456.98
		-Net transactions under Ways and Means Advances -Net transactions					Net transactions under Ways and Means Advances			
781.53		-Loans and Advances from Central Government	826.56		465.50		Repayment of Loans and Advances to Central Government			465.48
0.00		Inter State settlement		75.41			Inter State settlement			1.39
1150.00	VIII			800.00	1150.00	VIII	Appropriation			800.00
	IX	Amount transferred to Contingency Fund				IX	Expenditure from Contingency Fund			
17321.25	X	Public Account receipts		22302.61	16749.02	X	Public Account disbursements			21393.22
838.84		Small Savings and Provident Funds	1031.81		586.14		Small Savings and Provident Funds			1033.94
243.72		Reserve Funds	1114.53		60.00		Reserve Funds			542.17
334.43		Suspense and Miscellaneous	419.14		329.52		Suspense and Miscellaneous			976.07
9279.87		Remittance	9859.15		9199.91		Remittance			9895.97
6624.39		Deposits and Advances	9877.98		6573.45		Deposits and Advances			8945.07
	XI	Closing Overdraft from Reserve Bank of India			2735.44	XI	Cash Balance at end			1509.45
							Cash in Treasuries and Local Remittances			
					-426.37		Deposits with Reserve Bank			-93.15
					426.92		Departmental Cash Balance including permanent Advances			491.62
					2734.89		Cash Balance Investment			1110.98
	-									

Actuals, vis-a-vis, Budget Estimates for 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 1.1.2; Page 3)

(₹ in crore)

				(₹ in crore)
Particulars	BE	Actuals	Increase/	Percentage
			Decrease (-)	increase/
			20010000 ()	decrease (-)
Donous Donoint	5(205.96	51220.17	4885.69	8.69
Revenue Receipt	56205.86 12582.90	51320.17 12612.10	-29.20	-0.23
Own tax revenue	2985.94	889.86	2096.08	70.20
Non Tax Revenue	26966.39	27935.23	-968.84	-3.59
Share of Union Taxes and Duties		9882.98		27.71
Grants-in-aid from GOI	13670.63		3787.65	
Revenue Expenditure	49933.56	46499.49	3434.07	6.88
General Services	18505.11	17729.72	775.39	4.19
Organs of State	933.12	724.00	209.12	22.41
Fiscal Services	583.25	550.43	32.82	5.63
Interest Payments & Servicing of Debt	4982.01	4540.09	441.92	8.87
Administrative services	4422.47	4106.74	315.73	7.14
Pension and Miscellaneous General services	7584.27	7808.46	-224.19	-2.96
Social Services	20862.15	18728.78	2133.37	10.23
Education, Sports, Art and Culture	11113.83	10157.28	956.55	8.61
Health and Family Welfare	2285.51	1803.53	481.98	21.09
Water Supply, Sanitation, Housing and Ur ban	2434.57	1713.32	721.25	29.63
Development				
Information and Broadcasting	62.79	56.39	6.40	10.19
Welfare of SC, ST and other BCs	628.44	1059.63	-431.19	-68.61
Labour and Labour Welfare	100.72	87.76	12.96	12.87
Social Welfare and Nutrition	3720.01	3588.99	131.02	3.52
Others	516.28	261.88	254.40	49.28
Economic Services	10562.18	10037.82	524.36	4.96
Agriculture and Allied Services	2051.19	1914.47	136.72	6.67
Rural Development	3802.24	2914.60	887.64	23.35
Irrigation & Flood Control	1226.05	1311.35	-85.30	-6.96
Energy	1090.53	2168.02	-1077.49	-98.80
Industry & Minerals	601.62	363.19	238.43	39.63
Transport	999.19	788.53	210.66	21.08
General Economic Services	791.36	577.66	213.70	27.00
Grantin-aid from Contributions	4.12	3.17	0.95	23.06
Capital expenditure of which	15392.31	8852.01	6540.30	42.49
General Services	1513.37	608.06	905.31	59.82
Social Services	1242.31	807.14	435.17	35.03
Education, Sports, Art and Culture	119.39	56.40	62.99	52.76
Health and Family Welfare	419.30	321.05	98.25	23.43
Water Supply, Sanitation, Housing and Urban	425.42	331.96	93.46	21.97
Development				
Welfare of SC, ST and other BCs	21.75	3.50	18.25	83.91
Social Welfare and Nutrition	256.45	82.43	174.02	67.86
Economic Services	8692.13	7436.81	1255.32	14.44
Agriculture and Allied Services	19.80	117.29	-97.49	-492.37
Rural Development	1344.75	1088.78	255.97	19.03
Irrigation & Flood Control	2340.85	1963.98	376.87	16.10
Energy	1044.20	102.37	941.83	90.20
Industries & Minerals	17.94	66.26	-48.32	-269.34
Transport	3899.15	4063.51	-164.36	-4.22
General Economic Services	25.44	34.62	-9.18	-36.08
Revenue Surplus (+)/ deficits (-)	6272.30	4820.68	1451.62	23.14
Fiscal Deficits (-)	6194.03	5914.00	280.03	4.52
Primary surplus (+)/ deficits (-)	-1455.52	1610.00	-3065.52	210.61
1 I illiar y sur prus (+)/ ucricits (=)	1733.32	1010.00	3003.32	210.0

Funds directly transferred to State Implementing Agencies

(Reference: Paragraph 1.2.2; Page 5)

(₹ in crore)

		(₹ in crore)			
Programme/Scheme	Implementing Agency	2010-11	2011-12		
	in the State	Central Share	Central Share		
Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan		1958.66	1851.09		
National Programme of Education	Bihar Education Project	15.96	0.00		
of Girls at Elementary Level	Council				
Kasturba Gandhi BalikaVidyalaya		73.28	0.00		
Total		2047.90	1851.09		
National Rural Employment		2089.26	1300.73		
Guarantee Scheme					
Swarna jayanti Gram Swarojgar		141.57	67.88		
Yojana					
Indira Awas Yojana	District Rural	2255.58	2170.82		
Integrated Watershed Management	Development Agencies	0.74	5.46		
Programme					
District Rural Development Agency		31.77	29.99		
(Administration)					
Hariyali		0.00	0.00		
Total		4518.92	3574.88		
National Rural Health Mission	State Health Society	19.71	6.45		
Total Sanitation Campaign			-		
Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna	Registered Societies	3458.69	3195.74		
Members of Parliament Local Area	District Magistrate	111.53	100.97		
Development Scheme	D 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.62	0.21		
Science and Technology Programme	Registered Societies	0.63	0.31		
for Social Economic Development	(NGOs)	2.02	5.00		
Off Grid DRPS	Bihar Renewable Energy	2.83	5.90		
D (1D	Development Agency	0.04	1.16		
Promotion and Dissemination of Art and Culture	Registered Societies (NGOs)	0.84	1.16		
Handicrafts	Registered Societies	0.00	0.00		
Trandiciarts	(NGOs)	0.00	0.00		
Memorials and Others	Nava Nalanda	2.20	3.00		
Wemoriais and Others	Mahavihara	2.20	3.00		
Mahila Samakhya	Bihar Mahila Samakhya	5.41	5.99		
Mama Samaknya	Society	3.41	3.77		
National Institute of Pharmaceuticals	National Institute of	1.00	0.00		
and Research	Pharmaceuticals	1.00	0.00		
	Education and Research				
Supports to NGOs, Institutions,	Jan Shikshan Sansthan	4.63	5.90		
SRCs for Adult Education and Skill					
Development					
National Child Labour Project	Child Labour Project	7.31	12.39		
Including Grants in aid to Voluntary	Society				
Agencies					
Health Insurance for Unorganized	Bihar State Labour	55.86	119.27		
Sector Workers (Rashtriya Swastha	Welfare Societies				
Bima)					
National Food Security Mission	State Agriculture	51.65	74.87		
	Management &				
	Extension Training				
Setting up of New IITs	Indian Institute of	20.00	0.00		
	Technology, Patna				
Total of GOI funds not passed		10309.11	8957.92		
from State Budget (Source: Finance Accounts, 2011-12		10007111	0,010		

Time series data on the State Government Finances

(Reference: Paragraph 1.3, 1.3.1.1, 1.4.1&1.9.1; 6, 8, 9&23)

					(₹ in crore)
	2007-2008	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Part A. Receipts					
1. Revenue Receipts	28210	32981	35527	44532	51320
(i) Tax Revenue	5086 (18)	6173 (19)	8090 (23)	9870 (22)	12612 (25)
Taxes on Sales, Trade, etc	2535 (50)	3016 (49)	3839 (48)	4557 (46)	7476 (59)
State Excise	525 (10)	679 (11)	1082 (13)	1523 (16)	1981 (16)
Taxes on Vehicles	273 (5)	298 (5)	345 (4)	456 (5)	569 (4)
Stamps and Registration fees	654 (13)	716 (12)	998 (12)	1099 (11)	1480 (12)
Land Revenue	82 (2)	102 (1)	124 (2)	139 (1)	168 (1)
Taxes on Goods and Passengers	938 (18)	1279 (21)	1613 (20)	2006 (20)	828 (7)
Other Taxes	79 (2)	83 (1)	89 (1)	90 (1)	110 (1)
(ii) Non-Tax Revenue	526 (2)	1153 (3)	1670 (5)	985 (2)	890 (2)
(iii) State's share of Union taxes	16766	17693	18203	23978	27935
and duties	(59)	(54)	(51)	(54)	(54)
(iv) Grants in aid from Government	5832	7962	7564	9699	9883
of India	(21)	(24)	(21)	(22)	(19)
2. Miscellaneous Capital Receipts	0	0	0	0	0
3. Recoveries of Loans and	26	11	13	12	23
Advances					
4. Total Revenue and Non-debt capital receipts (1+2+3)	28236	32992	35540	44544	51343
5. Public Debt Receipts	1612	5928	6134	6032	6628
Internal Debt (excluding Ways	1144	5778	5370	5251	5801
and Means Advances and					
Overdrafts)					
Net transactions under Ways and	-	-	-	-	-
Means Advances and Overdrafts					
Loans and Advances from	468	150	764	781	827
Government of India	400	130	704	/61	027
6. Inter State settlement					75
7. Total Receipts in the	29848	38920	41674	50576	58046
Consolidated Fund (4+5+6)	27040	36920	41074	30370	30040
8. Contingency Fund Receipts	-	-	1	1	
9. Public Account Receipts	12837	16941	15303	17321	22303
10. Total Receipts of the State	42685	55861	56978	67897	80349
(7+8+9)					
Part B. Expenditure/Disbursement					
11. Revenue Expenditure	23563	28512	32584	38216	46499
Plan	4804 (20)	7280 (26)	8439 (26)	10900 (29)	12487 (27)
Non-Plan	18759 (80)	21232 (74)	24145 (74)	27316 (71)	34012 (73)
General Services (including	9252 (39)	10530(37)	12202(37)	15287(40)	17729(38)
interest payments)	, _ , _ (0)	11300(37)	11101	207(10)	27(33)
Social Services	9868 (42)	12252(43)	13186(40)	15090 (39)	18729 (40)
Economic Services	4438 (19)	5726 (20)	7088 (22)	7836 (21)	10038 (22)
Grants-in-aid and contributions	5	4	108(1)	3	3
12. Capital Expenditure	6104	6436	7332	9196	8852
Plan	5991 (98)	6336 (98)	7268 (99)	9150 (99)	40 (1)
Non-Plan	113 (2)	100 (2)	64 (1)	46 (1)	8812 (99)
General Services	223 (4)	206 (3)	274 (4)	396 (4)	608 (7)
Social Services	799 (13)	640 (10)	1123 (15)	1072 (12)	807 (9)
Economic Services	5082 (83)	5590 (87)	5935 (81)	7728 (84)	7437 (84)
13. Disbursement of Loans and Advances	272	551	897	1103	1906
14. Total (11+12+13)	29939	35499	40813	48515	57257
(11 12 12)	27737	3377	10013	10313	31231

15. Repayments of Public Debt	1632	1682	1983	2190	2922
Internal Debt (excluding Ways					
and Means Advances and	1203	1254	1169	1725	2457
Overdrafts)					
Net transactions under Way s and	-	-	-	-	-
Means Advances and Overdraft					
Loans and Advances from	429	428	814	465	465
Government of India					
16. Appropriation to Contingency Fund	-	-	-	-	-
17. Inter State settlement	_	_	_	_	2
18. Total disbursement out of					_
Consolidated Fund (14+15+16+17)	31571	37181	42796	50705	60181
19. Contingency Fund disbursements	-	-	-	-	-
20. Public Account disbursements	10334	17311	15448	16749	21393
21. Total disbursement by the State	41905	54492	58428	67454	81574
(18+19+20)	11700	311,52	20.20	07.18.1	01071
Part C. Deficits					
22. Revenue Deficit(-)/Revenue	4647	4469	2943	6316	4821
Surplus (+) (1-11) 23. Fiscal Deficit (-)/Fiscal Surplus					
(+) (4-14)	(-)1703	(-)2507	(-)5273	(-)3971	(-)5914
24. Primary Deficit/Primary					
Surplus (23+25)	2004	1246	(-)1588	348	(-)1610
Part D. Other data					
25. Interest Payments (included in	2707	2552	2695	4210	4204
revenue expenditure)	3707	3753	3685	4319	4304
26. Financial Assistance to local	1133	4423	4456	4622	14444
bodies etc.	1133	4423	1130	4022	14444
27. Ways and Means	NITT	NITT	NITT	NITT	NITT
Advances/Overdraft availed (days)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Ways and Means Advances					
availed (days)					
Overdraft availed (days)					
28. Interest on Ways and Means	NIL	Nil	NIL	NIL	NIL
Advances/ Overdraft	NIL	INII	NIL	NIL	NIL
29 Gross State Domestic Product	118923	151650	177537	217814	262230
(GSDP) [®]	110,20	101000	177667	21,011	202250
30 Outstanding Fiscal liabilities	50989	54977	58690	62858	67812
(year end) 31. Outstanding guarantees (year					
end)	516	704	859	588	1092
32. Maximum amount guaranteed	,				
(year end)	1538	1538	1548	1549	2049
33. Number of incomplete projects	9	78	288	350	380
34. Capital blocked in incomplete	2793	1016	941	1005	1579
projects	2193		941	1005	13/9
Part E: Fiscal Health Indicators					
I Resource Mobilization	0.042	0.045	0.046	0.015	0.010
Own Tax revenue/GSDP	0.043	0.041	0.046	0.045	0.048
Own Non-Tax Revenue/GSDP	0.004	0.008	0.009	0.005	0.003
Central Transfers/GSDP II Expenditure Management	0.141	0.117	0.103	0.110	0.107
Total Expenditure/GSDP	0.252	0.234	0.230	0.223	0.218
Total Expenditure/Revenue Receipts	1.061	1.076	1.148	1.089	1.116
Revenue Expenditure/Total Expenditure	0.787	0.803	0.798	0.787	0.812
Expenditure on Social Services/Total	0.356	0.363	0.350	0.333	0.341
Expenditure Expenditure		2.500			

Evenanditura an Economia	0.318	0.318	0.319	0.343	0.338
Expenditure on Economic	0.318	0.318	0.319	0.343	0.338
Services/Total Expenditure	0.000	0.404	0.450	0.400	0.455
Capital Expenditure/Total	0.203	0.181	0.179	0.189	0.155
Expenditure					
Capital Expenditure on Social and	0.196	0.173	0.173	0.181	0.144
Economic Services/Total					
Expenditure.					
III Management of Fiscal					
Imbalances					
Revenue deficit (surplus)/GSDP	0.039	0.029	0.017	0.029	0.018
Fiscal deficit/GSDP	-0.014	-0.017	-0.030	-0.018	-0.023
Primary Deficit (surplus) /GSDP	0.017	0.008	-0.009	0.002	-0.006
Revenue Deficit/Fiscal Deficit	-2.728	-1.782	-0.558	-1.590	-0.815
Primary Revenue Balance/GSDP	0.070	0.054	0.037	0.049	0.035
IV Management of Fiscal					
Liabilities					
Fiscal Liabilities/GSDP	0.429	0.363	0.331	0.289	0.259
Fis cal Liabilities/RR	1.807	1.667	1.652	1.411	1.321
Primary deficit vis -à-vis quantum	-0.005	0.001	0.012	0.001	-0.169
spread	0.000				
Debt Redemption (Principal	3.216	0.064	0.736	0.923	1.004
+Interest)/ Total Debt Receipts					
V Other Fiscal Health Indicators					
Return on Investment	0.38	0.26	0.24	0.28	0.15
Balance from Current Revenue	5124	3953	6213	9602	10224
Financial Assets/Liabilities	0.960	0.960	1.09	1.18	0.809
		2.500	2.07	1,10	2.007

Figures in brackets represent percentages (rounded) to total of each sub-heading (Source: Finance Accounts and GSDP figures of the Government)

Details of Incomplete Projects (Cost over runs) as on 31 March 2012

(Reference: Paragraph 1.6.1;Page17)

(₹ in lakh)

CI	NT.	NI 6 41	TE4*	DL	D	D		n iakn)
Sl.	Name	Name of the	Estima-		Progres-	Pending	Total	Cost
No.	of	Project/Works	ted cost	1 0	sive	payme-	expendit-	over
	Depar-		of work	of work	expendit-	nts	ure	run
	tment			(in <i>per</i>	ure to the		including	
				cent)	end of the		pending	
					year		payment	
1	Water	Bagmati Extenstion	5509.20	91	6111.32	0	6111.32	602.12
	Resources	scheme from 15.24 km to						
		52.92 km in Sheohar						
2		District Restoration work of	339.42	NA*	449.17	0	449.17	109.75
		Gandak Canal System	339.42	NA.	449.17	0	449.17	109.73
		and structure (Package						
		25) at Chakia, East						
		Champaran						
3	1	Earthwork of Ugranath	498.76	62	310.03	192.66	502.69	3.93
		Branch Canal from						
		reduced distance 80 to 90						
		and earthwork and						
		construction of structures						
		of canal system (upto water course level ex-						
		reduced distance 90.875						
		(L),92.77 ®, 90.00 (L),						
		96.00 ® and 106.20 ® in						
		Madhubani District						
4	1	All works including canal	238.20	62	276.50	30	306.50	68.30
		system under ERM of						
		EKC system including						
		setting basin building						
		repair and airport in						
5	+	Supaul District Extension of left Kamla	1398.29	86	2022.00	356.69	2378.69	980.40
3		Balan from km 19.70 to	1370.27	00	2022.00	330.07	2376.07	700.40
		22.00 and km 94.00 to						
		103.12 in Madhubani						
		District						
6		Anti-erosion work at	0.00	17	116.76	4.64	121.40	121.40
		Tirhut embankment from						
		km 7 to 9 in Vaishali						
7		District	0.00	36	142.08	20.20	172.38	172.38
/		Anti-erosion work at Jafarabad, Vaishali	0.00	36	142.08	30.30	1/2.38	1/2.38
8		Restoration of cutoff	112.79	67	62.00	52.80	114.80	2.01
O		canal in between km 4.9	112.77	07	02.00	32.00	114.00	2.01
		to 6.1 of EAB at Supaul						
9	Road	Widening Strengthening	1322.72	90	876.02	476.06	1352.08	29.36
	Construct	and Beautification work						
	-ion	in km 44 (P) to 47 (P)						
	(National	under NH-83 for the year						
	Highway	2010-11 at Gaya						
10	wing) Road	Widening and	427.57	75	340.77	113.90	454.67	27.10
10	Constr-	Strengthening of Nokha-	727.37	13	340.77	113.70	434.07	27.10
	uction	Noonsari Road Dehari-						
		on-Sone, Rohtas						
11		Widening and	962.91	75	765.83	258.63	1024.46	61.55
		Strengthening of						
		Rajpura-Nokha Road in						
		Dehri-on-Sone, Rohtas			612.5		612.1-	40.00
12		Widening and	771.59	77	813.65	0	813.65	42.06
		Strengthening of Khagaul-Naubatpur Road						
		via Shivala from 0.00 to						
		4.35 in Patna District						
		Total	11581.45		12286.13	1515.68	13801.81	2220.36
							-2301101	

^{*} Details not provided by concerned Divisions/ State Government (Source: Finance Accounts 2011-12)

Non realisable amounts

(Reference: Paragraph 1.6.2, 1.6.3; Page 18&19)

(₹in crore)

			,	(in crore)
Sl.	Name of Company/Corporations	Investment in	Loans as on	Accum-
No.	1 0 1	share capital	31.03.12	ulated
110.		as on 31.03.12	(State	loss as
			`	
		(State	Government	on
		Government	portion)	31.03.12
		portion)		
1	Bihar State Road Transport Corporation	81.74	556.57	680.17
2	Bihar State Financial Corporation	39.95	213.97	382.20
3	Bihar State Credit and Investment	15.12	26.80	149.67
	Corporation Ltd.	10.12	20.00	1.5107
4	Bihar State Agro Industrie's Development	7.64	12.60	78.96
4	Corporation Ltd.	7.04	12.00	76.90
		2.20	2.02	52.45
5	Bihar Rajya Beej Nigam Ltd.	2.28	2.03	53.45
6	Bihar State Dairy Corporation Ltd.	6.72	1.95	10.58
7	Bihar Text Book Publishing Corporation Ltd.	0.12	*	5.97
8	Bihar State Police Building Construction	0.25	*	5.56
	Corporation			
9	Bihar State Sugar Corporation Ltd.	20.00	322.95	72.31
10	Bihar State Hydro Electric Corporation Ltd.	102.02	131.51	44.79
11	Bihar State Food and Civil Supplies	0.02	510.78	29.20
11	* *	0.02	310.78	29.20
	Corporation			
12	Bihar State Industrial Development	14.04	76.45	26.42
	Corporation Ltd.			
13	Bihar State Small Industries Corporation Ltd.	7.18	10.40	16.56
14	Bihar State Water Development Corporation	12.19	42.09	11.20
15	Bihar State Fruit & Vegetables Development	1.64	23.12	7.82
	Corporation Ltd.			
16	Bihar State Leather Industries Development	17.40	13.27	2.92
10	Corporation Ltd.	17.10	13.27	2.72
17		11.00	0.00	1 57
17	Bihar State Construction Corporation Ltd.	11.00	0.00	1.57
18	Bihar Hill Area Lift Irrigation Corporation	10.82	8.55	0.86
	Ltd.			
19	Bihar State Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals	16.54	12.35	0.74
	Development Corporation Ltd.			
20	Bihar State Handloom and Handicrafts	11.42	1.16	0.44
	Corporation Ltd.			
21	Bihar State Textiles Corporations Ltd.	15.81	2.48	0.32
22	Bihar Panchayati Raj Finance Corporation	1.44	0.00	0.03
22	Ltd.	1.44	0.00	0.03
22		2.27	1.22	0.01
23	Bihar State Export Corporation Ltd.	2.27	1.22	0.01
24	Bihar State Electricity Board	*	13642.81	7674.68
	Total	397.61	15613.06	7402.61
	Total 1 (Sl 01 to 08) Non realizable	153.82	813.92	1366.56
	Total 2 (Sl 09 to 23) Substantial loss	243.79	1156.33	215.19
	Total Substantial loss of BSEB (Sl 24)	0.00	13642.81	7674.68
	Total non realizable investment & loan (08)	967.74	12 2 12101	, , , ,, ,,
	Total Substantial loss (15) except BSEB	215.19		
	Total Substantial loss (15) except BSEB	215.19		

^{*} Loans given to BSEB is shown at pages 279 to 281(Statement 16) of Finance Accounts but not mentioned in Statement 14 of Finance Accounts. Similarly, investments in Bihar Text Book Publishing Corporation Ltd. and Bihar State Police Building Construction Corporation is shown at pages 219 and 218 respectively (Statement 14) of Finance Accounts but not shown in Statement 16

(Source: Finance Accounts and records/information of offices mentioned in Column 6 & Audit memos issued)

Advance withdrawal of Funds during 2011-12

(Reference paragraph 1.6.4; Page 19)

(₹ in lakh)

records of	Department	Bank	Bank A/c No.	Where kept	Amount	(₹ in lakh) Based on
Realth	Department	Dalik	Dank A/C NO.	where kept	Amount	
Health	Co- operative	Bihar State Co-	100203311	Bihar State	19045.29	
Patha		operative Bank		_		
Deposit Deposit Beliar Medical College and Bilar Rajya Pul Nirman Nigam (BRPNN)		Patna				
Indian Bank	Health			BRPNN	5000.00	
Bihar Rajya Pul Nirman Nigam (BRPNN)			Deposit			
Indian Bank						
Indian Bank						
Indian Bank						
Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited (BMSICL) BMSICL						
Infrastructure		Indian Bank	6016610664	Bihar Medical	400.00	
Corporation Limited (BMSICL) BMSICL						
Limited (BMSICL) BMSICL						
Muzaffarpur 31130471517 Principal SKMC, Muzaffarpur Treasury Voucher						
Muzaffarpur				1		RMSICI
Indian Bank 6016610664 Central Bank of India (CBI) 2231.25 ICICI Bank 625901142497 Union Bank of India BMSICL CS Patna and BSHS		Muzaffarpur	31130471517		170.00	DIVISICE
Indian Bank		r				Treasury
Central Bank of India (CBI) 2231.25 3942.95 3942.95 3670.18 BMSICL				Muzaffarpur		-
India (CBI) ICICI Bank 625901142497 Union Bank of India BMSICL		Indian Bank	6016610664		400.00	
ICICI Bank 625901142497				BMSICL		
Union Bank of India Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Axis Bank Axis Bank Saving and Fixed Deposit Deposit Deposit Deposit Allahabad Bank					2231.25	
India			625901142497			
Not Available 30210764317 Bihar State Health Society (BSHS) 11800.00 CS Patna and BSHS Not Available (BSHS) 11800.00 CS Patna and BSHS Axis Bank Saving and Fixed Deposit Deposit CBI Flexi Fixed Deposit Deposit Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit De					3670.18	D) (G) G)
Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Axis Bank Axis Bank Saving and Fixed IDBI Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Allahabad Bank Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		***	20210764217	D'I Gu	11270.00	
Not Available Axis Bank Axis Bank Saving and Fixed IDBI Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IISO.90 Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS		Not Available	30210764317		112/8.00	
Axis Bank Saving and Fixed IDBI Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit CBI Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		Not Available		-	11800 00	
IDBI Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit CBI Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS		110t71vanaoie		(-22)	11000.00	
Deposit CBI Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		Axis Bank	Saving and Fixed	BMSICL	7758.00	
CBI Flexi Fixed Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		IDBI Bank	Flexi Fixed	1	13133.92	
Deposit UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS 5610.71 4493.99 BSHS & BMSICL Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) 2439.56 IGIMS 460.00 IGIMS			_			
UBI Flexi Fixed Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		CBI			6618.90	
Deposit PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS II80.90 Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS IGIMS		TIDI	_		F (10 F1	
PNB Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Deposit IGIMS II80.90 Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		OBI			5610.71	
Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS I180.90 Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		PNR		-	4493 99	BSHS &
Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		1110			1773.77	
Medical Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) Allahabad Bank Savings 2439.56 IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS		Allahabad Bank		IGIMS	1180.90	
Sciences, Sheikhpura, Patna IGIMS) Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS 414.50 IGIMS						
Allahabad Bank Savings 2439.56 IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS						
Allahabad Bank Savings 2439.56 IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Beposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS						
Allahabad Bank Savings Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS 414.50 IGIMS						
Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed B60.00 IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS		Allahahad Bank	Savinos		2439.56	
Deposit IGIMS Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed Deposit IGIMS IGIMS				-		TOTIVIS
Allahabad Bank Flexi Fixed 414.50 Deposit IGIMS		Think and Dullik			500.00	IGIMS
Deposit IGIMS		Allahabad Bank			414.50	
Health Department total 81402.86						IGIMS
	Health Depart	tment total			81402.86	

Department	Bank	Bank A/c No.	Where kept	Amount	Based on records of
Human	SBI	320053311971	Bihar	5822.25	BMSP
Resources	SBI	32264472032	Madhyamik	198.00	
(HR)	PNB	394000101131861	Shiksha Parishad	10000.00	
	SBI	3063469229	(BMSP)	4677.75	
	Allahabad Bank	50029509570	Bihar School	8575.87	Bihar School
			Examination		Examination
			Board		Board
			(Secondary)		(Secondary)
	Indian Overseas	245001000070001	Bihar State	1125.00	
	Bank (IOB)		Educational		BSEIDC
			Infrastructure		
			Development Corporation		
			limited		
			(BSEIDC)		
	IOB	151201000005527	BMSP	4176.00	BMSP
	CBI	3065633812		564.00	
	CBI	3063469229		10183.00	
	Indian Bank	6042512304		375.00	
	AXIS Bank	910010025285315	BSEIDC	5338.00	
	epartment (earlier H	· ·		51034.87	
Planning and	SBI, Secretariat,	31620128302	Bihar Aapada	41551.60	
Development	Patna		Punarwas		
			Evam		BAPEPS
			Punarnirman Society		
			(BAPEPS)		
	CBI, KankarBagh	3075500051	BAPEPS	5909.10	
	Colony, Patna				
	SBI, Motihari	11060624879		362.58	DPO,
	CBI, Motihari	3060742032	DPO, Motihari	131.55	Motihari
	Allahabad Bank	123201	DPO, Buxar	120.96	DPO, Buxar
	PNB, Buxar	3877000100064290		133.68	
	SBI,Ara	11174594538		7.39	DPO, Ara
	MBGB PNB	7006010064391	DPO, Ara	124.31	
	PNB	100504448 846000100280315	DPO, Rohtas	302.09 320.15	DPO, Rohtas
	SBI	11054473097 3863000101068048	DPO, Bhabhua	3.25	DPO, Bhabhua
	PNB	3803000101008048		253.59	Bilaoliua
Planning and	Development Depart	tment total		49220.25	
Rural	SBI	11111139458	Bihar Rural		
Works			Road		
Department			Development		RWD
			Authority		
SC/ST	PNB		(BRRDA)	10000.00	DMAG
SC/S1 Welfare		Fixed Deposit	Bihar Mahadalit	2351.90	BMVS
.,	Canara Bank	Fixed Deposit	Vikash Mission	5522.80	
	BOI	Fixed Deposit	(BMVM)	4623.80	
	AXIS Bank	Fixed Deposit		2000.00	
	ICICI Bank	Fixed Deposit		1137.20	
SC/ST Welfar	e Department total			15635.70	

Department	Bank	Bank A/c No.	Where kept	Amount	Based on
					records of
Social	Corporation Bank			2001.90	
Welfare		5504			
	Corporation Bank	1146		24.30	
	Madhya Bihar		Women	3967.00	
	Gramin Bank	73210100047601	Development		WDC
	Corporation Bank	CLSB A/c-7/04	Corporation	1.30	
	Corporation Bank	CLKCC A/c-8/04	(WDC)	0.20	
	Indian Bank	441654837		672.40	
	SBI	1000009782		1.00	
	SBI	30098230233		1597.20	
	Indian Bank	763685826		12.60	
	SBI	11049753526		65.80	
	BOI	440020110000040		13.00	
	BOI	440020110000069		7.20	
	SBI	1100050051		24.00	
	BOI	440010210000002		223.00	
	SBI	30815373247		7.50	
Social Welfare	e Department			8618.40	
Urban Develo	pment & Housing De	partment	Bihar Urban	6400.00	Bihar Urban
			Infrastructure		Development
			Development		Authority
			Corporation		(BUDA)
			Limited		
			(BUIDCO)		
		Fotal		241357.37	

(Source: Records/information of offices mentioned in Column 6 & Audit memos issued)

Summarized financial position of the Government of Bihar as on 31 March 2012

(Reference: Paragraph 1.7.1, Page 20)

			(< in crore)
As on	LIABILITIES		As on
31.03.2011			31.03.2012
39020.39	Internal Debt -		42364.79
17579.57	Market Loans bearing interest	20173.22	
0.44	Market Loans not bearing interest	0.68	
21.97	Loans from Life Insurance Corporation of	21.55	
	India		
21418.41	Loans from other Institutions	22169.34	
8264.48	Loans and Advances from Central		8625.56
	Government -		
3.91	Pre 1984-85 Loans	3.91	
67.09	Non-Plan Loans	64.12	
8126.28	Loans for State Plan Schemes	8492.61	
6.13	Loans for Central Plan Schemes	5.54	
18.11	Loans for Centrally Sponsored Plan Schemes	16.42	
42.96	Ways and Means Advances for Plan Schemes	42.96	
350.00	Contingency Fund		350.00
9563.43	Small Savings, Provident Funds, etc.		9561.30
4802.90	Deposits		5717.43
1646.92	Reserve Funds		2219.29
00	Inter State settlement		74.01
11424.74	Surplus on Government Account -		16245.42
6316.40	(i) Less Revenue Surplus of the current year	4820.68	
5108.34	(ii) Accumulated Surplus at the beginning of	11424.74	
	the year		
75072.86			85157.80
	ASSETS		
53447.86	Gross Capital Outlay on Fixed Assets -		62299.88
905.24	Investments in shares of Companies,	920.82	
	Corporations, etc.		
52542.62	Other Capital Outlay	61379.06	
16642.19	Loans and Advances -		18525.76
13794.72	Loans for Power Projects	14730.25	
2781.92	Other Development Loans	3723.18	
65.55	Loans to Government servants and	72.33	
	Miscellaneous loans		
1144.38	Remittances		1181.18
185.49	Advances		167.10
917.50	Suspense and Miscellaneous Balances		1474.43
2735.44	Cash -		1509.45
0.00	Cash in Treasuries and Local Remittances		
-426.37	Deposits with Reserve Bank	-93.15	
254.61	Departmental Cash Balance	206.07	
172.31	Permanent Advances	285.55	
2734.89	Cash Balance Investments including	1110.98	
	earmarked funds		
75072.86			85157.80

Appendix Statement of grants/appropriations where savings were more than ₹ 10 crore and 20 per cent of the tetal. 20 per cent of the total provision (Reference: Paragraph 2.3.1, Page 30)

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Grant	Name of the	Total Grant/	Expenditure	Savings	Perce-
No.	No.	Grant/Appropriation	Appropr-			ntage
			iation			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	1	Agriculture Department	1354.96	980.22	374.74	28
2	2	Animal & Fisheries Resources	487.26	276.63	210.63	43
		Department				
3	3	Building Construction Department	799.53	436.84	362.69	45
4	4	Cabinet Secretariat Department	142.54	89.47	53.08	37
5	6	Election Department	67.45	43.38	24.07	36
6	8	Art, Culture and Youth Department	65.48	47.50	17.98	27
7	9	Co-operative Department	1275.88	1003.20	272.68	21
8	10	Energy Department	4367.42	3235.00	1132.42	26
9	12	Finance Department	1362.31	427.01	935.30	69
10	16	Panchayati Raj Department	3549.79	2389.53	1160.26	33
11	17	Commercial Taxes Department	82.60	65.37	17.23	21
12	20	Health Department	2876.51	2249.41	627.10	22
13	23	Industries Department	524.14	352.84	171.30	33
14	25	Information Technology	228.97	114.52	114.45	50
		Department				
15	27	Law Department	567.05	418.55	148.50	26
16	30	Minorities Welfare Department	575.47	287.39	288.08	50
17	33	General Administration	394.59	289.07	105.52	27
		Department				
18	35	Planning and Development	1764.03	655.61	1108.42	63
		Department				
19	36	Public Health Engineering	968.13	568.94	399.19	41
• •		Department	1501.50	1055	150.54	2.6
20	37	Rural Works Department	1734.69	1275.93	458.76	26
21	38	Registration, Excise and Prohibition Department	124.21	84.54	39.67	32
22	39	Disaster Management Department	1119.78	646.36	473.42	42
23	40	Revenue and Land Reforms			165.47	
23	40	Department	676.27	510.80	165.47	24
24	43	Science and Technology	158.27	80.38	77.89	49
		Department				
25	45	Sugar Industries Department	49.10	28.57	20.53	42
26	48	Urban Development and Housing	1381.83	661.37	720.46	52
		Department				
27	49	Water Resources Department	3570.92	2852.70	718.22	20
28	50	Minor Water Resources	839.51	437.24	402.27	48
		Department				
29	51	Social Welfare Department	3432.69	2599.27	833.42	24
		Total	34541.38	23107.64	11433.75	

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State, 2011 -12)

List of Grants indicating Persistent Savings during 2007-12

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.2, Page 33)

(₹ in crore)

SI.	No &	No. & Amount and percentage of savings						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
No.	Name of the	200	7-08	200	8-09		9-10		0-11	201	1-12
110.	grant	200	, 00	200	0 0)	200	<i>y</i> 10	201	V 11	201	
Reve	enue-Voted										
		Amount	percent-	Amount	percent-	Amount	percent-	Amount	percent-	Amount	percent-
			tage		tage		tage		tage		tage
1	2-Animal	26.18	14.94	64.55	18.10	62.53	18.99	165.72	40.67	210.59	43.22
	and										
	Fisheries										
	Resources Department										
2	12-Finance	94.54	54.74	35.16	12.83	39.09	10.91	55.64	13.46	122.72	43.27
_	Department	71.51	37.77	33.10	12.05	37.07	10.71	33.01	15.70	122.72	73.27
3	20-Health	292.10	22.03	395.61	24.92	278.83	16.79	479.42	23.92	528.85	21.52
	Department										
4	27-Law	35.32	16.68	70.45	26.76	31.32	10.72	130.41	26.37	148.50	26.19
т	Department										
	40-Revenue	38.58	11.26	73.16	19.07	120.13	17.17	128.43	23.06	148.70	24.05
5	and Land										
	Reforms Department										
	41-Road	123.15	29.98	114.75	27.17	274.30	38.78	198.29	33.58	120.06	18.44
6	Construction	123.13	27.70	114.75	27.17	274.50	30.70	170.27	33.30	120.00	10.44
	Department										
	50-Minor	33.72	17.33	70.75	21.92	93.81	28.18	108.29	15.78	291.77	50.39
7	Water										
,	Resources										
	Department	C 40 WO		004.40		000.04		100000		4 2 2 4 4 0	
	Total	643.59		824.43		900.01		1266.20		1571.19	
	Capital-Vote										
8	3-Building	39.03	57.17	53.82	58.81	26.79	29.86	66.52	36.16	292.26	57.49
	Construction										
9	Department 36-Public	389.41	53.87	495.89	73.13	462.89	50.68	268.62	29.99	137.81	31.09
9	Health	369.41	33.87	493.89	/3.13	402.89	30.08	208.02	∠9.99	137.81	31.09
	Engineering										
10	Department	502.42	(2.10	1250.51	55.20	1415.20	52.55	1722.01	57.01	(27.00	25.65
10	49-Water Resources	593.42	42.19	1359.51	55.29	1415.28	52.57	1722.91	56.81	625.86	25.65
	Department										
11	50-Minor	79.06	51.45	60.63	59.44	95.11	57.02	181.26	75.96	110.50	42.42
	Water Resources										
	Department										
Total		1100.92		1969.85		2000.07		2239.31		1166.43	
Gran	nd Total	1744.51		2794.28		2900.08		3505,51		2737.62	
						27 20100				,	

(Source-Appropriation Accounts of the state)

Excess over provision of previous years requiring regularisation

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.3, Page 33)

Year	No. of Grants/	Grants/Appropriation number	Amount of excess
	Appropriation		
1977-78	1	24	0.06
1978-79	2	17, 27	16.17
1979-80	1	17	33.46
1980-81	2	12, 17	26.02
1981-82	5	3, 12, 13, 17, 24	38.02
1982-83	2	12, 22	4.78
1983-84	1	12	9.45
1984-85	2	3,14	2.63
1985-86	2	10, 13	14.82
1986-87	1	13	65.63
1987-88	5	9, 19, 25, 38, 48	242.46
1988-89	3	9, 25, 38	85.15
1989-90	3	25,27,38	99.40
1990-91	2	37,38	47.55
1991-92	2	6, 38	71.24
1992-93	2	25, 38	93.26
1993-94	2	25, 37	157.68
1994-95	1	37	170.61
1995-96	2	25, 37	213.22
1996-97	2	23, 37	21.16
1997-98	1	7	0.01
1998-99	1	30	0.33
1999-00	1	40	0.01
2003-04	3	11,30,50	81.23
2004-05	4	19,20,21,46	5.68
2005-06	4	10,39,40,46	349.56
2007-08	2	17, 42	1.93
2008-09	3	15,17,28	54.62
2009-10	1	14	98.37
2010-11	2	5,15	273.71
	Total		2278.22

Cases where supplementary provision (₹10 lakhs or more in each case) proved unnecessary (Reference : Paragraph 2.3.4, Page 33)

G.	X	0.1.			(₹ in crore)
Sl. No.	Number and Name of the Grant	Original Provision	Expend- iture	Savings out of Original Provision	Supplementary Provision
A-Re	evenue (Charged)				
1	13-Interest Payments	4738.51	4303.66	434.85	0.25
2	15-Pension	6.96	0.86	6.10	0.35
3	28-High Court of Bihar	82.67	72.94	9.73	4.29
4	34-Bihar Public Service Commission	12.26	12.15	0.11	0.63
Total	l for charged	4840.40	4389.61	450.79	5.52
A- R	evenue (Voted)				
1	1-Agriculture Department	1235.89	979.92	255.97	118.78
2	2-Animal and Fisheries Resources Department	384.73	276.63	108.10	102.50
3	3-Building Construction Department	276.16	220.69	55.47	14.96
4	4-Cabinet Secretariat Department	115.56	86.83	28.73	4.91
5	6-Election Department	65.53	43.38	22.15	1.92
6	8-Art, Culture and Youth Department	62.07	47.51	14.56	3.41
7	12-Finance Department	271.48	160.87	110.61	12.11
8	16-Panchayati Raj Department	2982.88	2179.22	803.66	316.90
9	17-Commercial Tax Department	69.71	65.16	4.55	12.67
10	18-Food and Consumer Protection Department	428.71	373.10	55.61	104.42
11	19-Environment and Forest Department	124.06	118.88	5.18	5.69
12	20-Health Department	2305.31	1928.36	376.95	151.90
13	21-Education Department	10915.91	10633.54	282.37	1976.52
14	22-Home Department	3534.19	3380.33	153.86	380.88
15	23-Industries Department	483.65	331.92	151.73	1.04
16	24-Information and Public Relation Department	63.37	56.79	6.58	1.66
17	25-Information Technology Department	105.00	69.18	35.82	22.16
18	26-Labour Resources Department	168.20	144.99	23.21	9.50
19	27-Law Department	515.29	418.55	96.74	51.76
20	29-Mines and Geology Department	15.57	12.23	3.34	0.45
21	30-Minorities Welfare Department	568.76	282.36	286.40	1.61
22	33-General Administration Department	330.81	289.07	41.74	63.78
23	35-Planning and Development Department	708.95	446.92	262.03	74.72
24	36-Public Health Engineering Department	341.41	263.43	77.98	183.40
25	37-Rural Works Department	542.65	416.02	126.63	0.19
26	38-Registration, Excise and Prohibition Department	110.56	84.54	26.02	13.65
27	39-Disaster Management Department	769.94	643.98	125.96	347.34
28	41-Road Construction Department	648.13	531.17	116.96	3.10

Sl. No.	Number and Name of the Grant	Original Provision	Expend- iture	Savings out of Original Provision	Supplementary Provision
29	42-Rural Development Department	1471.08	1407.48	63.60	20.50
30	45-Suger Industries Department	45.64	28.32	17.32	3.00
31	47-Transport Department	33.63	23.89	9.74	0.39
32	48-Urban Development and Housing Department	1283.78	661.37	622.41	91.05
33	50-Minor Water Resources Department	421.66	287.28	134.38	157.39
34	51-Social Welfare Department	2808.47	2599.27	209.20	467.04
Tota	l for Voted	34208.74	29493.18	4715.56	4721.30
Total	l for Revenue	39049.14	33882.79	5166.35	4726.82
В-Са	pital Voted				
1	3-Building Construction Department	358.91	216.15	142.76	149.50
2	4-Cabinet Secretariat Department	9.45	2.58	6.87	12.50
3	10-Energy Department	1733.93	1043.39	690.54	181.45
4	11-Backward Classes and Most Backward Classes Welfare Department	3.85	1.00	2.85	2.00
5	21-Education Department	62.00	34.59	27.41	15.38
6	22-Home Department	434.97	390.72	44.25	38.92
7	23-Industries Department	38.96	20.92	18.04	0.48
8	35-Planning and Development Department	767.24	208.69	558.55	213.12
9	36-Public Health Engineering Department	390.86	305.50	85.36	52.46
10	37-Rural Works Department	1091.86	859.91	231.95	100.00
11	43-Science and Technology Department	57.39	24.36	33.03	27.00
12	49-Water Resources Department	2096.38	1814.03	282.35	343.51
13	50-Minor Water Resources Department	244.46	149.96	94.50	16.00
Total	l for Capital	7290.26	5071.80	2218.46	1152.32
Gran	nd Total	46339.40	38954.59	7384.81	5879.14

(Source-Appropriation Accounts of the state 2011-12)

Appendix 2.5 Unnecessary Re-appropriation of Funds (Reference: Paragraph 2.3.5, Page 33)

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.5, Page 33)

Sl.	Grant	Head of Accounts and Description	Total	Re-	Actual	Surren-	Final
No.	No.		Provision	appro-	Expen-	dered	Savings
				priation	diture		= (4+5-
							6-7)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	2	2403-00-001-0001-Superintendence	4.21	0.17	4.06	0.15	0.17
2		2403-00-102-0001-Cattle Breeding	3.37	0.06	2.92	0.45	0.06
_		Farm	3.57	0.00	2,72	0.13	0.00
3		2404-00-001-0001-Headquarter	2.29	0.05	2.24	0.03	0.07
3		Establishment	2.29	0.03	2.24	0.03	0.07
4	2		0.50	0.20	0.44	0.15	0.10
4	3	2059-80-052-0001-New supply and	0.50	0.20	0.44	0.15	0.10
		repairs					
5	6	2015-00-106-0001-General Election	5.50	0.27	1.18	2.09	2.50
		of State Legislative Assembly					
6	20	2210-01-001-0002-District Medical	28.81	1.20	25.87	1.79	2.35
		Officer					
7		2210-01-110-0013-Sadar Hospital	201.67	2.56	157.01	8.92	38.15
8		2210-01-200-0005-Other	13.23	2.39	8.67	0.72	5.16
G		Dispensaries (Local dispensaries)	13.23	2.39	6.07	0.72	5.10
9		2210-01-200-0006-Bidhayak	1.31	0.20	0.98	0.32	0.21
9		·	1.31	0.20	0.98	0.32	0.21
10		Hospital, Patna	55.15	2.00	10.50	1.70	15.00
10		2210-03-101-0003-Health Sub-	57.15	3.00	43.53	1.59	15.02
		Centre					
11		2210-05-101-0001-Ayurvedic	3.19	0.34	3.05	0.30	0.18
		College, Begusarai					
12		2210-05-105-0005-Nalanda Medical	31.65	0.02	24.55	0.00	7.12
		College					
13		2210-06-101-0002-National Filaria	16.26	1.00	15.73	0.57	0.96
		Control Programme					
14		2210-06-113-0001-Training and	0.45	0.01	0.30	0.09	0.06
		extension compaign					
15	22	2056-00-101-0002-District Jail	57.10	3.49	56.24	3.49	0.86
16		4070-00-052-0101-Equipments for	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.61
4		Jails					
17	23	2851-00-103-0108-Special	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.98
		integrated schemes for Backward					
		Classes-Rebate on sale of handloom					
		cloth to weaving Co-operative					
		Society-Grants-in-aid					
18		2852-80-102-0163-Creation,	10.00	0.30	4.69	5.61	0.00
		Development and Maintenance of					
		Infrastructure for promotion of					
		Business, Commerce and Industries					
19	26	2230-01-103-0101-Organisation of	0.23	0.01	0.19	0.03	0.01
		Rural Training Camps					
20		2230-01-114-0102-Antarajiya	0.85	0.05	0.76	0.09	0.05
		Prawasi Majdooron Ke Punarwas			2., 3	,	
		Par Hone wale Vyay					
		Tur Hone water vydy					

Sl. No.	Grant No.	Head of Accounts and Description	Total Provision	Re- appro- priation	Actual Expen- diture	Surren- dered	Final Savings = (4+5-
							6-7)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
21	38	2030-02-101-0001-Cost of Stamp supplied from Central Stamp Store, Nasik Road	4.38	0.63	4.37	0.00	0.64
22	39	2245-02-101-0002-Supply of Food Grains	178.46	3.53	119.70	16.68	45.60
23		2245-02-101-0005-Cash payment of Fire Relief	5.00	1.50	1.16	3.66	1.68
24	40	2029-00-001-0001-District Charges- Land Acquisition Establishment	10.72	0.10	9.71	1.01	0.10
25	48	2015-00-109-0001-Election of Municipal Corporation, Municipal Council and Panchayats	2.00	1.57	1.91	0.04	1.62
26		2217-80-191-0012-Rajya Vitta Ayog Ki Anushansano Ke Alok Me Nagar Nigam Karmchariyon Ke liye Vetnadi Bhugtan	16.42	0.28	13.26	0.00	3.44
27		2217-80-191-0013-Rajya Vitta Ayog Ki Anushansa Ke Alok Me Nagar Nigam Ko Sahayak Anudan	88.78	0.23	72.90	0.00	16.11
28		2251-00-090-0005-Urban Development Department	5.65	0.02	4.46	0.00	1.21
29	49	2700-03-001-0001-Establishment	165.64	0.55	147.49	18.28	0.36
30		2701-04-101-0002-Other maintenance expenditure	39.72	0.60	38.42	1.54	0.36
		Total	954.54	25.92	765.79	67.60	145.74

(Source- Detailed Appropriation Accounts (including Grants Audit Register), Government of Bihar)

Insufficient Withdrawal through Re-appropriation of Funds

(Reference : Paragraph 2.3.5, Page 33)

Sl.	Grant	Head of Accounts and Description	Total	Re-	Final
No.	No.	ficad of Accounts and Description	Provision	appropria-	Savings
110.	110.		11011011	tion	Savings
1	1	2401-00-109-0001-Divisional District and	123.94	-8.56	3.70
-	-	Sub-divisional establishment	120.5	0.00	2., 0
2		2435-01-102-0003-Seed Testing Laboratory	3.94	-0.24	0.26
3	2	2403-00-102-0006-Cattle Breeding and	48.62	-0.39	0.50
		Development Project			
4	3	4059-80-051-0002-Minor Works	3.75	-0.06	0.01
5	6	2015-00-108-0001-Expenditure on issue of	15.10	-2.03	0.51
3	0	*	13.10	-2.03	0.51
-		Photo-identity Cards to Voters	4 40 5 0 5	1= -=	100.10
6	13	2049-01-101-0001-Interest on Bihar State	1495.05	-17.67	128.43
		Development Loans (Interest bearing)			
7	20	2210-01-110-0011-Infectious Disease			
		Hospital, Patna	1.93	-0.01	0.15
8		2210-01-200-0001-Others Dispensaries (T.B.	37.33	-0.21	1.02
		Eradication Programme)			
9		2210-01-200-0002-Other Dispensaries	54.80	-1.80	6.60
		(Laprosy Eradication Programme)			
10		2210-02-101-0001-Directorate of Indigenous	15.41	-0.34	0.91
		Ayurvedic Medicines			
11		2210-03-103-0001-Primary Health Centre	643.36	-4.00	79.89
12		2210-05-105-0010-Bhagalpur Medical	19.15	-0.02	10.50
		College			
13		2210-06-001-0001-Superintendence	6.10	-0.15	0.78
14		2210-06-101-0003-National Malaria	28.62	-0.20	3.74
1.7	22	Eradication Programme	106.52	6.70	12.05
15	22	2056-00-101-0001-Central Jail	106.52	-6.72	42.05
16		4070-00-051-0103-Building Construction of	15.79	-0.61	0.19
		Central Divisional/Sub-jail (Home			
17	23	Department) 2852-80-102-0159-Incentive for Food	210.00	12.50	1.04
1 /	23		210.00	-12.50	1.84
		Processing Industry (Grants-in-aid)			
18	26	2230-01-101-0108-Shram Adhiniyaman Ke	0.98	-0.01	0.01
		Kriyanwayan hetu Prawartan Tantra Ka			
		Suddhrikaran			
19	32	2011-02-101-0005-Members	40.29	-0.19	2.12
20	36	4215-01-102-0101-Rural Water Supply	10.70	-2.50	0.63
		Scheme			
21		4215-01-102-0118-Water Supply to	24.84	-2.00	0.25
		Primary/Middle School			
22	38	2030-01-101-0001-Cost of stamps supplied	2.80	-0.63	0.29
		from Central Stamp Store, Nasik Road			
23	39	2245-02-101-0001-Cash payment to helpless	35.20	-1.50	1.35
	3,	and handicapped persons	55.20	1.50	1.55
24	40		222.10	0.16	7.10
24	40	2029-00-104-0001-Expenditure on Revenue	323.19	-0.16	7.10
		Administration			
25		2029-00-104-0002-Securities of Hat, Bazar	3.98	-0.10	0.18
26	41	and Kuchehries	216.20	0.05	0.00
26	41	3054-80-001-0002-Supervision	216.29	-0.05	0.89

Sl. No.	Grant No.	Head of Accounts and Description	Total Provision	Re- appropria- tion	Final Savings
27	45	2401-00-108-0109-Sugarcane Development	19.82	-3.75	0.05
28	48	2217-80-192-0004-Rajya Vitta Ayog ki Anushansa ke alok me Nagar Parishad	9.27	-0.28	0.19
		karmchariyon ke liye vetnadi bhugtan			
29		2217-80-192-0005-Rajya Vitt Ayog ki Anushansa ke alok me Nagar Parishad ko Sahayak Anudan	83.50	-1.59	18.56
30		2217-80-193-0004-Rajya Vitta Ayog ki Anushansa ke alok me Nagar Panchayat Karmchariyon ke liyeVetnadi Bhugtan	2.09	-0.01	0.14
31		2217-80-193-0005-Rajya Vitta Ayog ke Anushansa ke alok me Nagar Pachayat ko Sahayak Anudan	55.98	-0.23	9.11
32		2217-80-800-0116-Grants-in-aid to Urban Local Bodies for Integrated Urban Development	277.50	-14.25	259.97
33	49	2711-01-001-0003-Regional Establishment	226.46	-0.35	0.01
34		4700-01-001-0101-Establishment	38.09	-0.08	0.25
35		4700-04-800-0101-Irrigation Project for Kiul-Badua-Chandan Basin (Works)	7.00	-1.75	0.01
36		4700-80-800-0102-Scheme for Rivers Canal Projects	2.49	-0.60	0.30
		Total	4209.88	-85.54	582.49

(Source- Detailed Appropriation Accounts (including Grant Audit Register), Government of Bihar)

Appendix 2.7 Substantial surrenders (₹ five crore or more than 50 per cent of the total provision) made during the year

Sl. No.	Number and name of	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total provision	Expend- iture	Amount surren-	Savi- ngs	Perc- entage
110.	grants	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	provision	iture	dered	ngs	entage
1	1-Agriculture Department	2401-00-103-0614-Consolidated Cereal Development Programme (Macromode 90:10)	12.00	4.34	7.54	0.12	62.83
2		2401-00-103-0115-Seed Production Programme by Bihar State Seed Corporation	46.48	20.75	25.73	0.00	55.36
3		2401-00-105-0105-National Project on Fertilisation Management	13.28	4.52	8.76	0.00	65.96
4		2401-00-105-0106-Upgradation of Biological farming	8.30	3.19	5.11	0.00	61.57
5		2401-00-108-0615-Integrated Scheme for Oilseed, Pulses, Palm oil and Maize (ISOPOM 75:25) New Scheme	15.00	3.90	10.99	0.11	73.27
6		2402-00-102-0602-NWDPRA (Macromode 90:10)	9.00	2.19	6.75	0.06	75
7	2-Animal and Fisheries Resources	2403-00-106-0607-Schemes for Control and Prevention of Animal Diseases	38.20	8.34	29.86	0.00	78.17
8	Department	2403-00-106-0104-Schemes for Control and Prevention of Animal Diseases	10.00	2.67	7.04	0.29	70.40
9		2405-00-101-0104- Development and Renovation of Pond Fish	11.00	2.18	8.82	0.00	80.18
10	3-Building Construction Department	2059-01-053-0017-Maintenance and Repairs of Building of Law Department	7.72	0.21	7.51	0.00	97.28
11		2059-60-053-0013Maintenance and Repairs of Building of Jail Department	5.20	0.20	5.00	0.00	96.15
12		2059-80-800-0001-Horticulture Establishment	14.31	2.04	12.27	0.00	85.74
13		4047-00-051-0105- Establishment of additional resources in Treasury Offices	21.72	0.82	11.94	8.96	54.97
14		4059-00-051-0102-Adhyogik Prashikshan Sansthano ke Bhawano ka Nirman (on the recommendation of Finance Commission)	20.00	0.00	18.95	1.05	94.75
15	6-Election Department	2015-00-108-0001-Expenditure on issue of Photo Identity Cards to Voters	15.10	2.95	11.63	0.52	77.02
16	9-Co-operative Department	4425-00-051-0102-Godown construction under National Farming Development Schemes	82.50	13.10	69.40	0.00	84.12
17	10-Energy Department	2801-80-190-0002-Rajeev Gandhi Rural Electrification Project and Sum Vikas Yojna	95.28	24.12	69.68	1.48	73.13
18		4801-05-800-0101-Rashtriya Sam VikasYojana	876.39	102.37	774.02	0.00	88.32

Sl. No.	Number and name of grants	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total provision	Expend- iture	Amount surren- dered	Savi - ngs	Perc- entage
19	18-Food and	3456-00-102-0102-BPL			uereu		
19	Consumer Protection	Pariwaron ko Rajya ki Adhiprapti Vywastha se khadyan	172.06	72.06	100.00	0.00	58.12
20	Department. 20-Health Department	ki apurti 2210-01-001-0001- Superintendence	22.38	10.21	12.17	0.00	54.38
21	21-Education Department	2202-01-102-0001-Assistance to Non-Government Primary Schools	23.75	11.72	12.03	0.00	50.65
22		2202-01-111-0101-Sarva Siksha Abhiyan	1441.93	662.27	779.66	0.00	54.07
23		2202-02-001-0101-Directorate of Secondary Education	34.00	13.48	20.52	0.00	60.35
24		2202-03-789-0101-Development of State's Universities	30.80	9.80	21.00	0.00	68.18
25		2202-04-200-0102-Adult Education	100.00	2.27	77.90	19.83	77.90
26		2202-80-004-0121-Bihar Rajbhasa Academy	10.00	4.66	5.34	0.00	53.40
27	22-Home Department	2070-00-003-0005-Frequent training to Home Guards	12.00	4.21	7.77	0.02	64.75
28		2235-60-200-0009-J.P. Senani SammanYojana	21.00	9.56	11.44	0.00	54.48
29		4070-00-789-0101-Building Construction-Bihar Fire Brigade Service	12.04	0.24	11.80	0.00	98.01
30	23-Industries Department	2852-80-102-0163-Creation, Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure for Promotion of Business, Commerce and Industry-Bihar Business Development Fund	10.00	4.69	5.31	0.00	53.10
31		2852-80-789-0101-Creation, Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure for Promotion of Business, Commerce and Industry-Bihar Business Development Fund	56.28	0.50	55.78	0.00	99.11
32	25-Information Technology Department	2852-07-202-0101-National E - Governance Project-Common Service Centre	28.79	6.09	22.70	0.00	78.85
33	27-Law Department	2014-00-003-0001-Bihar Judicial Service Training Institute	17.86	3.73	14.13	0.00	79.12
34		2014-00-106-0001-Small causes courts	42.86	1.60	41.26	0.00	96.27
35		2014-00-106-0002- Establishment of ADR centre on recommendation of the Finance Commission	8.15	1.34	6.74	0.07	82.70
36	35-Planning and Development	2053-00-094-0007- Strengthening of Planning Machinery	79.38	10.16	69.04	0.18	86.97
37	Department	2053-00-800-0102- Strengthening of Planning Machinery	13.38	2.89	10.32	0.17	77.13
38		3454-02-204-0620-Bharat Statistical Strengthening Project	80.00	0.01	79.99	0.00	99.99
39		3454-02-205-0101-Intigrated Statistical Development Plan	72.87	3.49	69.38	0.00	95.21
40		4070-00-051-0104-Apki Sarkar Apke Dwar	50.00	13.00	37.00	0.00	74.00

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes	Total	Expend-	Amount	Savi-	Perc-
No.	name of	(head of accounts)	provision	iture	surren-	ngs	entage
	grants				dered		
41		4070-00-051-0107-Chief Minister Area Development Programme	664.59	0.00	604.59	60.00	90.97
42	36-Public Health	2215-01-102-0001-Rural Piped Water Supply Schemes	263.33	95.06	168.27	0.00	63.90
43	Engineering Department	2215-01-102-0105-Kshetra Vistrit Padhati Dwara Swasthay Sudhhikaran	42.90	7.51	35.39	0.00	82.49
44		4215-01-102-0116-Loans from NABARD for Development of Infrastructure for supply of drinking water in rural areas	37.95	11.39	25.68	0.88	67.67
45		4215-01-789-0104-Gramin area me Pay jalapurti ke liye sanrachana ka vikas hetu (NABARD) se loan	14.00	1.10	12.90	0.00	92.14
46		4215-01-789-0106-Water supply in Primary and Middle Schools	10.00	2.74	7.18	0.08	71.80
47		4215-01-789-0108-Anachadit, Anshik Anachadit, Jal Gunwatta Prabhawito ke achadan hetu jalapurti ka nirman	19.50	2.61	16.87	0.02	86.51
48	39-Disaster	2245-01-101-0005-Other work	17.76	0.55	17.08	0.13	96.17
49	Management Department	2245-02-101-0004-Free distribution of Clothes and Utensils to affected persons	10.00	0.37	9.63	0.00	96.30
50		2245-02-101-0006-Grants for	15.00	0.58	14.11	0.31	94.07
51		buildings damaged by fire 2245-02-101-0007-Grants for clothes damaged by fire	10.00	1.44	8.32	0.24	83.20
52		2245-02-106-0001-Repairs and restoration of damaged roads and bridges	28.00	0.32	27.13	0.55	96.89
53		2245-02-112-0002-Evacuation of population	30.00	6.65	23.35	0.00	77.83
54		2245-02-113-0001- Repair/restoration of damaged building caused by flood	20.00	8.14	11.86	0.00	59.30
55	44-Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Welfare Department	2225-02-102-0102-Special Central Assistance for Scheduled Tribes	11.47	3.83	7.64	0.00	66.61
56	45-Sugar Industries Department	2401-00-108-0109-Sugarcane Development	19.82	3.40	16.37	0.05	82.59
57	47-Transport Department	5055-00-051-0101-Construction of District Transport Office	12.51	4.51	8.00	0.00	63.95
58	48-Urban Development and Housing Department	2217-80-789-0104- Development programme for integrated housing and Dirty Basti	120.00	35.11	84.89	0.00	70.74
59	49-Water Resources	4700-03-789-0101-Irrigation Project for Sone Basin (works)	54.74	7.83	41.93	4.98	76.60
60	Department	4700-04-800-0103-Irrigation project for Kiul-Badua- Chandan-Basin (Works) (NABARD Sponsored Project)	16.75	0.13	15.31	1.31	91.40
61		4700-80-800-0101-Rastriya Sam VikasYojana (Additional Central Assistance)	400.00	142.63	252.54	4.83	63.14

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes	Total	Expend-	Amount	Savi -	Perc-
No.	name of	(head of accounts)	provision	iture	surren-	ngs	entage
	grants				dered		
62		4701-03-789-0101-Irrigation Project of Sone Basin	30.67	9.46	17.42	3.79	56.80
63		4701-04-789-0101-Irrigation project of Kiul-Badua-Chandan Basin	34.30	0.00	32.90	1.40	95.92
64		4711-01-789-0103-Renovation of Zamindari Bund	28.41	7.58	18.05	2.78	63.53
65		4711-01-800-0403-Anti erosion work on river except Ganga river (for Koshi river in Nepal area) (100 per cent central assistance)	75.00	26.97	47.81	0.23	63.75
66	50-Minor Water	2702-02-005-0002-Maintenance of Lift Irrigation Schemes	94.54	17.74	75.64	1.16	80.01
67	Resources Department	2702-02-005-0003-Financial aid and share/ Grants-in-aid/ maintenance of surface irrigation schemes	6.00	0.60	5.29	0.11	88.17
68		4702-00-102-0101-Loans from NABARD for completion of incomplete tube well project	70.00	7.12	62.70	0.18	89.57
69		4702-00-789-0101-Minor irrigation project	40.71	13.86	20.40	6.45	50.11
		Total	5838.96	1465.10	4251.53	122.34	

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State 2011-12)

Hundred per cent surrender of funds

(Reference : Paragraph 2.3.6, Page 34)

			(< in crore)
Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of		provision
	grants		surrendered
1	01-Agriculture	2401-00-001-0103-Agriculture marketing	1.00
2	Department	2401-00-001-0111-Maize and Poultry Task Force	0.50
3	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2401-00-001-0112-Development of Ware Housing and Storage	11.25
4		2401-00-109-0412-Incentive and Strengthening of Agriculture	2.00
7		Machanism through Training and Demonstration	2.00
-			100.00
5		2401-00-109-0114-Agri Business Infrastructure Development	100.00
-		Project	1.00
6		2401-00-113-0406-Post Harvest Technology and Management	1.00
7		2401-00-789-0101-Development for Ware Housing and Storage	3.75
8		2401-00-789-0104-Jaivik Kheti Ka Unanyan	1.60
9		2401-00-796-0132- Jaivik Kheti Ka Unanyan	0.10
10		2401-00-796-0140-Seed Production Programme by Bihar State	0.24
		Seed Corporation	
11		2401-00-796-0144-National Project on Product Management	0.16
12		2401-00-800-0105-State Farmer's Commission	0.50
13		2402-00-102-0109-Jal Chhajan Development Programme for	11.00
13			11.00
1.4		Agriculture	4.25
14		2415-01-277-0101-Grants to Rajendra Agriculture University	4.25
15		2415-01-277-0108-Bihar Agriculture University, Sabour,	15.50
		Bhagalpur	13.50
16		2415-01-277-0109-Agriculture College, Shahabad	8.50
17		2415-01-277-0110-Agriculture College, Purnia	8.50
18		2415-01-789-0101-Agriculture University, Purnia	1.50
19		2415-01-789-0103-Bihar Agriculture University, Sabour,	4.50
		Bhagalpur	
20		2415-01-789-0104-Aid for Rajendra Agriculture University	0.75
21		2477.00.106.0402.04	
21		Measures 34/5-00-106-0402-Strengthening for statutory Weights and	2.00
22	02-Animal and	2403-00-101-0107-National Agriculture Development Scheme	9.00
23	Fisheries	2403-00-102-0110-Development scheme for Cattle Farm	1.65
	Resources		
24		2403-00-103-0610-Rural Backward Poultry	6.52
25	Department	2403-00-106-0609-Livestock health and control of diseases	0.05
26		2403-00-107-0106-Scheme of Distribution and purchase for	0.75
		production of Fodder Seed	
27		2403-00-107-0107-National Agriculture Development Plan	20.83
28		2403-00-109-0105-Vetanary Assistant Training School,	0.20
		Dumraon	0.20
29		2403-00-113-0102-Annya Rog Nidan Prayogshalayen	0.20
30		2403-00-113-0104-National Agriculture Development Project	3.00
31		2404-00-001-0101-Regional and District Administration and	0.30
31		Extension	0.30
22			0.60
32		2405-00-101-0603-Fisheries Training and Extension Scheme	0.60
33		2405-00-101-0605-Development of Inland Fisheries Statistics	0.27
34		2405-00-101-0612-Fisheries Development Planning	6.00
35		2405-00-101-0106-Residence, Lavatory, Drinking Water and	7.50
		Other Civic Amenities to Fishermen	
36		2405-00-101-0110-Fisheries Training and Extension Scheme	0.15
37		2405-00-101-0112-Fisheries Marketing Scheme	1.00
38		2405-00-120-0601-Residence and Other Civic Amenities for	7.50
30		Fishermen	7.50
39		2405-00-789-0101-Assistance for Fishermen	4.19
37		2 100 00 /07-0101-/15515tance for 1 isnermen	7.17

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of grants		provision surrendered
40	grants	6405-00-190-0002-Loans to Bihar State Fisheries Department	0.04
		Corporation	
41	03-Building	2059-01-053-0009-Maintenance of Block Building	2.00
42	Construction	2059-01-053-0118-Renovation and Modernisation of Finance	0.61
	Department	Department	0.01
43		4059-00-051-0101-Audhyogik Prashikshan Sansthano Ke Bhawano Ka Nirman/Purannirman/Unnayan	0.47
44		4059-00-051-0103- Construction of Joint Labour Buildings	1.50
45		4059-01-051-0106-Construction/Renovation of Record Cell cum	0.15
		Officer Building for Cabinet	
46		4059-01-051-0109-Building for Agriculture Department	5.86
47		4059-01-051-0111-Utpad Vibhag Ke Bhawan	1.94
48		4059-01-051-0112-Strenthing of Animal Hospital 4059-01-051-0115-Building of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled	0.75 42.80
47		Tribes Welfare Department	42.00
50		4059-60-051-0611-Babu Jagjiwan Ram Hostel Plan	6.31
51		4059-60-051-0108-Virasat Sanrakshan-Vit Ayog	18.00
52		4059-60-051-0109-Suchana Bhawan	0.34
53		4059-60-051-0111-Babu Jagjiwan Ram Hostel Plan	2.15
54		4059-60-789-0103-Virasat Sanrakshan-Vit Ayog	7.00
55		4059-80-004-0001-Preliminiary Work before Construction	0.10
56		4059-80-051-0118-Construction and Renovation for Building of	4.85
57		residential School and Hostel of Backward Classes 4216-80-101-0001-Preliminary work before construction	0.10
58		4216-01-700-0602-Judicial Residence Buildings	1.00
59	04-Cabinet	2013-00-101-0002-Ministers of State	2.40
60	Secretariat	2013-00-108-0003-Tour expenses of State Ministers	0.14
61	Department	2013-00-800-0002-State Ministers	0.49
62	09-Co-operative	2425-00-003-0103-Sahakari Prashikshan Santhano Ke	0.25
	Department	Bhawanon Ke maramati	0.20
63		2425-00-107-0138-Grants-in-aid to State Co-operative	78.89
64		2425-00-108-0114-Grants-in-aid to Co-operative Society for	40.00
(5		Godown Construction	
65		2425-00-800-0628-Co-operative Development Scheme	0.16
66		3451-00-090-0101-Co-operative Department	2.50
67		6425-00-108-0115-Loans to Co-operative Societies for Construction of Godown	50.00
68	10-Energy Department	2810-60-789-0101-Unformal Energy Source	1.68
69	11-Backward	2225-03-277-0108-Hostel for girl students major construction	1.85
70	and Most	works-State Share (50:50)	
70	Backward Welfare Department	2225-03-277-0107-Hostel for students -Major Construction Works (50:50)	1.85
71	12-Finance	2054-00-095-0102-Maintenance of Provident Fund Accounts	1.00
72	Department	7610-00-202-0003-Advance for purchase of Motor Car to Ministers etc.	1.00
73	18-Food and Consumer	3456-00-191-0101-Nigrani and Anushravan hetu Gathit Samiti Ke gair sarkari sadsyon ko baithak and yatra bhatta	0.08
74	Protection Department	3456-00-192-0101- Nigrani and Anishravan hetu Gathit Samiti ke gair sarkari sadsyon ko baithak and yatra bhatta	2.34

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of		provision
	grants		surrendered
75		3456-00-193-0101- Nigrani and Anishravan hetu Gathit Samiti ke gair sarkari sadsyon ko baithak and yatra bhatta	8.53
76		3456-00-198-0101- Nigrani and Anishravan hetu Gathit Samiti	3.67
		ke gair sarkari sadsyon ko baithak and yatra bhatta	
77		3456-00-800-0406-Awarness programme for beneficiary of estimated public distribution system	0.13
78	19-Environment and Forest	2406-02-110-0603-Other Park-Sanjay Gandhi Zoological Park (100 per cent CSS)	0.50
79	Department	2406-02-110-0615-Valmiki Nagar Tiger Project ECO Development (100 per cent CSS)	0.25
80		2406-02-110-0619-Development of wasteland	0.10
81		2406-02-110-0620-Development of sanctuaries	0.20
82		2406-02-110-0120- Development of sanctuaries	0.20
83	20-Health	2211-00-001-0601-Direction	0.08
84	Department	4210-01-051-0104-Construction of Rajkiye Ausdhalaya in	1.62
85	- op	Urban Area 4210-02-051-0104-Construction of building for additional	5.00
		Primary Health Centre	
86		4210-80-800-0104-Land acquisition for Primary Health Centre and Sub-health Centre	1.80
87	21-Education	2202-01-001-0102-Enlightenment and Evaluation of Project	0.10
88	Department	2202-01-001-0108-Establishment of Vigilance Cell	0.50
89		2202-01-789-0101-Equipments	2.00
90		2202-01-789-0105-Upliftment centre to the children of Mahadalit Community	184.00
91		2202-02-001-0106-Co-ordinated handicapped education project	0.70
92		2202-80-004-0112-Jagjivan Ram Parliamentary Studies and Political Research Institute, Patna	5.00
93	22-Home Department	2070-00-003-0004-Training to employees of Fire bridge services	0.05
94		2070-00-108-0604-Agni Awam Akasmik Sewao ke sudridhikaran	6.00
95		2070-00-108-0104-Agni Awam Akasmik sewao ke sudridhikaran	1.50
96	23-Industries Department	6885-01-190-0109-Loans to Bihar State Credit and Investment Corporation Limited	5.00
97	P	6885-01-190-0110-Interest free loan to Bihar State Financial Corporation	5.00
98		6885-01-789-0101-Loans to Bihar State Financial Corporation	5.00
99		6885-01-789-0102-Loans to Bihar State Sakha or Viniyog Nigam	5.00
100		6885-01-800-0101-Other Loans	1.01
101	25-Information	2852-07-202-0110-E-district Plan	1.00
102	Technology Department	2852-07-789-0101-National E -Governance Plan (Common Service Centre)	1.72
103	Department	2852-07-789-0102-State data centre	3.09
103		2852-07-789-0103-E-Governance State Plan	3.77
105		2852-07-789-0104-Advertisement and estuation plan for	0.51
106		information technology 4850 02 780 0101 Bibar State wide area natwork (SWAN)	20.02
106	26-Labour	4859-02-789-0101-Bihar State wide area network (SWAN)	20.93
107	Resources	2230-01-101-0109-Computerisation and modernisation 2230-03-003-0112-Introduction of new industrial training	0.50
108	Department	institute for women	
109		2235-60-789-0101-General Public Insurance Scheme	0.14

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of		provision
	grants		surrendered
110	33-General	2070-00-003-0007-Training to officers of Indian Civil Services	0.10
	Administration		
111	Department 35-Planning	3454-02-204-0120-Bhart Statistical Strengthening Project	4.12
111	and	3454-02-205-0003-Strengthening to State Statistical System-	4.13 7.60
112	Development	Finance Commission	7.00
113	Department	3454-02-205-0602-Local Development Survey	0.14
114	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3454-02-206-0101-Finance Commission-UID Works	73.84
	36-Public	2215-01-198-0001-Grants-in-aid to village panchayats for	
	Health	repairing of Tube Wells	7.20
116	Engineering	2215-02-003-0102-Training-cum-research centre for monitoring	0.50
	Department	and others works of State Water Purifying Mission	
117		4215-01-102-0128-Research Work	0.15
118		4215-01-789-0103-Jal Sanrakshan, Bhu-garbhiyaJal recharge	0.14
		awam water harvesting	
119		4215-01-789-0107-Direction, Administration and Establishment	1.40
120		4215-01-789-0109-Ardha Shahri, Shahri Kshetro me jalapurtiki	0.28
101		bayawasttha	0.20
121		4215-01-789-0110-20000 Abadi tak ke gram kshetra/up nagari	0.30
122		4215-01-796-0107-Gramin Jalapurti Yojna	0.20
123		4215-01-796-0109-Gramin Kshetro me Pay Jalapurti ke liye	2.50
124		sanrachana ka vikas hetu (NABARD) loan 4215-01-796-0110-Anachadit, Anshik anachadit, Jal Gunwatta	0.30
124		Prabhawito ke Achadan hetu Nalkupo ka Nirman	0.30
125		4215-01-796-0111-Water supply in primary and middle schools	0.70
126		4215-01-796-0112-Direction, Administration and Establishment	0.10
127		4215-02-789-0102-Water supply and sanitation in Urban areas	0.28
128		4215-02-796-0117-Development and modernisation of	
		cremation	0.20
129	38-Registartion,	2039-00-001-0007-Compensation for closure of excise shops	
	Excise and		0.20
	Prohibition		
	Department		
130	39-Disaster	2245-01-101-0001-Cash payment to helpless and handicapped	25.00
101	Management	persons	10.00
131	Department	2245-01-101-0002-Supply of food grains	10.00
132		2245-01-101-0003-Gratuitous relief to draught affected families 2245-01-104-0001-Supply of fodder	0.20 1.00
134		2245-01-105-0001-Suppry of fodder 2245-01-105-0001-Medicine for cattle	0.50
135		2245-01-103-0001-Medicine for Cattle 2245-01-282-0001-Supply of medicine	1.00
136		2245-02-101-0011-Eroson of land for diversion of rivers flow	2.00
137		2245-02-101-0011-Eroson of land for diversion of fivers flow	5.34
107		for starvation affected families under different panchayats	3.51
138		2245-02-101-0013-Cash payment to Rural Development	0.20
		Department for Swarojgar Yojna	
139		2245-02-107-0001-Rapairs and restoration of Government	0.50
		Health and Education Buildings	
140		2245-02-108-0001-Repairs and restoration of Government	0.10
		Residential Buildings	
141		2245-02-114-0002-Grants for annual crops	1.00
142		2245-02-114-0003-Grants for agricultural crops	1.00
143		2245-02-114-0004-Grants for horticulture crops	0.50
144		2245-02-114-0005-Grants for perennial crops	0.50
145		2245-02-115-0001-Assistance to farmer to clean	1.00
		sand/silt/salinity from lands	

Sl.	Number and	Name of Cohomog (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	provision
110.	grants		surrendered
146	g	2245-02-115-0002-Extraction of salinity/sand etc. from fishery	
		area	0.50
147		2245-02-116-0001-Grants to farmers for repair of damaged tube	0.50
		well/pump set etc.	
148		2245-02-117-0001-Exchange of animals effected from flood and	2.05
		drought	
149		2245-02-117-0002-Exchange of milk giving animals	0.15
150		2245-02-119-0001-Assistance to weavers for repairs/restoration	0.15
1.7.1		of traditional weaving instruments	0.17
151		2245-02-119-0002-Assistance for purchase of threads and other	0.15
152		materials 2245-02-119-0003-Assistance to handloom weavers	0.13
153		2245-02-119-0005-Assistance to Tala Parishads/District level	0.13
133		Panchayats	0.10
154		2245-02-197-0001-Grants-in-aid to block level Panchayats/	0.20
151		intermediate level Panchayats	0.20
155		2245-02-282-0004-Supply of supplementary nutrition for	0.44
		Welfare Department	
156		2245-02-800-0007-Expenditure in transporting the relief	0.10
		materials received from Non-Government Institute	
157		2245-02-800-0008-For destructed electricity system	4.91
158		2245-80-001-0103-Modernisation of office of Disaster	1.38
		Management	
159		2245-80-102-0104-State Disasters response course	16.00
160	10.7	2245-80-789-0101-Awarness and Capability development	7.42
161	40-Revenue	2029-00-103-0002-Management of Boundary pillar	0.10
162	and Land Reforms	2029-00-104-0004-Zamindari Abolition Bandh Patra	0.38
	Department		
163	41-Road	5054-03-337-0602-Road connection of Economic Importance	1.00
103	Construction	(Central Portion)	1.00
	Department	(Centur Fortion)	
164	43-Science	4202-02-789-0101-Polytechnic/Engineering & Technology	21.51
	and	College	31.51
165	Technology	2203-00-112-0603-Technical Education Quality Development	3.00
	Department	programme	
166		2203-00-112-0103-Technical Education Quality Development	1.00
		programme	
	44-Scheduled	2225-01-277-0101-Education	2.15
168	Castes,	2225-02-277-0601-Stipend and Scholarship	0.20
169	Scheduled	2225-02-800-0101-Other Welfare Activities	0.20
170	Tribes Welfare Department	4225-01-051-0101-Construction and Renovation of Residential	9.00
171	Department	Schools and Buildings 4225-01-277-0601-Construction of hostel for SC students	4.20
171 172		4225-01-277-0001-Construction of noster for SC students 4225-02-277-0101-Construction and Renovation of Residential	4.30
1/2		Schools and Hostel Buildings	0.50
173	45-Sugar	2852-08-796-0101-Economic Assistance	0.09
1/3	Industries	2002 00 770 0101 Economic rissistance	0.09
	Department		
174	48-Urban	2215-02-789-0102-Ganga Jal Pradushan Niwaran	0.36
175	Development	2215-02-796-0104-Ganga Jal Pradushan Niwaran	0.22
176	and Housing	2217-80-001-0101-Bihar Nagariya Vikas Pariyojna	10.00
177	Department	2217-80-789-0101-Swarna Jayanti Shahri Rojgar Yojna Ke liya	4.30
		Sahayak Anudan	
178		2217-80-789-0103-Jawahar Lal Nehru Rashtriya Shahri Navikrit	120.00
		Mission Yojna	

Sl.	Number and	Name of Schemes (head of accounts)	Total
No.	name of		provision
	grants		surrendered
179		2217-80-800-0122-For Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban	111.73
		Renewal Mission Scheme	
180		2217-80-800-0126-Yojnaon ka anusrawan/mulyankan/	1.00
		parwekshana awam rajya sansadhan kendra	
181		2217-80-800-0133-Minimum Jalwahi Toilet	2.00
182		4217-04-050-0101-Projects of JNNURM	7.00
183	49-Water	4700-01-789-0101-Koshi Basin ki sinchai pariyojnaya	4.00
184	Resources	4701-80-005-0101-Survey and Investigation (Establishment)	0.20
	Department		
185	50-Minor	4702-00-102-0102-Loans from NABARD for completion of	8.65
	Water	new/incomplete medium irrigation schemes	8.03
	Resources		
	Department		
186	51-Social	2235-02-001-0103-E-valuation and monitoring	0.55
187	Welfare	2235-02-101-0109-Workshop for handicapped	0.30
188	Department	2235-02-101-0116-Consession Travelling for Handicapped	0.35
189		2235-02-102-0116-Parwarish	0.50
190		2235-02-103-0105-Women development corporation-	2.50
		Grants-in-aid	2.30
191		2235-02-106-0105-Establishment of school for spestic children	0.50
		Grants-in-aid	
192		4235-02-102-0103-External aided scheme-consolidated Child	157.18
		Development Plan	
		Total	1472.61

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar)

Details of savings of ₹ one crore or more and above 10 *per cent* in each case not surrendered

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.8, Page 35)

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Number and Name of	Savings	Surren-	Savings which	Percent-
No.	Grants/Appropriation	Savings	dered	remained to be	age
110.	Grants/Appropriation		uereu	surrendered	go
1	01 4 1 1 1	27474	226.25		10.24
1	01-Agriculture Department	374.74	336.35	38.39	10.24
2	02-Animal and Fisheries Resources	210.63	185.44	25.19	11.96
	Department				
3	03-Building Construction Department	362.69	309.44	53.25	14.68
4	04-Cabinet Secretariat Department	53.08	8.57	44.51	83.85
5	06-Election Department	24.07	19.71	4.36	18.11
6	11-Backward Classes and Most	15.68	8.46	7.22	46.05
	Backward Classes Welfare Department				
7	12-Finance Department	935.30	16.94	918.36	98.19
8	13-Interest Payment	435.10	0.21	434.89	99.95
9	14-Repayment of Loans	4.12	1.19	2.93	71.12
10	15-Pension	72.11	0.43	71.68	99.40
11	16-Panchayati Raj Department	1160.26	210.00	950.26	81.90
12	19-Environment and Forest Department	11.47	10.04	1.43	12.47
13	20-Health Department	627.10	115.87	511.23	81.52
14	21-Education Department	2301.69	1705.06	596.63	25.92
15	22-Home Department	617.90	157.81	460.09	74.46
16	26-Labour Resources Department	34.52	25.20	9.32	27.00
17	30-Minorities Welfare Department	288.08	1.68	286.40	99.42
18	32-Legislature	13.12	10.97	2.15	16.39
19	37-Rural Works Department	458.76	254.22	204.54	44.59
20	39-Disaster Management Department	473.42	301.73	171.69	36.27
21	40-Revenue and Land Reforms	165.47	129.05	36.42	22.01
	Department				
22	42-Rural Development Department	86.99	56.85	30.14	34.65
23	43-Science and Technology Department	77.89	63.70	14.19	18.22
24	48-Urban Development and Housing	720.46	333.33	387.13	53.73
	Department				
25	49-Water Resources Department	718.22	638.11	80.11	11.15
26	51-Social Welfare Department	833.42	677.37	156.05	18.72
	Total	11076.29	5577.73	5498.56	
(C	vce: Annropriation Accounts of the State 2				

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State 2011-12)

Cases of surrender of funds in excess of ₹ 10 crore and 10 *per cent* of the total provision on 30 and 31 March 2012

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.8, Page 35)

Sl.	Grant	Major Heads	Total Amount Percentage			
No.	No.	Wajor Heads	provision	Surrendered	of total	
110.	110.		provision	Surrendered	provision	
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	
1	1	2401-Crop Husbandry	1115.54	174.30	15.62	
2	1	2402-Soil and Water Conservation	32.13	11.00	34.24	
3	2	2403-Animal Husbandry	309.12	50.69	16.40	
4	_	2405-Fisheries	111.70	14.78	13.23	
5	3	4047-Capital Outlay on Other Fiscal Services	22.99	11.94	51.94	
6	-	4059-Capital Outlay on Public Works	447.86	155.43	34.71	
7	9	2425-Co-operation	186.97	118.89	63.59	
8		4425-Capital Outlay on Co-operation	86.97	69.40	79.80	
9	10	2801-Power	2414.28	255.29	10.57	
10		4801-Capital Outlay on Power Projects	942.39	774.02	82.13	
11	17	2040-Taxes on sales, trade, etc.	82.38	12.34	14.98	
12	22	2070-Other Administrative Services	274.42	52.98	19.31	
13		2235-Social Security and Welfare	46.90	11.44	24.39	
14		4070-Capital Outlay on Other Administrative				
		Services	68.25	11.80	17.29	
15	23	2852-Industries	421.59	121.43	28.80	
16	24	2220-Information and Publicity	64.45	11.12	17.25	
17	25	2852-Industries	94.75	22.70	23.96	
18		4859-Capital Outlay on Telecommunication		7 5 40	40	
10	27	and Electronic Industries	101.81 561.31	56.48	55.48	
19	27	2014-Administration of Justice		116.38	20.73	
20	28	2014-Administration of Justice	86.96 295.26	14.02	16.12 27.58	
22	35	2053-District Administration	111.76	81.42	71.01	
	- 33	2053-District Administration		79.36		
23	_	3454-Census Surveys and Statistics 4070-Capital Outlay on Other Administrative	275.85	92.86	33.66	
24		Services	770.36	641.58	83.28	
25	_	4515-Capital Outlay on Other Rural	770.50	0.11.00	03.20	
		Development Programme	210.00	70.00	33.33	
26	36	2215-Water Supply and Sanitation	523.26	240.94	46.05	
27		4215-Capital Outlay on Water Supply and				
		Sanitation	443.32	85.55	19.30	
28	37	3054-Roads and Bridges	350.00	65.06	18.59	
29		4515-Capital Outlay on Other Development	1101.06	150.00	12.50	
30	38	Programme	1191.86 68.39	150.00	12.59 41.15	
31	39	2039-State Excise		28.14	16.93	
32	40	2245-Relief on account of Natural Calamities	1101.83 175.97	186.55	44.89	
33	41	3454-Census Survey and Statistics 3054-Roads and Bridges	648.60	79.00	11.87	
34	42	2501-Special Programme for Rural	040.00	76.98	11.67	
34	+2	Development	116.50	20.87	17.91	
35	43	4202-Capital Outlay on Education, Sports, Art	110.00	20.07	17.71	
		and Culture	84.39	31.51	37.34	
36	44	2225-Welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled	1045.03	134.37	12.86	
		Tribes and Other Backward Classes				
37	45	2401-Crop Husbandry	36.82	12.62	34.27	

SI. No.	Grant No.	Major Heads	Total provision	Amount Surrendered	Percentage of total provision
38	48	2217-Urban Development	1266.90	271.46	21.43
39	49	4700-Capital Outlay on Major Irrigation	953.51	309.78	32.49
40		4701-Capital Outlay on Medium Irrigation	127.37	63.28	49.68
41	50	2702-Minor Irrigation	574.79	357.16	62.14
42	51	2236-Nutrition	1131.88	309.91	27.38
43		4235-Capital Outlay on Social Security and	157.18	157.18	100.00
		Welfare			
		Total	19133.60	5612.01	

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State 2011-12)

Rush of Expenditure in the month of March 2012

(Reference: Paragraph 2.3.9, Page 35)

(₹in crore)

Sl. No.	Major Head	Total expenditure during 2011-12	Total expenditure in the Month of March 2012	Percentage of total expenditure
1	2217	572.33	445.06	77.76
2	2235	2303.74	1164.33	50.54
3	2501	71.78	52.93	73.75
4	2700	599.92	339.90	56.66
5	2701	107.21	54.44	50.77
6	2810	10.51	7.70	73.27
7	3054	785.83	397.98	50.64
8	3452	11.06	7.04	63.63
9	3454	109.16	80.31	73.57
10	3604	3.17	3.17	100
11	4055	279.86	145.35	51.94
12	4058	1.09	0.70	63.69
13	4059	193.14	118.03	61.11
14	4070	97.11	56.89	58.58
15	4202	56.40	36.09	63.98
16	4210	321.05	238.03	74.14
17	4225	3.50	2.90	82.73
18	4406	0.60	0.57	93.77
19	4515	1088.79	586.66	53.88
20	4701	59.87	39.46	65.90
21	4702	149.96	82.60	55.08
22	4801	102.37	100.00	97.69
23	4851	2.99	2.99	100
24	4859	45.34	38.59	85.13
25	5053	2.58	2.58	100
26	5055	4.51	4.51	100
27	5465	1.00	1.00	100
28	5475	9.83	9.83	100
29	6408	400.00	400.00	100
30	7810	1.40	1.40	100
	Total	7396.10	4421.04	

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State 2011-12)

Details of amounts exceeding ₹ 10 crore (in each case) which remained unreconciled during 2011-2012

(Reference: Paragraph 2.4, Page 36)

			(₹in crore)
Sl. No.	Major Heads	Booked	Amount not
1	2011 P. 1' (G) (HI ' T ') I '1	Expenditure	reconciled
1	2011-Parliament/State/Union Territory Legislature	92.25	15.67
2	2014-Administration of Justice	509.51	253.69
3	2015-Elections	101.49	76.37
4	2029-Land Revenue	374.06	373.51
5	2039-State Excise	41.24	36.57
6	2040-Taxes on sales, trade etc.	65.14	41.90
7	2041-Taxes on Motor Vehicles	22.31	19.24
8	2048-Appropriation for reduction or avoidance of debt	236.43	236.43
9	2049-Interest Payments	4303.66	4300.89
10	2051-Public Service Commission	30.11	16.34
11	2052-Secretariate-General Services	133.62	41.91
12	2053-District Administration	274.31	253.78
13	2054-Treasury and Accounts Administration	54.73	53.61
14	2055-Police	2966.85	2582.23
15	2059-Public Works	235.51	225.24
16	2070-Other Administrative services	266.65	76.60
17	2071-Pensions and Other Retirement Benefits	7808.45	7808.45
18	2202-General Education	10053.27	9865.61
19	2203-Technical Education	55.23	55.23
20	2204-Sports and Youth Services	27.15	25.87
21	2205-Art and Culture	21.63	19.17
22	2210-Medical and Public Health	1503.78	1446.21
23	2211-Family Welfare	299.74	296.64
24	2215-Water Supply and Sanitation	344.71	338.88
25	2216-Residence	796.29	750.92
26	2217-Urban Development	572.33	572.33
27	2220-Information and Publicity	56.39	34.27
28	2225-Welfare of SC,ST and Other Backward Classes	1059.63	798.95
29	2230-Labour and Employment	87.76	59.95
30	2235-Social Security and Welfare	2303.74	1137.72
31	2236-Nutritions	737.81	704.56
32	2245-Relief on account of Natural Calamities	547.44	533.79
33	2250-Other Social Services	223.56	223.51
34	2251-Secretariat-Social Services	38.31	26.78
35	2401-Crop Husbandry	1306.91	277.98
36	2403-Animal Husbandry	185.85	185.85
37	2405-Fisheries	39.09	15.76
38	2406-Forestry and wild life	115.90	115.90
39	2415-Agricultural Research and Education	142.71	138.60
40	2425-Co-operation	61.21	17.02
41	2501-Special Programme for Rural Development	71.78	70.59
42	2505-Rural Employment	354.56	354.51
43	2515-Other Rural Development Programme	2488.26	2471.46
44	2700-Major Irrigation	599.92	346.04
-11	2700 Major migation	377.72	370.04

Sl. No.	Major Heads	Booked	Amount not
		Expenditure	reconciled
45	2701-Medium Irrigation	107.21	70.81
46	2702-Minor Irrigation	285.25	115.67
47	2705-Command Area Development	89.86	89.86
48	2711-Flood Control and Drainage	229.10	102.90
49	2801-Power	2157.51	1750.00
50	2852-Industries	317.60	241.55
51	3054-Road and Bridges	785.83	767.41
52	3451-Secretariate-Economic Services	82.23	44.98
53	3454-Census Surveys and Statistics	109.16	102.66
54	3456-Civil Supplies	368.05	362.25
55	4047-Capital outlay on Other Fiscal Services	36.85	36.85
56	4055-Capital outlay on Police	279.86	279.86
57	4059-Capital outlay on Public Works	193.14	193.14
58	4070- Capital outlay on Other Administrative Services	97.11	90.25
59	4202- Capital outlay on Education, Sports, Art and	56.40	56.40
39	Culture		
60	4210-Capital outlay on Medical and Public Health	321.05	321.05
61	4215-Capital outlay on Water Supply and Sanitation	305.40	305.40
62	4216-Capital outlay on Housing	26.56	26.56
63	4235-Capital outlay on Social Security and Welfare	82.44	82.44
64	4250-Capital outlay on Other Social Services	11.80	11.80
65	4408-Capital outlay on Food Storage and Warehousing	100.00	100.00
66	4515-Capital outlay on Other Rural Development	1088.79	1087.54
	Programme		
67	4700-Capital outlay on Major Irrigation	617.61	535.79
68	4701-Capital outlay on Medium Irrigation	59.87	57.16
69	4702-Capital outlay on Minor Irrigation	149.96	149.96
70	4711-Capital outlay on Flood Control Projects	1136.52	1135.18
71	4801-Capital outlay on Power Projects	102.37	102.37
72	4859-Capital outlay on Telecommunication and	45.34	45.34
	Electronic Industries		
73	5054-Capital outlay on Roads and Bridges	4056.42	4056.42
	Total	54910.57	49618.13

(Source: Appropriation Accounts of the State 2011-12)

Advance drawals of Funds and remained in Bank Accounts up to 31.03.2012

(Reference: Paragraph 2.5, Page 37)

Revenue Expenditure

				11010	nue Expend					(Kinc	
SI No.	Head	Account No.	Bank	Based on records of	Sanction no.	DDO	Purpose	Depar- tment	Amo- unt	Bill No.	TV No.
1	P220202 1090107	30634 69229 to 32005 33197	CBI, Boring road, Patna to SBI Patna Sectt., SB	BMSP	39 / 19.10.11	US (SE)	one secondary school within a radius of five kilometers, making teacher student ratio to 1:40	HRD	58.220	1494/ 11-12	382/ 22.0 2.12
2	2202	32264 472032	SBI		Allotment 290/06.02.12		Bihar Shatabadi Mukhya		1.280	1495/ 11-12	NA
3	2202	32264 472032	SBI		Allotment 291/06.02.12		Mukhya Mantri Balika Poshak Yojana		0.700	1496/ 11-12	NA
4	2202	39400010 1131861	PNB		Allotment 359/ 16.03.12		Model School		44.767	1516/ 11-12	NA
5	2202	39400010 1131861	PNB		Allotment 360/ 16.03.12				55.233	1517/ 11-12	NA
6	P220202 7890103	30634 69229	CBI, Boring road, Patna		39 /19.10.11		one secondary school within a radius of five kilometers, making teacher student ratio to 1:40 (SCP)		46.780	1493/ 11-12	377/ 22.0 2.12
7	N220202 1100007	50029509 570	Allahabad Bank, BIC, Patna of BSEB (Sec.)	BSEB (Second- ary)	103 /23.03.12		Vita Rahit Sec./Higher Sec. School Programme		85.760	1524/ 11-12	704/ 28.0 3.12
8	C220202 1090607	15120100 0005527	IOB of BMSP	BMSP	432 /28.03.12		Central share for construction of girls hostel		41.760	1528/ 11-12	574/ 29.0 3.12
9	P240100 1100104	0100 203311	Co-operative Bank, Patna Sectt (CB)	Co-oper- ative	274 /13.09.11	US	Compensation for insured crops of farmers	Co-oper- ative	170.935	215/ 11-12	21/ 21.1 0.11
10	P240100 1100104	10020 3311	СВ		19 /25.01.12					342/ 11-12	05/ 27.0 2.12
11	P240100 1100101	10020 3311	СВ		274 /13.09.11		Premium & other expenditure for State Crop Insurance Fund		3.950	NA	NA
12	P240100 7890110	10020 3311	СВ		274 /13.09.11		Compensation for insured		15.570	NA	NA
13	P240100 7890109	10020 3311	СВ		274 /13.09.11		crops of farmers (SC)			NA	NA
14	2055	PL a/c 84480012 00007 of BPBCL	Patna Secreteriat treasury, Sinchai Bhawan (PSB)	IG Provision	11-12	DIG (Pr)	Construction of residential police building, security lines, thanas & police academy	Home	2.000	1/11-12 (01.02 .12)	NA

15	2055		PSB		11-12		Construction		1.090	4/11 -	NA
							of residential police			12 (14.02	
							building,			.12)	
							security lines,			.12)	
							thanas &				
							police				
							academy				
16		31620	SBI,	Plan.&	3800 /	JD, P&D	Repair &	P&D	327.820	341/	45/
	2020105	128302	Sectt.	Dev.&	14.11.11		Renovation of			11-12	20.0
			Branch,	BAPEPS			infrastructure				3.12
			Patna				effected by calamity				
							-				
17	P221705		Bank of	BUDA	47 /29.02.12	OSD	Bihar	UD&H	64.000	358/	06/
	8000101		BUIDCO				Strengthening			11-12	15.0
							Urban Management				3.12
		Total 1					Wianagement		919.865		
		10001		C	apital Exp	enditura			2271003		
18	P4202012	9100100	AXIS	BSEIDC	45/	US (SE)	Construction of	HRD	2.180	NA	NA
1 0	020103	2585315	of	BOLIDC	03.11.11	OD (BL)	Govt. &	III	2.100	INA	INA
	120100		BSEIDC				Nationalised				
							Secondary School	ols			
19	P4202012	24500100	IOB of		66/		Infrastructure in		7.850	NA	NA
	020103	00 70001	BSEIDC		20.12.11,		upgraded				
					97/		secondary School	ls			
	D. C.	0.4500	V		16.03.12		B !!!		L		
20		24500100	IOB of		96 /		Building		1.400	NA	NA
	020103	0 070001	BSEIDC		16.03.12		Construction of	d.			
							Bapu Smarak Gir high School,	18			
							Kadamkuan				
							Ladamkam				
21	P4202012	24500100	IOB of	1	40/		Construction of		2.000	NA	NA
	020103	0070001	BSEIDC		19.10.11		Building of			1171	1171
							Simultalla				
							residential School	ol			
	D4010011	771	YOYOY	D) (G) G	7.00(10)/	Q 1	D) (C) (YY 1.1	4.000	10261	0.57
22		Flexi	ICICI,	BMSIC	769(10)/	Supdtt.	PMCH repairs &		4.000	1036/	05/
	100105	Fixed	Patna of BSMIC		18.11.11	PMCH	machinary (State			11-12	03.0 3.12
			BSIVILC				plan)				3.12
23		311304	Principal	Treasury	80(1) B/	Principal,	SKMC repairs &		1.700	187/	10/
	050106	71517		Voucher	01.12.11	SKMC	machinary (State			11-12	30.0
						Muzaf-	plan)				3.12
2.4	D4210011	E1. :	ICICI	DMCIC	96(1)D/	farpur	CVMCII	0_	4.000	270/	01/
24		Flexi	ICICI, of	BMSIC	86(1)B/	Supdtt.,	SKMCH repairs		4.000	370/	01/
	100106	Fixed	BMSIC		12.12.11	SKMCH Muzaf-	machinary (State plan)			11-12	24.0 2.12
						farpur	piaii)				2.12
25	P4210017	Not made	UBI of	1	950(10)/	US	Construction of		19.029	NA	NA
	890102	available	BMSIC		25.01.12	0.5	Buildings For		17.027	1171	1171
							Hospitals				
26		Not made	UBI of		600(10)/		Construction of		5.318	NA	NA
	890102	available	BMSIC		29.11.11		Buildings For				
							Hospitals				
27		Not made	CBI of		950(10)/		Construction of		22.313	NA	NA
	890102	available	BMSIC		25.01.12		Buildings For				
28	P4210010	Not made	UBI of		600(10)/		Hospitals Construction of		7.440	TAT A	NT A
28	510103	available	BMSIC		29.11.11		office and		7.440	NA	NA
	310103	available	DIVISIC		29.11.11		residential				
							buildings of				
							District Medical				
							Officers				
29	P4210010	Not made	UBI of	1	599(10)/		Construction of		1.770	NA	NA
	510103	available	BMSIC		29.11.11		office and				
							residential				
							buildings of				
							District Medical Officers				

r	30	P4210017	625901	ICICI of		85(1)B/		Machine and		29.350	NT A	NT A
	30	890101	142497	BMSIC		09.12.11		Equipment		29.330	NA	NA
								specially for SC				
f	31	P4210037	625901	ICICI		84(1)B /		Machine and		10.080	NA	NA
		890101	142497	BMSIC		09.12.11		Equipment specially for SC				
ŀ	32	P4210010	Not made	UBI of		950(10)/		Construction of		3.140	NA	NA
		510101	available	BMSIC		25.01.12		building for Sub Divisional				
								Hospitals.				
	33	P4210031 050108		Kept in	Vardh -	49/	Principal	Construction of Vardhwan		50.000	37/ 11-12	01/ 23.0
		050108		BRPNN	wan Medical	23.03.12	Vardhwan Ayurvig-	Ayurvigyan			11-12	3.12
					College		yan Sansthan,	Sansthan				
					and BRPNN		Pawapuri					
f	34	4055	PL a/c	Patna	IG	11-12	DÍG	Construction of	Home	12.050	1/11-12	NA
			84480012 00007 of	Secreteriat treasury,	Provision		Provision	residential police building, security			(23.03. 12)	
			BPBCL	Sinchai				lines, thanas &			ĺ	
				Bhawan (PSB)				police academy				
ŀ	35	4055		PSB		11-12	DIG			0.571	2/11-12	NA
							Provision				(27.03. 12)	
											12)	
	36	4055		PSB		11-12				53.659	3/	NA
											11-12 (01.02	
		10.55									.12)	
	37	4055		PSB		11-12				70.000	1/11-12 (24.01.	NA
											12)	
	38	4055		PSB		11-12				8.000	2/11-12 (02.02.	NA
											12)	
	39	4055		PSB		11-12				25.500	1/11-12	NA
											(01.02.12)	
	40	4055		PSB		11-12				6.375	1/11-12 (01.02.12)	NA
-	41	P4515001		Kept in	Treasury	185/	EE,	Modernisation of	RWD	100.000	165/	52/
		030103		BRRDA Patna	Voucher	06.01.12	RWD, Patna	Road			11-12	13.0 1.12
				account			Fauid					1.12
ŀ	42	P4408021	30595	SBI,	Food &	104/	US	Construction of		100.000	210/	01/
		010101	872561	Sectt. Branch,	Consumer Protection	06.01.12 &31/		Godowns	& CP		11-12	30.1 2.11
				Patna	(CP) Deptt.	01.12.11			Ci			2.11
ļ			Total 2							E 47 725		
ŀ		Grand Tota	Total 2							547.725 1467.59		
L				s Dibor Mod	hyomile Shi	lcho Dorichod	2 1100	lenotes Human Resou	raas Dar			200

Notes: 1. BMSP denotes Bihar Madhyamik Shiksha Parishad, 2. HRD denotes Human Resources Department, 3. US denotes Under Secretary, 4. SE denotes Secondary Education, 5. DIG (Pr) denotes Deputy Inspector General of Police (Provision), 6. IG denotes Inspector General of Police, 7. JD, P&D denotes Joint Director, Planning and Development Department, 8. OSD denotes Officer on Special Duty, 9. UD&H denotes Urban Development and Housing Department, 10. BAPEPS denotes Bihar Aapda Punarawas Evam Punarnirman Society, 11. BUIDCO denotes Bihar Urban Infrastructure Corporation Ltd, 12. BUDA denotes Bihar Urban Development Authority, 13. PMCH denotes Patna Medical College Hospital, Patna 14.BSEIDC denotes Bihar Education Infrastructure Development Corporation, 15. BSMIC denotes Bihar Medical Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited, 16. SKMC denotes Sri Krishna Medical College, Muzaffarpur 17. SKMCH denotes Sri Krishna Medical College Hospital, Muzaffarpur, 18. BSEB denotes Bihar School Examination Board, 19. RWD denotes Rural Works Department, 20. BRRDA denotes Bihar Rural Roads Development Authority, 21. BIC denotes Bihar Intermediate Council.

(Source: Records/information of offices mentioned in Column 5 & Audit memos issued)

Appendix Details of withdrawals from Contingency Fund for routine expenditure

(Reference: Paragraph 2.6, Page 38)

Sl. No.	Major	Name of	Purpose	Amount	
	Head	Department/Major Head			
1	2011	State Assembly	Expenses for repairs and purchase of	0.85	
			vehicles (three times)		
2			Payment for Medical Bills	0.05	
3			TA/DA payment to Bihar Vidhan		
			Parishad Member		
4	2012	Governor	Governor Secretariat	0.10	
5	2013	Council of Ministers	Arrangement of Iftar Party	0.05	
6			Office decoration	0.20	
7	2014	Administration of Justice	Purchase of new vehicles (three times)	3.01	
8			Purchase of AIR CD in Judicial Officer's Laptop	0.72	
9			Decoration of drawing rooms (three times)	3.14	
10			Payment of Salary, Special Services	0.54	
11			Payment of Medical Bills	0.34	
12			Expenses on publication	0.21	
13			Expenses on Akhil Bhartiya Sammelan	0.33	
			Workshops, Seminar		
14	2015	Elections	Safety and Timely Inspection of EVM	0.70	
15			Purchase of New Vehicle	0.08	
16	2029	Land Revenue	For organizing fair in different parts of the State	0.95	
17			BPS Adhikar Niyam 2011 ke	0.50	
			Karyanwayan		
18			Payment on Court Order	0.11	
19			Implementation on Patna High Court Order	0.38	
20	2030	Stamps and Registration	Expenses on hiring Motor Vehicles	0.53	
21			Implementation of RTS	1.61	
22	2040	Taxes on sales, trade, etc.	Office Expenditure	0.22	
23	2049	Interest Payments	Payment for Interest	0.25	
24	2052	Secretariat-General	Purchase of Vehicles (nine times)	1.44	
25		Services	Payment for Grants-in-aid	0.25	
26			Monitoring and Co-ordination in	0.95	
			working in banking at district level		
27			ACP payment	0.20	
28			Payment of salary and arrears (two times)	0.10	
29			Honorarium payment in computer	0.06	
			operators and court fee payment		
30	2053	District Administration	Expenses on Medical Reimbursement	0.07	
31	2054	Treasury and Accounts	Payment of Salary arrears	0.95	
32		Administration	HSDL quarterly payment	0.90	
33	2055	Police	Honorarium payment to instructor	0.68	
34			Sports organization for Police personnel	0.50	
35			Payment of salary and arrears (two times)	48.89	
36	2056	Jails	Purchase of Jeep and Ambulance	0.85	
37	2070	Other Administrative	Payment of Pay and Allowances and	0.29	
		Services	Other Expenditure		

Sl. No.	Major	Name of	Purpose	Amount
	Head	Department/Major Head	•	
38			Payment for motor vehicle	10.00
39			Election of fisheries co-operative society	0.15
40			Salary of Bhagalpur communal riot Investigation	0.29
41			Koshi Dam period of Judicial Inquiry	0.30
42			Revamping of Police Protection	3.53
43	2202	General Education	Workshop and International Seminar	0.10
44			Purchase of Motor Vehicle	0.05
45			Payment for salary	0.90
46			Organisation of seminar at Khankah	0.20
			Muazzam-Bihar Sharif	
47			Expenditure on Departmental Court Cases	0.05
48	2205	Art and Culture	Preservation of records	0.31
49	2200	The und Curent	Consultant fee payment for making of	0.50
			international level museum	
50	2210	Medical and Public Health	Payment for pay and allowances and	0.98
51	-		office expenses Modernisation of Paigndra Nagar Eva	1.32
31			Modernisation of Rajendra Nagar Eye Hospital, Patna	1.32
52	2216	Housing	Transfer of restricted amount to balance	0.44
53	2225	Welfare of Scheduled	Prime Minister Adarsh Gram Yojna	12.73
		Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes		
54	2230	Labour and Employment House building for Biri Labour		0.26
55			Payment for salary and others (three times)	1.18
56	2235	Social Security and	Execution of MahilaVikas Nigam	20.00
	2255	Welfare	Programme (two times)	20.00
57			Sector wide approach to strengthening health (two times)	20.00
58	2251	Secretariat Social Services	· /	1.51
38	2231	Secretariat Social Services	Purchase, Repairs and Maintenance for vehicle (12 times)	1.31
59			Sanction of Upbandh	0.17
60			Labour payment and Bhojsala	1.03
			establishment, purchase of equipment	
			(two times)	
61			Departmental office expenditure	0.07
62			Honorarium payment of newly appointed computer operator and special services	0.15
63	2401	Crop Husbandry	Payment for Grants-in-aid	10.00
64	2.31	2.2p 11000undij	For providing diesel to farmers	50.00
65			Samekit Serial VikasYojna Ke liye	0.34
66	2405	Fisheries	GPF contribution	0.26
67	2406	Forestry and Wild Life	Arrangement of Motor Vehicle, Elephant for security personal of Balmiki Tiger Project	0.39
68	2801	Power	Payment of pending electricity bills to NTPC	130.00
69	2851	Village and Small Industries	Hathkargha Consolidated Development Yojna	0.70
70	2852	Industries	Payment for Medical Reimbursement (two times)	0.13
71			Expenses on establishment of	0.41
7.2			computerisation	0.11

Sl. No.	Major	Name of	Purpose	Amount
5111101	Head	Department/Major Head	Turpose	11mount
72	2853	Non-ferrous Mining and	Purchase of vehicles (two times)	0.21
73		Metallurgical Industries	Office Expenses	0.05
74	3451	Secretariat-Economic	Purchase of vehicles (Seventeen times)	2.87
75		Services Expenses on State pollution control and training on climate change		0.27
76			Payment for Computer Operator (two times)	0.72
77	3452	Tourism Payment for salary of TSF		0.53
78	3454	Census surveys and Statistics	Inspection of local level	0.14
79	3456	Civil supplies	Rice festival, 2011	0.15
80	4047	Capital outlay on Other	Land reforms for investigation post	0.21
81		Fiscal Services	Building construction for Commercial Tax Department	0.75
82	4055	Capital outlay on Police	Naxal/Terrorist affected area	9.67
83	4059	Capital outlay on Public Works		
84			Rajendra Mandap in Rajbhawan Premises	0.90
85			Construction of Buildings (two times)	6.00
86	4215	Capital outlay on water supply and sanitation	Construction of lavatory for BPL and APL families (three times)	50.00
87			Lok Swasthya Abhiyantran Vibhag Sudhrikaran and Vistar Hetu	2.46
88	6408	Loans for Food Storage and Warehousing	Procurement of rice	400.00
89	6425	Loans for Co-operation	Purchase of rice from farmers (two times)	400.00
90	6801	Loans for Power Projects	Acquisition of loanee land Adhigarhan and Other Works	10.00
91	6860	Loans for Consumer Industries	Rent payment for Nigam headquarters	0.22
		Total		1225.53

Budget Estimates of Building Construction Department

(Reference: Paragraph 2.7.1, Page 38)

	(₹ in crore)									
SI. No.	Name of Department	Original	Supplementary	Total	Expenditure	Savings	Percentage of savings in respect of Total Provision			
		Re	lating to Other Sei	rvice Dep	artment		11011011			
	Revenue Voted									
1	Animal & Fisheries Resources	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00			
2	Agriculture	2.25	0.00	2.25	0.21	2.04	91			
3	Education	1.50	0.00	1.50	1.02	0.48	32			
4	Law	7.72	0.00	7.72	0.21	7.51	97			
5	Finance	0.61	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.61	100			
6	Panchayti Raj	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100			
	Total - (A)	14.11	0.00 Capital V	14.11	1.47	12.64				
1	Commercial	0.51	0.75	1.26	1.12	0.14	11			
1	Taxes	0.51	0.73	1.20	1.12	0.14	11			
2	Finance	9.39	14.33	23.72	0.94	22.78	96			
3	Labour	23.38	0.00	23.38	0.00	23.38	100			
4	General Administration	40.14	0.00	40.14	27.57	12.57	31			
5	Animal & Fisheries Resources	46.92	0.00	46.92	10.76	36.16	77			
6	Cabinet Secretariat	0.00	1.05	1.05	0.90	0.15	14			
7	Agriculture	5.86	0.00	5.86	0.00	5.86	100			
8	Art, Culture & youth	14.00	51.96	65.96	35.35	30.61	46			
9	Law	51.89	10.00	61.89	58.93	2.96	5			
10	Information	0.34	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.34	100			
11	Science & Technology	54.33	0.00	54.33	22.27	32.06	59			
12	Registration, Excise and Prohibition	3.88	1.00	4.88	0.29	4.59	94			
13	Co-operative	0.00	4.30	4.30	0.58	3.72	87			
14	SC &ST Welfare	25.00	51.26	76.26	0.00	76.26	100			
15	Panchayati Raj	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	100			
16	BC & EBC Welfare	0.00	4.85	4.85	0.00	4.85	100			
	Total -(B)	275.64	144.50	420.14	158.71	261.43				
	Total –(A+B)	289.75	144.50	434.25	160.18	274.07				
	Department's own						21			
	Revenue Capital	262.06 83.26	14.96 5.00	277.02 88.26	219.23 57.44	57.79 30.82	35			
	Total - (C)	345.32	19.96	365.28	276.67	88.61	33			
	Total - (A+B+C)	635.07	164.46	799.53	436.85	362.68				

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, Government of Bihar)

Details of fund surrendered on 31.03.2012

(Reference: Paragraph 2.7.2, Page 40)

(<in cro<="" th=""></in>					
Sl.	Head of account	Amount			
No.		surrendered			
D	epartment's own				
1	2052-secretariat-General services 00-090-secretariat 0020 - Building construction	0.09			
2	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0008 Maintenance of Rural Health Centre/Sub-center	0.86			
3	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 103-Furnishings 0001-Furnishings of Secretariat Buildings	0.26			
4	2059-public works 60-other buildings 103-furnishings 0001- Embellishment materials for the buildings of State Legislature	0.19			
5	2059-Public works 80-General 001-Direction and Administration 0001 -Direction	0.17			
6	2059-Public works 80-General 001-Direction and Administration 0004 -Execution	7.59			
7	2059-Public works 80-General 001-Direction and Administration 0011 -Horticulture (Estt.)	0.32			
8	2059-Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0001 -other Administrative services	1.73			
9	2059-Public works 80-General 052-Machinery and Equipment 0001-New supply and repairs	0.15			
10	2059-Public works 80-General 053-Maintenance and repairs 0001 -Maintenance and repairs	12.55			
11	2059-Public works 80-General 053-Maintenance and repairs 0002 -work charged establishment	1.00			
12	2059-Public works 80-General 053-Maintenance and repairs 0004-Electric works	0.75			
13	2059-Public works 80-General 053-Maintenance and repairs 0006 - corporation and municipal tax	0.02			
14	2059-Public works 80-General 103-furnishings 0004-furnishings of inspection buildings	0.13			
15	2059-Public works 80-General 103- furnishings 0005-furnishing of Governor House	0.09			
16	2216-Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 053- Repair and maintenance 0004-Repairing of furniture's and paneling in Chief Minister's Residence No. 1 Macdolan Road, Patna.	0.15			
17	2216-Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 800- other expenditure 0012- Furnitures for Residence of MLA State Ministers, Ministers and other VIP.s	1.29			
18	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0101- Buildings	19.06			
19	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0104 - Samaharnalaya Awam Anya Karyalay Bhawano ka Nirman Samany Prashasan Vikas	0.75			
20	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0106 - Construction /Renovation of Record cell cum office building for cabinet secretariat	0.15			
21	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0111- Utpadan Vibhag ke Bhawan	1.94			
22	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-Construction 0104 - Construction of circuit house	3.42			
23	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 004-Investigation/investigation Development 0001-Preliminiary work before construction	0.10			
24	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0001-other Administrative services	0.60			
25	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0002-Minor works	3.64			
26	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0004-Main Construction	0.58			
27	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0110-Judicial Buildings (Building Construction Department)	1.83			

Sl.	Head of account	Amount
No.		surrendered
28	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings700-Other Housing 0001-Other Administrative Services	0.02
29	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01 -Government Residential Buildings 700-Other Housing 0003-Public works	2.99
30	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 700-Other Housing 0004-Modification of residential building	0.01
31	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01 -Government Residential Buildings 700-Other Housing 0101-other housing	0.09
32	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 80-General 101-Buillings 0001-Preliminary work before construction	0.10
	Total (A)	62.62
Relat	ing to Other Service Departments	
33	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0014-Maintenance & Repairs of building of Agriculture Department	2.24
34	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0016-Maintenance & repairs of Education Department	0.48
35	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0017-Maintenance & repairs of Law Department	7.51
36	2059-Public works 01-office buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0118-Renovation and Modernization of Finance Department	0.61
37	2059-Public works 60-other buildings 053-Maintenace and repairs 0013 maintenance & repairing of buildings of jail Department	5.00
38	2059-Public works 60-other buildings 053-Maintenance and repairs 0014 repairing of SC & ST welfare department building	1.44
39	2216-Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 053- Maintenance and Repair 0001-other maintenance expenditure for block buildings	2.64
40	2216-Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 053-Maintenance and Repair	0.80
41	0002-other maintenance expenditure for rural health centers/sub-center buildings. 2216-Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 053-Maintenance and Repair	1.20
42	0003-Residential Building of Registration Department 3053-Civil Aviation 02-Air Ports 102-Aerodromes 0001-Aerodromes	0.01
43	4047-Capital outlay on other Fiscal Services 00-051-Construction 0101- Building	0.10
	construction of commercial taxes	
44	4047-Capital outlay on other Fiscal Services 00-051-Construction 0105- Establishment of Additional Resources in Treasury	11.94
45	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 00-051-Construction 0101-Adhyogik Prashikshan Sansthano ke Bhawano ka Nirman/Purannirman/Unnayan	0.47
46	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 00-051-Construction 0102 - Adhyogik Prashikshan Sansthano Ke Bhawano Ka Nirman (Vit Ayog ki Anushansa Ke Alok Mey)	18.95
47	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 00-051-Construction 0103-Sanyukt Shram Bhawan ka Nirman	1.50
48	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0105 - Construction of building for Animal & Fisheries Department	0.12
49	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0107 - Construction of Finance building	1.88
50	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0109 - Building for Agriculture Department	5.86
51	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0110 - Construction of Registration office	2.42
52	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051 construction 0112 - Strenthing of Animal Hospital	0.75
53	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051-construction 0113 -	3.71
54	Building of co-operative Department 4059-Capital outlay on Public works 01-office building 051- construction 0115- Building of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes welfare department	42.80

Sl.	Head of account	Amount
No.		surrendered
55	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-construction 0101-Construction of secretariat sports stadium	0.72
56	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-construction 0105-Judicial Building	8.20
57	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-construction 0106-Stadium and Sports structure	1.07
58	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-construction 0107-cultural structure	12.50
59	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051 -construction 0108-Virasat Sanrakshan-Vit Ayog	18.00
60	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051 -construction 0109-Suchana Bhawan	0.34
61	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051-construction 0110-National Agriculture Development Scheme (Animal & Fisheries department)	0.05
62	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60 -Other buildings 051 -construction 0111-Babu Jagjiwan Ram Hostel Plan	2.15
63	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other buildings 051 -construction 0611-Babu Jagjiwan Ram Hostel Plan	6.31
64	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other building 789-Special component plan for scheduled castes 0101-Stadium and sports Structure	0.03
65	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other building 789-Special component plan for scheduled castes 0102-Cultural structure	0.96
66	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 60-Other building 789-Special component plan for scheduled castes 0103-Virasat Sanrakshan-Vit Ayog	7.00
67	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0105-Construction of Judicial buildings (for Law Department) (on recommendation of 11 th Finance Commission)	18.67
68	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0109-Construction of hostel for Bihar State Judicial service Training Institute (for Law Department)	0.08
69	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0117-Buildings for Engineering/Technical Colleges and Institutes	25.45
70	4059-Capital outlay on Public works 80-General 051-Construction 0118-Construction and renovation for building of residential school & hostel of backward classes	4.85
71	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 051-Construction 0102-Construction of Residential Buildings for General Administration Department	2.27
72	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 700-Other Housing 0102-Judicial Residence Buildings	0.03
73	4216-Capital outlay on Housing 01-Government Residential Buildings 700-Other Housing 0602-Judicial Residence Buildings	1.00
74	4515-Capital outlay on other Rural Development programmes 00-051-Construction Group 0101-Building of Block	5.00
	Total (B)	227.11
	Total (A+B)	289.73
	(1.2)	

Rush of Expenditure

(Reference : Paragraph 2.7.4, Page 42)

Head	Total	Expenditure		Percentage	
	Expenditure				
		Last Quarter	March'12	Last	March'12
				Quarter	
2052	1.16	0.23	0.23	19.83	19.83
2059	214.52	105.64	81.77	49.24	38.12
2216	4.73	3.99	3.51	84.35	74.21
3053	0.29	0.20	0.19	68.96	65.52
4047	1.94	1.33	1.27	68.55	65.46
4059	187.65	127.96	117.26	68.19	62.49
4216	26.56	24.22	6.39	91.22	24.07
Total	436.85	263.57	210.62	60.34	48.21

Non-reconciliation of departmental expenditure figures

(Reference: Paragraph 2.7.5, Page 42)

Head	Available fund	Figures of expenditure by the department	Figures booked by AG (A&E)	Difference
2059-80-001-0004-Execution	78.17	89.83	84.20	5.63
2059-80-053-0001-Maintenance &	89.26	87.10	85.06	2.04
Repairs				
4059-00-051-0102-Adhyogik-	1.05	1.08	0.00	1.08
Prashikshan Sansthano Ke Bhawan				
Ka Nirman				
2216-01-053-0004-Repairing of	0.29	0.07	0.26	0.19
furniture and paneling in chief				
Minister's residence No.1 Macdolan				
Road, Patna				
4059-01-051-0105-Construction of	32.99	32.99	0.00	32.99
building for Animal & Fisheries				
Department				
4059-60-051-0105-Judicial Building	11.01	2.33	37.23	34.90
4059-80-004-0001-Preliminary work	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03
before construction				
Total	212.77	213.43	206.75	76.86

Details of budget provision, expenditure, savings etc. under Grant No. 16 (Panchayati Raj Department) during 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8, Page 43)

(₹ in crore)

Revenue (voted)									
Head	Original	Supple-	Re-		Total	Surrender	Net	Expend-	Total
		mentary	approp	riation	provision		Provision	iture	Savings
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 (6-7)	9	10 (8-9)
2015	145.48	0.00	+0.37	-2.74	143.11	0.00	143.11	67.20	75.91
2515	2836.30	316.73	+2.25	0.00	3155.28	210.00	2945.28	2110.76	834.52
3451	1.10	0.17	+0.12	0.00	1.39	0.00	1.39	1.25	0.14
Total	2982.88	316.90	+2.74	-2.74	3299.78	210.00	3089.78	2179.21	910.57
				Cap	oital (voted))			
4515	250.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	250.00	0.00	250.00	0.00	250.00
Gross	3232.88	316.90	+2.74	-2.74	3549.78	210.00	3339.78	2179.21	1160.57
Total									

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts and figures furnished by PRD)

Note: 1. Expenditure of ₹210.31 crore shown in Detailed Appropriation Account under head 4515 (4515-00-101-0104-Panchayat Sarkar Bhawan in respect of recommendation of Finance Commission - ₹ 140.38 crore and 4515-00-789-0102-Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission - ₹ 69.93 crore) has been excluded as the same was not sanctioned and allotted by the PRD.

- 2. Re-appropriation of fund of ₹ 2.74 crore made by PRD was not booked in the Detailed Appropriation Account.
- 3. ₹ 210.00 crore was surrendered (10 August 2011) due to execution of scheme (Integrated action plan) by the Planning and Development Department.

Substantial Savings

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.1, Page 43)

Sl.				
No.	Head	Savings	Remarks	Departmental Reply
Rever	nne.			
1	2015-00-109-0002- Election of district boards/ Panchayatsamiti/ Gram Panchayat	75.54	Out of net provision of ₹ 141.45 crore (total provision of ₹ 144.19 crore-Surrender of ₹ 2.74 crore), ₹ 65.91 crore only was spent i.e. 5340 per cent savings	No specific reply
2	2515-00-101-0110-Panchayati Raj Administration and Public Development.	58.72	100 per cent savings	Due to non sanctioning of project
3	2515-00-101-0111-Backward Region Grant Fund Scheme.	494.01	Out of total provision 904.37 crore, ₹ 410.36 crore i.e. 45.38 per cent only was spent	Due to non receiving of fund from central Government
4	2515-00-197-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj institution	23.60		Due to non receiving of fund from central Government
5	2515-00-198-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj institution	114.78		Due to non receiving of fund from central Government
6	2515-00-789-0102-Backward Region Grant Fund Scheme.	48.90		Due to non receiving of fund from central Government
7	2515-00-789-0107-Panchayati Raj Byawastha aur Manav Sansadhan Vikas.	25.17	100 per cent savings	Due to non sanctioning of project
	Total	840.72		
Capit				
1	4515-00-101-0104-Panchayat Sarkar Bhawan in respect of recommendation of Finance Commission.	175.00	100 per cent savings	Due to non sanctioning of project
2	4515-00-789-0102-Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission.	75.00	100 per cent savings	Due to non sanctioning of project
	Total	250.00		
	Grand Total	1090.72		

Surrender of savings reported by PRD

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.3, Page 44)

(₹in crore)

			(₹in crore)
Sl. No.	Head	Surrender letter of PRD	Amount
	Non-Plan		
1	2015-00-101-0001-State election commission (Panchayati Raj)	1819/31.3.12	0.03
2	2015-00-109-0002-Election of District Boards/Panchayat Samiti/Gram Panchayat	1820/31.3.12	72.35
3	2515-00-001-0001-Panchayat Headquarters Establishment	1804/31.3.12	0.44
4	2515-00-001-0003-District Panchayat Establishment	1805/31.3.12	13.84
5	2515-00-003-0001-Training of Panchayat employees (A) Panchayat	1806/31.3.12	0.24
6	2515-00-101-0003-Gram Raksha Dal	1807/31.3.12	0.0001
7	2515-00-196-0002- Grants to District Board for rural Buildings	1808/31.3.12	1.00
8	2515-00-196-0003-Grant- in -aid to Panchayati Raj Institution.	1809/31.3.12	13.41
9	2515-00-196-0005-Assistance for payment of pay and allowance of staff in pursuance of recommendation of state finance commission.	1810/31.3.12	0.0001
10	2515-00-196-0007-Contribution for Zila Parishad in approval of State Finance Commission	1811/31.3.12	0.79
11	2515-00-197-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj Institution	1812/31.3.12	26.81
12	2515-00-197-0004-Contribution to block Panchayats in approval of State Finance Commission	1813/31.3.12	1.58
13	2515-00-198-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj Institution	1814/31.3.12	93.84
14	2515-00-198-0004-Remuneration to clerk-cum-cashier in Gram Panchayat	1815/31.3.12	0.0001
15	2515-00-198-0009-Contribution for Gram panchayats in approval of State Finance Commission	1816/31.3.12	5.97
16	2515-00-198-0010-Gram Kachahari ke vibhinn Madon Hetu	1817/31.3.12	10.73
17	3451-00-090-0028-Department of Panchayati Raj	1818/31.3.12	0.14
	Total		241.17
	Plan		
18	2515-00-001-0101 Panchayat Headquarters Establishment	1803/31.03.12	0.05
19	2515-00-101-0110 Panchayati Raj Administration and Public Development.	1801/31.03.12	58.72
20	2515-00-101-0111 Backward Region Grant Fund Scheme.	1795/31.03.12	494.06
21	2515-00-198-0106 Fixed Allowances for Elected Representatives of Gram Court.	1797/31.03.12	2.71
22	2515-00-789-0102 Backward Region Grant Fund Scheme.	1796/31.03.12	47.93
23	2515-00-789-0104 Gram Kachahari Ke Nirwachit Pratinidhiyo ko Niyat Bhatta Hetu.	1798/31.03.12	0.04
24	2515-00-789-0107 Panchayati Raj Byawastha aur Manav Sansadhan Vikas.	1802/31.03.12	25.17
25	4515-00-101-0104 Panchayat Sarkar Bhawan in respect of recommendation of Finance Commission.	1799/31.03.12	175.00
26	4515-00-789-0102 Panchayat Government Building on the recommendation of Finance Commission.	1800/31.03.12	75.00
	Total		878.68
	Grand Total		1119.85

(Source: Figure furnished by the PRD)

Hundred *per cent* expenditure in the last month (March 2012)

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.4, Page 44)

(₹ in crore)

SI. No.	Head	Total Expenditure during the Year	Expenditure incurred upto February 2012	Expenditure in March 2012
1.	2515-00-196-0007 Contribution for Zila Parishad in approval of State Finance Commission.	45.39	0.00	45.39
2.	2515-00-197-0004 Contribution for Block Panchayats in approval of State Finance Commission.	85.32	0.00	85.32
3.	2515-00-197-0103 Fixed Allowance for elected representative of Panchayat Samiti.	5.25	0.00	5.25
4.	2515-00-198-0009 Contribution for Gram Panchayats in approval of State Finance Commission	449.06	0.00	449.06
5.	2515-00-198-0010 Gram Kachahari Ke Vibhinn Madon Hetu.	32.74	0.00	32.74
6.	2515-00-198-0105 Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Gram Panchayats	40.82	0.00	40.82
7.	2515-00-789-0103 Gram panchayato ke nirvachit pratinidhiyo ko niyat bhatta hetu.	1.02	0.00	1.02
8.	2515-00-789-0104 Gram kachahari ke nirvachit pratinidhiyo ko niyat bhatta hetu.	0.82	0.00	0.82
	Total	660.42	0.00	660.42

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts Government of Bihar)

Non-reconciliation of departmental expenditure figures

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.5, Page 45)

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Head of account	Expenditure as per detailed appropriation	Actual Expenditure as per Departmental	Difference 5= 3-4
1	2	A/c (A&E)	statement 4	-
1	2015-00-101-0001 State election commission	1.29	1.63	-0.34
1	(Panchayati Raj)	1.29	1.03	-0.34
2	2015-00-109-0002 Election of district boards/	65.91	69.10	-3.19
	Panchayat samiti/ Gram Panchayat			
3	2515-00-001-0003 District Panchayat establishment	142.81	147.28	-4.47
4	2515-00-196-0003 Grants-in-aid to Panchayati Raj Institutions	62.15	63.12	-0.97
5	2515-00-196-0007 Contribution for Zila Parishad in	45.39	45.73	-0.34
	approval of State Finance Commission	1.24	1.44	0.10
6	2515-00-196-0106 Fixed Allowance for elected representative of Zila Parishad	1.34	1.44	-0.10
7	2515-00-197-0004 Contribution for Block Panchayats	85.32	85.37	-0.05
8	in approval of State Finance Commission 2515-00-198-0001 Assistance to Panchayati Raj	594.55	616.82	-22.27
0	institution	394.33	010.82	-22.21
9	2515-00-198-0010 Gram Kachahari Ke Vibhinn Madon Hetu.	32.74	34.97	-2.23
10	2515-00-198-0105 Fixed Allowance for elected	40.82	41.44	-0.62
10	representatives of Gram Panchayats .	10.02	11.11	0.02
11	2515-00-198-0106 Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Gram Court.	30.52	38.73	-8.21
12	2515-00-789-0102 Backward Region Grant Fund	69.53	70.50	-0.97
1.0	Scheme	0.02	0.00	0.16
13	2515-00-789-0104 Gram kachahari ke nirvachit pratinidhiyo ko niyat bhatta hetu	0.82	0.98	-0.16
14	2515-00-789-0105-Panchayat Samiti ke nirvachit	0.30	0.32	-0.02
	pratinidhiyo ko niyat bhatta hetu			
15	3451-00-090-0028-Department of Panchayati Raj	1.25	1.26	-0.01
1.6	Total	1174.74	1218.69	-43.95
16	2515-00-001-0001-Panchayat headquarters establishment	3.28	2.99	+0.29
17	2515-00-001-0101-Panchayat headquarters	0.03	0.00	+0.03
	establishment			
18	2515-00-003-0001-Traning of Panchayat Employees	1.98	1.94	+0.04
19	(A) Panchayat 2515-00-101-0111-Backward Region Grant Fund	410.36	410.31	+0.05
1)	Scheme Region Grant Fund	710.30	710.51	.0.03
20	2515-00-197-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj Institution	133.47	130.64	+2.83
21	4515-00-101-0104-Panchayat Sarkar Bhawan in respect	140.38	0.00	+140.38
22	of recommendation of Finance Commission. 4515-00-789-0102-Panchayat Government Building on	69.93	0.00	+69.93
22	the recommendation of Finance Commission.	09.93	0.00	109.93
	Total (1) Minus (1) sign shows short axhibition of axpenditure is	759.43	545.88	+213.55

Note: (1) Minus (-) sign shows short exhibition of expenditure in detail appropriation accounts against departmental expenditure figure (₹ 43.95 crore in 15 cases)

(Source: Detailed Appropriation Accounts, information furnished by the department & Audit memos issued)

⁽²⁾ Plus (+) sign shows excess exhibition of expenditure in detailed appropriation accounts against departmental expenditures figures (₹ 213.55crore in 7 cases)

Details of re-appropriation made by PRD but not exhibited in the Detailed Appropriation Accounts

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.5, Page 45)

(₹in crore)

Sl.No	Head	Amount	Reference to
			letter no.
1	2015-00-101-0001-State Election Commission	0.31	7894/30.11.11
	(Panchayati Raj)		
2	2015-00-101-0001 State Election Commission	0.06	1569/21.03.12
	(Panchayati Raj)		
3	3451-00-090-0028-Department of Panchayati Raj	0.12	880/14.02.12
4	2515-00-001-0001-Panchayat Headquarters Establishment	0.15	5489/09.08.11
5	2515-00-001-0003-District Panchayat Establishment	0.10	9972/09.12.11
6	2515-00-001-0003- District Panchayat Establishment	0.10	1568/21.03.12
7	2515-00-198-0001-Assistance to Panchayati Raj	1.33	1567/21.03.12
	Institutions		
8	2515-00-197-0001- Assistance to Panchayati Raj	0.38	1566/21.03.12
	Institutions		
9	2515-00-196-0003-Grants-in-aid to Panchayati Raj	0.19	1565/21.03.12
	Institutions		
	Total	2.74	

(Source: Figure furnished by the PRD)

^{*} Amount was re-appropriated from only one head i.e. 2015-00-109-0002: Election of District Board/PanchyatSamiti/Gram Panchyat.

Appendix 2.25 Statement showing the amount withdrawn during the last month (March 2012) and remained unspent as on 31 March 2012

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Head	Amount	Balance
No.	IIcau	withdrawn	
INO.		during	lying in account
		March	account
		2012	
1	2	3	4
1.	2515001960003(Grant in Aid to Panchayati Raj Institution) (Zila	7.32	7.32
1.	Parishad)		
2.	2515001970001(Assistance to Panchayati Raj institution) (Panchayat Samiti)	14.83	14.83
3.	2515001980001 (Assistance to Panchayati Raj institution) (Gram	51.72	51.72
4	Panchayat)	0.24	0.24
4.	2515001960106(Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Zila Parishad)	0.34	0.34
5.	2515007890106 (Zila Parishad ke nirwachit pratinidhiyo koNiyat Bhatta	0.05	0.05
-	hetu) (S.C)	1.21	1.01
6.	2515001970103 (Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of	1.21	1.21
7	Panchayat Samiti)	0.07	0.05
7.	2515007890105 (Panchayt samiti ke Nirwachit pratinidhiiyo ko Niyat	0.05	0.05
8.	Bhatta hetu) (S.C) 2515001980105 (Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Gram	10.46	10.46
٥.	Panchayat)	10.40	10.40
9.	2515007890103(Gram Panchayato ke Nirwachit pratinidhiiyo ke Niyat	0.16	0.16
	Bhatta Hetu)(S.C)		
10.	2515001960007(Contribution for Zila Parishad in approval of State	26.34	26.34
	Finance Commission)		
11.	2515001970004 (Contribution for Block Panchayats in approval of State	21.18	21.18
	Finance Commission)		
12.	2515001980009 (Contribution for Gram Panchayats in approval of State	96.26	96.26
	Finance Commission)		
13.	2515001010111 (Backward Region Grant fund Scheme)	3.68	3.68
14.	2515001980106 (Fixed Allowance for elected representatives of Gram	5.19	5.19
	Court)		
15.	2515001980010 (Gram Kachahari ke vibihinn Madon hetu)	9.46	9.46
16.	2515007890104(Gram Kachahari ke Nirwachit pratinidhiiyo ko Niyat	0.08	0.08
	Bhatta hetu) (S.C)		
	Total	248.33	248.33
(Care	rce: Information furnished by the DDOs)		

(Source: Information furnished by the DDOs)

Statement showing the position of amount drawn in March 2012 and remained unutilised

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.6, Page 45)

(₹in lakh)

					(< in lakn)			
Sl. No.	Name of unit	Particular of fund	Amount	Date of credit	Name of bank	Account No.	Balance	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	
1	Zila Parishad, Patna	13 th FC	1128.14	31.03.12	Canara bank, South Ghandhi Maidan,Patna	0352101 040099	1238.83	
2		Fixed Allowance		17.04.12	Bank of India Boring Road, Patna	44211011 0001900	394.19	
3		4 th SFC	2215.09	29.03.12	I.D.B.I, Frazer Road, Patna	01401040 00077835	2215.82	
4		Gram Kachari	168.84	18.04.12	Central Bank of India, Birla Mandir Road, Patna	31753 06404	178.44	
5	DPRO Patna	Training	41.09	17.04.12	I.D.B.I. Frazer Road, Patna	01401040 00077826	41.09	
6	Zila Parishad Darbhanga	Fixed Allowance	360.47	N.A	Treasury, Darbhanga	844800 1090001	432.85	
7		4 th SFC	331.98	N.A	Union Bank , Darbhanga	5879020 10003029	331.98	
8		4 th SFC	1723.46	30.03.12	U.B.G.B, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga	1004901 030000704	1723.46	
9		13 th FC	1141.84	N.A	P.N.B, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga	21000 10234	1141.84	
10	D.P.R.O, Darbhanga	Gram Kachari and B.R.G.F	192.36	04.04.12	Central Bank of India, Laheriasarai	31734 92775	192.36	
11	Zila Parishad, Samastipur	Allowance 13 th F.C & 4 th S. F.C	4123.26	27.03.12	Treasury, Samastipur	844800 1090001	4607.76	
12	DPRO, Samastipur	Training Gram Kachah- ari,	366.53	30.03.12	S.B.I, court campus, Samastipur	3017321 2437	530.86	
		BRGF	48.31	31.03.12				
13	Zila Parishad, Muzaffarpur	Allowan ce and 4 th F.C	2835.57	28.03.12	Treasury, Muzaffarpur	84480010 90001	2967.82	
14		13 th FC	135.45	N.A	S.B.I, Chandwara	3059349 5855	155.80	
15			1224.53	29.03.12	P.N.B.Pankaj Market , Muzaffarpur	30480001 00137461	2271.07	
16	D.P.R.O, Muzaffarpur	Gram Kachahari	171.54	31.03.12	S.B.I,Redcross, Muzaffarpur	1087580 7832	182.41	

(₹in lakh)

-		(\lin takii)					
Sl. No.	Name of unit	Particular of fund	Amount	Date of credit	Name of bank	Account No.	Balance
17	Zila Parishad, Madhubani	Fixed Allowance	221.66	28.03.12	U.B.G.B, Madhubani	10085610 30002807	221.66
18		4 th SFC	614.79	27.03.12	P.N.B, Madhubani	251500010 1209945	614.79
19			2122.41	27.03.12	U.B.G.B, Madhubani	1003211030 002876	2122.41
20			137.39	27.03.12	C.B.I, Madhubani	308657 4134	144.29
21			1268.09	28.03.12	U.B.G.B, Bhowara	10032610 30004054	1268.09
22	DPRO, Madhubani	Gram Kachahari fixed allowance	331.63	29.03.12	S.B.I,Madhubani	1130243 5916	382.72
		BRGF	51.09	31.03.12			
23	Zila Parishad, Vaishali	Fixed Allowance	167.93	27.03.12	I.D.B.I,Hajipur	07241040 00035121	167.93
24		4 th SFC	1542.60	27.03.12	I.D.B.I,Hajipur	07241040 00035477	1543.45
25			300.50	N.A	Union Bank, Hajipur	501820102 58838	300.50
26			123.68	27.03.12	I.D.B.I,Hajipur	07241040 00035510	123.74
27			38.17	28.03.12	S.B.I, Hajipur	11041 925438	39.54
28		13 th FC	1019.66 6.56	28.03.12 17.03.12	Axis Bank, Hajipur	9120100028 55908	1098.31
29	D.P.R.O, Vaishali	Gram Kachhari,	283.76	30.03.12	C.B.I, Hajipur	239722 3464	283.77
	Total		24832.57				26917.78
		E. C					

Notes: 1. FC denotes Finance Commission.

2. SFC denotes State Finance Commission.

3. NA denotes Not Available.

(Source: Records/Information furnished by DDOs).

Statement showing the amount withdrawal and expenditure under ThFC recommendation during 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 2.8.6, Page 45)

Grants-in-aid to Zila Parishad (2515001960003)

(₹ in lakh)

Sl	Name of	O.B. as on	Total drawal	Intt. From	Total	Expenditure	Balance
.No.	Zila	01.04.11	during F.Y.	savings A/c		during 11 -12	
	Parishad		11-12				
1	2	3	4	5	6=3+4+5	7	8=6-7
1	Patna	17.84	231.62	3.19	252.65	57.62	195.03
2	Darbhanga	9.47	253.05	0.00	262.52	0.00	262.52
3	Samastipur	1.66	278.66	0.00	280.32	0.00	280.32
4	Muzaffarp ur	31.37	288.05	6.38	325.80	170.00	155.80
Total (A)		60.34	1051.38	9.57	1121.29	227.62	893.67

Assistance to Panchayat Samiti (2515001970001)

Sl. No.	Name of Zila Parishad	O.B. as on 01.04.11	Total drawal during F.Y.11 -12	Interest From savings A/c	Total	Expenditure during 11-12	Balance
1	2	3	4	5	6=3+4+5	7	8=6-7
1	Patna	42.82	473.67	1.96	518.45	48.02	470.43
2	Darbhanga	41.39	515.00	0.00	556.39	95.80	460.59
3	Samastipur	52.00	566.97	0.00	618.97	58.05	560.92
4	Muzaffarpur	63.28	608.70	0.00	671.98	96.39	575.59
	Total (B)	199.49	2164.34	1.96	2365.79	298.26	2067.53

Assistance to Gram Panchayat (2515001980001)

SI. No.	Name of Zila Parishad	O.B. as on 01.04.11	Total drawal during F.Y.11 -12	Interest From savings A/c	Total	Expenditure during 11-12	Balance
1	2	3	4	5	6=3+4+5	7	8=6-7
1	Patna	495.30	2406.80	24.66	2926.76	510.66	2416.10
2	Darbhanga	711.00	2389.77	0.00	3100.77	902.52	2198.24
3	Samastipur	708.92	2792.73	0.00	3501.65	310.47	3191.19
4	Muzaffarpur	970.26	2827.00	0.00	3797.26	829.41	2967.85
	Total (C)	2885.48	10416.30	24.66	13326.44	2553.06	10773.38
	Grant total (A+B+C)	3145.31	13632.02	36.19	16813.52	3078.94	13734.58

(Source: Information furnished by concerned Zila Parishads)

Appendix 3.1 Drawal of funds on AC bills but retained with executing agencies with executing agencies (Reference: Paragraph 3.2.6.4, Page 55)

Sl. No.	Purpose	AC bill No.	Amount	Name of DDO	Remained in the accounts of	Position on
1	Construction of 09 Sub Divisional Hospitals.	26/09-10 (200/08-09)	20.38	US, Health	BMSIC	August 2012
2	Upgradation of Primary Health Centre (PHC) into Community Health Centre (CHC)	384/10-11	131.331	US, Health	BMSIC	August 2012
3	Construction of 100 Additional PHCs	326/10-11	19.93	US, Health	BMSIC	August 2012
		Total 1	171.64			
4	Construction of Jan Naik Karpoori Thakur Backward Class Hostel		29.51	US, BC & EBC department	BRPNNL	₹ 16.01 crore remained with BRPNNLas on August 2012
5	Construction of Jan Naik Karpoori Thakur Backward Class Hostel	ı	10.74	US, BC & EBC department	BSBCFDC	October 2012
		Total 2	40.25			
6	Consultancy and design of hatchery		2.12	Animal and Fisheries Resources Department	Central Institute of Fisheries Education (CIFE)	July 2012
7	Purchase of Vehicles	154/10-11	0.71	Principal Chief forest conservator	State Forest Development Agency	April 2011
		Total 1+2+S1. 6+7	214.72			

¹ Only ₹ 65.67 crore was drawn vide bill no. 384/10-11 (TV no. PBB- P7 dated 31.03.11) for construction of Primary Health Centre. However, State Health Society transferred this amount twice to Bihar Medical Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited, Patna.

Funds drawn on AC bills lying unspent in Remittances Head

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.6.6, Page 57)

								(VIII CI OI C)
Sl. No.	Purpose	AC bill No.	Amount	Name of DDO	Date of transfer	Amount Unutilised	Position on	Remarks
1	Construction of SC Hostel building Bhabhua	49/09-10	0.32	Director, SC&ST	05.10.09	0.32	July 12	Not received in Division
2	Construction of SC Hostel building Bhabhua	176/09-10	1.65	Director, SC&ST	18.02.2010	1.65	July 12	Due to non- availability of land
3	Construction of SC Hostel building Bettiah	129/09-10	0.96	Director, SC&ST	10.11.09	0.96	July 12	-
4	Construction of SC Hostel building Bettiah	122/10-11	1.00	Director, SC&ST	21.03.11	1.00	July 12	-
5	Construction of girls residential high school, Bhagalpur	2008-09	3.35	US BC & EBC department	2008-09	3.35	July 12	Due to non- availability of land
		Total	7.28			7.28		

Results of test check of detailed contingent bills

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.7.1, Page 58)

					(₹ in crore)
Sl.			Amount of	Amount of	Date of	
No.	Purpose	Period	AC bills	DC bills	Submission	Balance
110.			71C bills	submitted	of DC bill	
1	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2006-07	201.00	0		-
2	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2007-08	268.00	0		-
3	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2008-09	160.83	0		-
4	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2008-09	107.17	0		-
5	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2009-10	88.42	0		-
6	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2009-10	179.58	0		-
7	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2010-11	66.00	833.26	19.07.2010	-
8	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2010-11	68.00	130.52	03.09.2010	-
9	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2010-11	134.00	106.75	15.01.2011	-
10	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2011-12	88.44	167.09	30.07.2011	-
11	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2011-12	85.76	132.79	19.09.2011	-
12	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	2011-12	93.80	0		_
		Total 1	1541.00	1370.41		170.59
13	Mid Day Meal	2004-05	31.52	20.53	-	10.99
14	Mid Day Meal	2005-06	71.21	70.09		1.12
15	Mid Day Meal	2005-06	49.09	31.67		17.42
16	Mid Day Meal	2005-06	126.08	85.33		40.75
17	Mid Day Meal	2005-06	10.00	4.61		5.39
18	Mid Day Meal	2005-06	20.59	4.38		16.21
19	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	161.77	69.18		92.59
20	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	76.89	73.36		3.53
21	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	52.49	42.29		10.20
22	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	123.38	106.86		16.52
23	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	4.62	2.31		2.31
24	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	96.30	96.30		0.00
25	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	2.56	2.56		0.00
26	Mid Day Meal	2006-07	8.39	6.00		2.39
27	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	194.00	178.96		15.04
28	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	208.53	208.53		0.00
29	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	74.65	42.84		31.81
30	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	48.32	29.03		19.29
31	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	8.52	3.15		5.37
32		2007-08	8.26	5.13		3.13
33	Mid Day Meal	2007-08	90.35			
34	Mid Day Meal Mid Day Meal	2007-08	90.33	23.78 7.69		66.57
35		2007-08	13.51	3.44		1.80 10.07
36	Mid Day Meal Mid Day Meal	2007-08	16.17	16.17		0.00
37	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	1.08	0		
38	Mid Day Meal Mid Day Meal	2008-09	51.85	51.85		1.08 0.00
39			89.49	89.49		
40	Mid Day Meal Mid Day Meal	2008-09		89.49		0.00
		2008-09	1.68			1.68
41	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	40.94	37.28 72.64		3.66
42	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	72.64	72.64		0.00
43	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	58.51	58.51		0.00
44	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	4.43	3.25		1.18
45	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	5.20	5.20		0.00
46	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	10.10	4.15		5.95
47	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	4.43	3.82		0.61
48	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	186.47	113.91		72.56
49	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	2.39	0.49		1.90
50	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	4.16	0.23		3.93
51	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	1.43	0.60		0.83
52	Mid Day Meal	2008-09	2.28	2.28		0.00
53	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	108.84	108.84		0.00
54	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	128.31	128.31		0.00
55	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	5.35	5.35		0.00

						(iii crore)
Sl. No.	Purpose	Period	Amount of AC bills	Amount of DC bills submitted	Date of Submission of DC bill	Balance
56	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	2.76	2.76		0.00
57	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	1.66	1.66		0.00
58	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	16.11	16.11		0.00
59	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	9.43	9.43		0.00
60	Mid Day Meal	2009-10	27.66	5.32		22.34
61	Mid Day Meal	2010-11	184.27	45.00		139.27
62	Mid Day Meal	2010-11	51.85	0.13		51.72
63	District Treasury	2010-11	102.04	18.59		83.45
64	Transport	2010-11	10.00	0.00		10.00
		Total 2	2692.05	1919.39		772.66
65	IG (Provision)	2009-12	700.10	4.99	-	695.11
66	Upgradation of Primary Health Centres into Community Health Centre	2008-09	118.00	118.00 ²	25.05.2012	
67	Construction of Health Sub Centre	2008-09	30.91	30.91 ³	25.05.2012	
68	Construction of sub divisional Hospital	2008-09	20.38	20.384	25.05.2012	
		Total 3	169.29	169.29		0.00
		Total 1+2+3+Sl 65	5102.44	3464.08		1638.36

² whole amount of ₹118 crore remained in the bank accounts of State Health Society, Bihar As on 31 March 2012.

³ whole amount of ₹30.91 crore remained in the bank accounts of State Health Society, Bihar As on 31 March 2012.

⁴ whole amount of ₹20.38 crore remained in the bank accounts of Bihar Medical Services & Infrastructure corporation Ltd. as on 31 March 2012.

Refund of Funds drawn on AC bills without utilization

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.8, Page 58)

						(1117)	crore)
Sl.No	Purpose	Period of drawal	Amount of drawal	Name of DDO	When refunded	Amount	Delay in refunds
1	Mukhyamantri Zila VikashYojana	2005-10	30.00	Deputy Development Commissioner (DDC), East Champaran	June 2012	4.92	3 to 7 years
2	Mukhyamantri Zila VikashYojana	2005-09	30.00	DDC,Buxar	July 2012	2.36	3 to 7 years
3	Mid day Meal	2004-11	2692.05	NA	June 2011	462.78	2 months to 6 years
4	Construction	2007-08	199.20	Civil Surgeon	March 2012	100.00	4 years
5	Integrated Child Development Scheme	2003-10	52.68	Accounts Officer ICDS	July 2012	10.60	2 to 8 years
		Total 1	3003.93			580.66	
6	Construction of Block Offices	2007-09	5.11	DDC, Patna	August 2011	5.11	2 to 4 years
7	State Illness Assistance Fund	2009-10	10.00	Under Secretary, Health department	September 2010	10.00	5 months
8	Construction of building for residential school.	2011-12	35.00	Under Secretary SC/ST W elfare Department	July 2012	35.00	3 months
9	Education	2006-07	1.00	Under Secretary, Education Department	March 2010	1.00	3 years
		Total 2	51.11			51.11	
		Grand Total 1+2	3055.04			631.77	

Funds drawn on AC bills and parked outside Government Accounts

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.9, Page 59)

Sl.No	Purpose	Amounts drawn	Period of drawal	Name of Department	Amounts parked	Amount Parked with
1	Construction of health infrastructure	171.64 ⁵	2009-11	Health and Family Welfare	171.64	Bihar Medical Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited
2	Construction of Jan Naik Karpoori Thakur Backward Class Hostel	29.51	2008-12	Backward Classes and Extremely	16.01	Bihar Rajya Pul Nirman Nigam Limited
3	Construction of Jan Naik Karpoori Thakur Backward Class Hostel	10.74	2010-11	Backward Classes Welfare	10.74	Bihar State Backward Classes
4	Chief Minister Merit Scholarship	108.94	2009-12		17.32	Finance Development Corporation
	Total 1	320.83			215.71	
5	Construction of E-Kisan Bhawan	2.86	2010-11	District Agriculture Officer Madhepura	1.52	District Agriculture Officer Madhepura
6	Construction of E - Kisan Bhawan	2.44	2010-11	District Agriculture Officer Buxar	0.22	District Agriculture Officer Buxar
7	Mukhyamantri Setu Nirman Yojana	250.70	2006-12	District	48.88	District Programme Offices
				Programme Offices	5.05	Implementing authorities/agencies
	Total 2	256.00			55.67	
	Total 1+2	576.83		Total	271.38	

⁵ Only ₹ 65.67 crore was drawn vide bill no. 384/10-11 (TV no. PBB- P7 dated 31.03.11) for construction of Primary Health Centre. However, State Health Society transferred this amount twice to Bihar Medical Services and Infrastructure Corporation Limited, Patna.

Drawal of funds on GIA but retained with executing agencies

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.10.3, Page 60)

Sl. No.	Purpose	GIA bill	Amount	Name	Remained	Position
		No.		of DDO	in the	on
					accounts of	
1	Construction of 09 SDHs	345/10-11	26.45	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
				Health		
2	Upgradation of PHC into CHC	137/09-10	60.67	US, Health	BMSIC	08/2012
3	Construction of 14 SDHs and Nurses residences	376/11-12	19.03	US, Health	BMSIC	08/2012
4	Construction of 14 SDHs and	375/11-12	3.14	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	Nurses residences		0.12.	Health		
5	Construction of 14 SDHs and	110658315	0.22	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	Nurses residences	dt.21.03.12		Health		
6	Construction of 14 SDHs and	373/11-12	12.00	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
7	Nurses residences Construction of 14 SDHs and	377/11-12	3.72	Health US,	BMSIC	08/2012
/	Nurses residences	3///11-12	3.72	Health	DIVISIC	08/2012
8	Construction of 14 SDHs and	378/11-12	2.62	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	Nurses residences			Health		
9	Construction of building of	371/11-12	22.31	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	District Programme Manager			Health		
10	(DPM)in 25 districts. Construction of building of DPM	339/11-12	7.44	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
10	in 25 districts.	339/11-12	7.44	Health	DIVISIC	06/2012
11	Construction of 15 district	369/11-12	5.32	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	Medicine Store			Health		
12	Construction of 15 district	370/11-12	1.77	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
	Medicine Store			Health		
13	Rennovation of Referal Hospital	110441950	0.09	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
1.4	Katoria	dt.07.02.12	0.20	Health	DMCIC	00/2012
14	Referal hospital, Jale, Darbhanga	110576645 dt.21.03.12	0.29	US, Health	BMSIC	08/2012
15	Sadar Hospital, Khagaria	110656408	0.23	US,	BMSIC	08/2012
13	Sadar 1105pitar, Knagaria	dt. 21.03.12	0.23	Health	DIVISIC	00/2012
		Total	165.30			

Drawal of funds on GIA but retained with executing agencies

(Reference: Paragraph 3.2.10.3, Page 60)

(₹in crore)

No	of which office checked	of GIA received		submitted for the amount	checked	
1	BUDA, UD& HD and BUIDCO	123.99	2009-10	0	June to August 2012	Initially the amount was drawn by DD, UPED, UD&HD which was transferred to BUDA. BUDA kept ₹ 2.29 crore for DPR, contingency and remaining amount (₹ 121.70 crore) transferred to BUIDCO after 23 months. BUIDCO could spend only ₹ 7.05 crore and unspent amount of ₹ 114.65 crore was lying in its bank account (March 12)
2	Education Department and BSEIDC	158.55	2009-10	0	June to August 2012	BSEIDC could spend only ₹ 0.26 crore and kept ₹ 0.02 crore as centage charges. Balance amount (₹ 158.27 crore) remained unutilised (August 2012)
3	Education Department and BSEIDC Total	41.67 324.21	2010-11	0	June to August 2012	BSEIDC could spend only ₹ 5.67 crore and balance amount of ₹ 36 crore remained unutilised (March 2012)

Notes: 1. BUIDCO denotes Bihar Urban Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd., 2. BUDA denotes Bihar Urban Development Authority, 3. BSEIDC denotes Bihar State Education Infrastructure Development Corporation, 4. UPED denotes Urban Poverty Eradication Directorate, 5. UD&HD denotes Urban Development and Housing Department

Delay in submission of Accounts/Audit Reports of certain authorities or bodies for certification

(Reference: Paragraph 3.3, Page 62)

- 1	S1. No.	Name of Body	Period of entrust- ment	Year upto which accounts were	Date of receipt of accounts	Period upto which Separate Audit	Date of issue of Separate Audit Report	Placement of SAR in the Legislature	Delay in submission of accounts	Remarks
				rendered		Report is issued				
ľ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	1	Bihar State Khadi and Village Industries	2003-04 to 2009-10	2007-08	15-07-09	1989-90 to 1998-99	30 May 2008	No communi cation about placement has been	One year and 15 days	from 2008-09 to 2011-12 is still awaited
		Board, Patna				1999- 2000 to 2001-02	28 April 2009	received		
						2002-03	14 May2010			
	2	Bihar State Housing Board, Patna	2004-05 onwards	2006-07	09-07-09	1994-95 to 1998-99	31 December 2008	No commun- ication about placement has been received	2 years and 9 days	Accounts from 2007-08 to 2011-12 is still awaited
						1999-2000 to 2002-03	20 November 2009			
						2003-04	13 May 2010			
	3	Bihar State Legal Services Authority, Patna	Permanent	2011-12	17-08- 2012	2010-11	30 Nov. 2011	No communic- ation about placement has been received	1 month and 17 days	-
	4	Rajendra Agricul- tural University, Pusa, Samastipur	2010-11	2010-11	30 -03- 2012	2008-09	23 Sept 2011	The SARs of years 1971-72 to 2006-07 have been sent to State Govt. for its placement before Legislature but no communica tion has been received.	8 month and 30 days	-

Statement of cases of Defalcation, Misappropriation, Theft, Fraudulent and Excess Payments during 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 3.4, Page 63)

Sl. No.	Name of Departments	Defalcation, misappropriation loss, theft, fraudulent and excess payment		
		Number Amount		
1	Education	04	1.50	
2	Energy	02	0.05	
3	Panchayati Raj	01	0.21	
4	Registration, Excise and Prohibition	02	0.56	
5	Rural Development	03	0.12	
6	Rural Works	02	0.54	
7	Urban Development and Housing	03	0.60	
	Total	17	3.58	

Details of cases of Defalcation, Misappropriation, Theft, Fraudulent and Excess Payments during 2011-12

(Reference: Paragraph 3.4, Page 63)

(₹ in lakh)

~ .							(in lakh)
SI.	Department/	Brief Description	Period	Nature	IR No./	Para	Amount
No.	Unit		relating		Memo no.	No.	involved
			to		and Year		
1	Panchayati Raj /	Amount collected	2009-10	Defalcation	215/2011-12	19	21.35
	(ZP, Madhubani)	through MRs were not					
		deposited in ZP account					
2	Urban	The Cashier retained	2008-09	Misapprop-	742/2010-11	15	20.07
	Development	amount instead of	to 2009-	riation			
	and Housing	depositing the same in	10				
	(Nagar Parishad,	Municipal fund					
	Jehanabad)	Winnerpur runa					
3	Urban	The Cashier defalcated	2009-10	Defalcation	214/2011-12	16	10.17
3	Development	the amount	2007 10	Detaieution	21 1/2011 12	10	10.17
	and Housing	the amount					
	(Nagar Parishad,						
	Chhapra)						
4	Urban	The Accountant -cum-	2008-09	Defalcation	184/2011-12	13(a)	30.00
4			and 2009-	Defaication	164/2011-12	13(a)	30.00
	Development	cashier not deposited or	and 2009-				
	and Housing	short deposited in	10				
	(Nagar Parishad,	Municipal fund					
_	Gopalganj)	D 01 1 0	2010 11	D 01 1	1/2012 12	2()	41.200
5	Registration,	Defalcation of	2010-11	Defalcation	1/2012-13	2(a)	41.29 ⁶
	Excise and	Government money					
	Prohibition						
	(Supdt.of Excise						
	Muzaffarpur)						
6	Registration,	Defalcation of	2010-11	Defalcation	61/2011-12	3(a)	14.67
	Excise and	Government money					
	Prohibition						
	(Asstt.Commiss-						
	ioner of Excise						
	Patna)						
7	Rural Works	Fraudulent	2010-11	Fraudulent	19/2012-13	1	22.84
	(Rosera	measurement and un-					
	Division)	authorised removal of					
		bricks					
8	Rural Works	Fraudulent	2010-11	Theft	19/2012-13	1	31.09
	(Rosera	measurement and un-					
	Division).	authorised removal of					
		bricks					
9	Energy (BSEB,	short totaling in the	2011-12	Defalcation	97/28.08.12		4.51
	Bhagalpur)	receipt side of Cash					
		Book					

^{6 ₹ 41.29} lakh deposited through Treasury Challan.

(₹ in lakh)

(7 in la							
Sl.	Department/	Brief Description	Period	Nature	IR No./	Para	Amount
No.	Unit		relating		Memo no.	No.	involved
			to		and Year		
10	Energy	Cash Book short	2011-12	Defalcation	97/28.08.12		0.06
	(BSEB,Hazipur)	amount in MR to DCR					
		and the same amount					
		not taken in Cash Book					
11	Education (DSE	Some labourer were	2008-09	Fraudulent	CASS I -		0.06
	Jahanabad)	shown work in same		payment	40 to 42/		
		period at same/different			25.04.12		
12	Education (DSE	places Double payment made	2007	Excess	CASS I -		0.02
12	Samastipur)	to food maker under	2007	double	300 to 302/		0.02
	Sumustiput)	MDM		payment	30.07.2012		
13	Rural	Amount debited from	2008	Suspected	CASS I -		1.00
	Development	bank but not taken in		embezzle	720 to723/		
	/DRDA Motihari	Cash Book		ment	05.10.12		
14	Rural	Amount debited from	2010-11	Suspected	CASS I -		11.05
	Development	bank but not taken in		embezzle-	724 to 727/		
	/DRDA	Cash Book		ment	05.10.12		
	Kishanganj						
15	Rural	Double adjustment	-	Excess	CASS I -		0.19
	Development	shown in bill by same		adjustment	728 to 731/		
	/DRDA	cheque number			05.10.12		
	Darbhanga						
16	Education/ DSE	Adjustment shown by	2010	Excess	CASS I -		39.27
	Gopalgang	AG (A&E) without		adjustment	708 to 713/		
		ascertaining availability			05.10.12		
		of vouchers					
17	Education /DSE	Adjustment shown by	-	Excess	CASS I -		111.09
	Rohtas	AG (A&E) without		adjustment	714 to 719/		
		ascertaining availability			05.10.12		
		of vouchers					
		Tot	al				358.73

Operation of Minor Head 800-'Other Expenditure' having substantial expenditure (₹ 10 crore and above)

(Reference: Paragraph 3.5, Page 64)

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Major head	Nomenclature	Total Expenditure	Expenditure under Minor head 800	Percentage of expenditure under 800
1	2041	Taxes on Vehicle	22.31	15.85	71.04
2	2217	Urban Development	5,72.33	2,47.94	43.32
3	2250	Other Social Services	2,23.56	2,23.38	99.92
4	2401	Crop Husbandry	13,06.91	4,22.29	32.31
5	2405	Fisheries	39.09	19.35	49.50
6	4070	Capital Outlay on other Administrative Services	97.11	50.58	52.09
7	4700	Capital Outlay on Major Irrigation	6,17.61	4,54.60	73.61
8	4801	Capital Outlay on Power Projects	102.37	102.37	100.00
9	4859	Capital Outlay on Telecommunication and Electronic Industries	45.34	45.34	100.00
10	4885	Capital Outlay on Industries and Minerals	17.93	17.93	100.00
11	5452	Capital Outlay on Tourism	23.79	23.94	100.63#
		Total	3068.35	1623.57	

^(#) Includes accounting recoveries to the extent of ₹ 0.15 crore and hence the percentage is more than 100.

(Source: Information received from the office of the AG (A&E), Bihar, Patna)

Operation of Minor Head 800-'Other Receipts' having substantial receipts (₹ 10 crore and above)

(Reference: Paragraph 3.5, Page 64)

Sl. No.	Major head	Nomenclature	Total Receipt	Receipt under Minor head 800	Percentage of receipt under 800
1	0029	Land Revenue	167.49	69.80	41.67
2	0059	Public Works	10.06	10.03	99.70
3	0210	Medical and Public Health	23.91	10.71	44.79
4	0515	Other Rural Development Programmes	29.85	27.19	91.09
5	1054	Roads and Bridges	60.35	60.78	100.71#
	Total		291.66	178.51	

[#] Includes refunds of revenue to the extent of $\overline{\xi}$ 0.43 crore and hence the percentage is more than 100. (Source: Information received from the office of the AG (A&E), Bihar, Patna)

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